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IMPEACHMENT.

Continuation of the Case for the Defence.

Debate Relative to the Introduction of Documentary Evidence.

The Trial to be Brought to a Speedy Termination.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.
WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 15.

The Senate met at the usual hour, the galleries sparsely peopled on account of the lowering weather and the uncertainty whether the trial would proceed or not, on account of the illness of Mr. Stanbery, who was reported on the street as no better. Three-quarters of an hour were spent in an effort to make some further arrangement by which the additional Managers could be heard. Senator Sumner called up his motion of yesterday, permitting such of the Managers as could not speak to print their remarks. Mr. Conness moved as a substitute that each side have four days for their closing argument, to make as many speeches in that time as they saw fit. After some further parley Mr. Drake moved the indefinite postponement of the whole matter, which was agreed to; yeas 32, nays 15. Mr. Ferry then submitted an order that hereafter the Senate meet at 11, and take a recess for half an hour at 2 o'clock. This seemed to meet with favor at first, but when the roll call was completed it showed a tie vote, whereupon Senator Pomeroy, who voted in the affirmative, changed his vote to the negative, thus saving the Chief Justice the embarrassment of again deciding the question of whether he has the right to vote by a practical test of it, and defeating the proposition—yeas, 24; nays, 26.

DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE.

Mr. Evarts then stated that Mr. Stanbery, though not able to be present, was convalescent, and he hoped to be able to resume his position to-morrow; but in order not to delay the progress of the trial, they would proceed so far as they could with the introduction of documentary evidence, and Judge Curtis then assumed the place of Mr. Stanbery as senior counsel for the defence. The first document submitted was the nomination by the President of Thomas Ewing, Senior, to be Secretary of War, sent to the Senate on the 22d of February. The Chief Executive Clerk was sworn to identify the document. They next submitted the message of the President, sent in on the 24th, in which he defends and explains his action in removing Mr. Stanton. To this the Managers entered their usual objection, on the grounds heretofore assumed by them that the submission of such proof was in violation of the law of evidence, because it was the declaration of the President after the fact. The argument lasted nearly an hour, when the Chief Justice decided the message inadmissible on the purely legal ground assumed by Judge Bingham, that declarations after the fact could not be admitted. This decision was unanimously sustained by the Senate. Mr. Curtis then submitted a list from the Attorney-General's Office, showing the tenure of every office under the Government according to the statute, with certain exceptions. They did not submit it as evidence, in the strict sense of the word, but as a brief of facts which they desired to have printed for reference. After some discussion the Senate gave leave to print. Next was offered the removal by the President, John Adams, in 1800, of Timothy Pickering, as Secretary of State, while the Senate was in session, which was admitted. Col. Moore was then called to testify to the fact that he brought the nomination of Thomas Ewing, Senior, as Secretary of War to the Senate on Saturday, the 22d of February, but finding it adjourned, returned it to the President, who directed him to take it back to the Senate on Monday, which he did. The defence then produced a certified copy of the record in the case of the appointment by the President John Tyler of John Nelson, Attorney-General at the time, as Secretary of State *ad interim* on the 29th of February, 1844, *vice* A. P. Upshur, deceased, and the subsequent appointment and confirmation of John C. Calhoun, on the 6th of March following; also, the appointment by President Fillmore, on the 23d of July, 1850, of Gen. Winfield Scott as Secretary of War *ad interim*, while the Senate was in session, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Geo. W. Crawford; and the subsequent nomination and confirmation on the 15th of August following, of Thomas M. Conrad of Louisiana, to the same position; also the appointment by President Buchanan, on the 10th of January, 1861, of Moses Kelly, to be acting Secretary of the Interior, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Jacob Thompson, who fled into the Rebellion, and the subsequent nomination and confirmation by President Lincoln of Caleb B. Smith to that position. Other less important precedents were submitted, duly certified, to show that the appointment of Gen. Thomas Secretary of War *ad interim* was well sustained by previous practice, and, therefore, not a violation of the Act of 1795, as the Managers allege.

At 2:15 the usual recess was ordered.

The answer of the Managers to these citations of precedents is that they are all legal because in conformity with the laws of 1795, 1817 and 1823, but that these laws were repealed by the acts of 1863 and 1867, and that since the repeal they can cite no precedents of this character, and hence the precedents cited are no justification whatever.

The defence next offered in evidence two documents from the Navy Department, exhibiting the practice which has prevailed in that Department in respect to removals from office. As these did not purport to be anything more than mere certificates of the fact of removal, the Managers objected, but, after argument, the Senate admitted it by a large vote. Documents of a like character were then offered from the Department of State and the Post-office Department, and admitted, as showing the practice in regard to removals in those Departments. The next evidence was President Buchanan's message to the Senate relating to the resignation of John B. Floyd on the 29th of December, 1860, and the *ad interim* appointment of Joseph Holt, then Postmaster-General. This message was introduced as a detailed recital of the practice of the Government up to that time in *ad interim* appointments. This was admitted, after an objection by Mr. Butler, who said he was opposed to having the policy of the Government illustrated by the acts of James Buchanan and Jeremiah Black, the latter being Secretary of State at that time. Mr. Curtis then asked for an order upon the Secretary of the Senate to show from the records the dates of the beginning and ending of every session of the Senate since the organization of the Government, the object being to show what removals and appointments came within those limits and what without. This was agreed to. Mr. Curtis then said they had completed their documentary evidence, as far as they were now aware. The Court then adjourned.

The progress made in the trial to-day, although the session was shorter than usual, was very considerable. The defence got in all their documentary evidence, which they supposed, at the first of the week, would require two days. The remainder of the oral testimony will probably be concluded by Saturday. The prosecution will consume one more day with additional testimony, and the final argument will probably begin on Wednesday next. At least five or six days will be required for the argument, and the verdict will come week after next.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

The Court was opened in due form, and the Managers and members of the House were announced and took their places. Messrs. Stevens and Williams were absent at the opening, but appeared shortly afterward. Mr. Stanbery was also absent.

After the journal was read, the Chief Justice stated the question to be on the order of Senator Sumner, submitted yesterday, which was read, as follows:

Ordered, That in answer to the motion of the Managers, under the rule limiting the arguments to two on a side, unless otherwise ordered, such other Managers and counsel as choose may print and file arguments at any time before the argument of the closing Managers.

Senator Edmunds—I move to amend the order so that it will read, "May print and file arguments at any time before the argument of the opening Manager shall be concluded, in order that the counsel for the defence may see it and reply to it."

Senator Sumner—I have no objection to that.

The order as amended was read.

Mr. Evarts—Mr. Chief Justice: May I be allowed to ask a question? The amendment offered and accepted places, I suppose, the proper restrictions upon the arguments to be filed on the part of the Managers.

Several Senators—We cannot hear.

Mr. Evarts, in a louder tone—The restriction proposed to be placed on this liberty by the amendment puts the matter on a proper basis, as I suppose, as regards the printed briefs that may be put in on the part of the Managers; that is, that they shall be filed before we make our reply. On our part it would be proper that we should have the opportunity to file the brief at any time before the closing Manager makes his reply, so that we may have an opportunity of replying in our brief to that of the Managers.

Mr. Bingham—Mr. President, I desire to say that it would seem that if the order is made as it is suggested, that additional arguments made by the counsel in behalf of the President, need not be filed until the close of the arguments made orally to the Senate. The Managers, on behalf of the people, would have no opportunity to see these arguments. I would ask the Senate to consider whether it is right to give the counsel for the President an opportunity to review, and to reply to the arguments of the counsel for the people, before any argument whatever may be filed here on behalf of the President.

Mr. Evarts—Undoubtedly there are inconveniencies in this enlargement of the rule, however applied, but there seems to be a propriety in requiring the Managers to file their arguments before the reply of the counsel for the President. The same rule would be applied to us that by the present amendment would be applied to the Managers of the impeachment; or, they are not required to file theirs except at the very moment that they close their oral argument, and then we are obliged to commence our oral argument.

Mr. Nelson, after making some remarks in an inaudible tone, until admonished by Senators to speak louder, proceeded as follows: In consequence of the imputation made by the Managers, that we desired unnecessarily to consume the time of the Court, those of us who, under this arrangement, had not intended to argue the case, did not intend, either by ourselves or by others, to make any application to the Senate for an enlargement of the rule; but since that application has been made on the part of the Managers, I desire to say to the Senate, that if we are permitted to argue at all, I think it would be more fair to the two counsel, who did not expect to argue the case, to permit us to make an extemporaneous argument before the Senate. We have not made any preparation in view of the written arguments whatever. We suppose that the Managers on the part of the House, who have had this subject before them for a much longer period than we have, are more familiar with it, and are better prepared to make written arguments; so that if this rule be extended we respectfully ask the Senate to allow us to address the Senate in such a mode, either oral or written, as we desire. I do not expect to be able to interest the Senate as much as the learned gentleman to whom the management of the case has hitherto been confided on the part of the President; and I have practiced my profession in the town of his domicile for the last thirty years; and as he has thought proper to ask my services in his behalf and as I fully concur with him in the leading measures of his administration, I desire, if I may be heard at all, to be heard in the manner which I have suggested.

Senator Conness made a motion in writing to strike out all after the word "ordered" and insert the following as a substitute:

"That the twenty-first rule shall be so amended as to allow as many of the Managers and of the counsel for the President to speak on the final argument as shall choose to do so, provided that not more than four days on each side shall be allowed; but the Managers shall make the opening and the closing argument."

Senator Drake asked the yeas and nays, and the substitute was lost by the following vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Cameron, Conness, Cragin, Dixon, Doolittle, Fowler, Harlan, Henderson, Hendricks, McCreery, Patterson of Tennessee, Ramsey, Sherman, Stewart, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Willey, Wilson, Yates—19.

Nays—Messrs. Anthony, Buckalew, Cattell, Chandler, Cole, Conkling, Davis, Drake, Edmunds, Ferry, Frelinghuysen, Howard, Howe, Johnson, Morgan, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Morton, Patterson of New-Hampshire, Pomeroy, Ross, Saulsbury, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Vickers, Williams—27.

The question was stated to be on the order.

Senator Doolittle—Mr. Chief Justice, I prefer oral arguments to printed ones, and I submit the following, notwithstanding that there are but four [cries of "Order, order"] of the counsel for the President and six of the Managers of the House. ["Order, order."] I have sent to the Chair an order which I will ask to have read.

It was read as follows:

"Strike out all after the word 'ordered,' and insert: 'That upon the final argument two Managers of the House open, two of the counsel for the respondent reply, then two of the Managers speak, and they to be followed by the two other counsel for the respondent, and they in turn to be followed by the two other Managers of the House, who shall conclude the argument.'"

Mr. Drake—Mr. President, I move the indefinite postponement of the whole proposition, together with the subject.

Mr. Sumner called for the yeas and nays, and the motion was carried by the following vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Anthony, Buckalew, Chandler, Cole, Conkling, Conness, Corbett, Davis, Dixon, Drake, Edmunds, Ferry, Fessenden, Grimes, Harlan, Henderson, Hendricks, Howard, Howe, Johnson, Morgan, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Morton, Patterson of New-Hampshire, Pomeroy, Ross, Saulsbury, Sherman, Stewart, Thayer, Tipton, Williams, Yates—34.

Nays—Messrs. Cameron, Cattell, Cragin, Doolittle, Fowler, Frelinghuysen, McCreery, Patterson of Tennessee, Ramsey, Sumner, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Vickers, Willey, Wilson—15.

So the subject was indefinitely postponed.

THE TWELFTH RULE.

Senator Ferry offered the following order:

"*Ordered*, That the twelfth rule be so amended as that the hour of the day at which the Senate shall sit upon the trial now pending, shall be, unless otherwise ordered, 11 o'clock forenoon, and that there shall be a recess of 30 minutes each day, commencing at 2 o'clock P. M."

The order was rejected by the following vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Cameron, Cattell, Chandler, Cole, Conkling, Conness, Corbett, Cragin, Drake, Ferry, Frelinghuysen, Harlan, Howard, Howe, Morgan, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Ramsey, Sherman, Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Williams, Wilson—24.

Nays—Messrs. Anthony, Bayard, Buckalew, Davis, Dixon, Doolittle, Edmunds, Fessenden, Fowler, Grimes, Henderson, Hendricks, Johnson, McCreery, Morton, Patterson of New-Hampshire, Patterson of Tennessee, Pomeroy, Ross, Saulsbury, Tipton, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Vickers, Willey, Yates—26.

CONTINUATION OF THE DEFENCE.

The Chief Justice directed the counsel to proceed with the case.

Mr. Evarts—Mr. President and Senators: Although I am not able to announce, as I should be very glad to do, that our associate, Mr. Stanbery, according to the hopes we entertained, has been able to come out to-day, yet I am happy to say that he is quite convalescent, and cannot be long kept from giving the case his attention. Under these circumstances, and from a desire to do whatever we may properly do in advancing the trial of this cause, we propose to proceed to put in documentary evidence, hoping that we will not be called upon to put in any oral testimony until to-morrow.

Mr. Curtis said he would have to call upon the Executive Clerk of the Senate to produce the nomination of Thomas Ewing, Sr., of Ohio, to the office of Secretary of War on the 21st of February, 1868.

The Chief Justice was understood to express a doubt as to whether, under the rules of the Senate, nominations were not under the injunction of secrecy.

Senator Edmunds asked the unanimous consent of the Senate to show that the fact of nominations being made was considered not subject to the injunction of secrecy.

Mr. Curtis said he was so instructed, and, therefore, he had supposed that no motion to remove the injunction of secrecy was necessary.

Senator Sherman said that if a motion was considered necessary, he would move that the Executive Clerk of the Senate be sworn as a witness in the case.

THE NOMINATION OF HON. THOMAS EWING.

The motion was agreed to, and the Executive Clerk of the Senate, Dewitt C. Clarke, was sworn and examined by Mr. Curtis, as follows:

Q.—State what document you have before you. A.—I have the original nomination by the President of Thomas Ewing, Sr., as Secretary of the Department of War.

Mr. Curtis—Please to read it.

Witness read as follows:

To the Senate of the United States:
I nominate Thomas Ewing, Sr., of Ohio, to be Secretary for the Department of War.
ANDREW JOHNSON.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21, 1868.

Q.—On what day was that actually received by you? A.—On the 22d of February.

A MESSAGE OFFERED AND OBJECTED TO.

Mr. Curtis said—I now desire to put in evidence a copy of the message from the President of the United States to the Senate of the United States, which bears date of the 24th of February, 1868. I have a printed copy which is an authorized copy, and I suppose it will not be objected to.

Mr. Butler—The article of proof is not objected to, but the proof itself is objected to for a very plain reason: This message was sent after the President was impeached by the House, and of course his declarations put in or attempted to be put in after his impeachment, whether directed to the Senate or to anybody else, cannot be given in evidence. The exact order of time may not be in the minds of Senators, and I will therefore state it: On the 21st of February a resolution was offered in the House looking to the impeachment of the President, and it was referred to a committee. On the 22d of February the Committee reported and the impeachment was actually voted. Then intervened Sunday the 23d. Any message sent on the 24th of February must have been known to the President to be after his impeachment.

Mr. Curtis—It will be recollected that the honorable Managers put in evidence a resolution of the Senate to which this message is a response, so that the question is whether the honorable Managers can put in evidence a resolve of the Senate transmitted to the President of the United States, with reference to the removal of Mr. Stanton, and refuse to receive a reply which the President made to that resolve.

Mr. Butler—I have only to say that this is an argument to prejudice and not to law. Will my learned friends opposite dare to say that they have read of a case when, after indictment of the criminal, the respondent was allowed to put in evidence his statement of his own defence? If so, when does that right cease? We put in the resolution referred to because it is a part the transaction of Mr. Stanton; it was made before the impeachment was determined upon; and now we ask to admit the criminal's declarations made after that day. I only ask the Senate to consider it as a precedent hereafter, as well as being a great wrong upon the people, that after indictment, after impeachment, the President can send in a message which shall be taken as evidence.

Mr. Evarts—The learned Managers ask whether we dare to do something. We have not been in the habit of considering the measure for the conducting of forensic disputation to be a question of daring; we are not in the habit of applying such epithets to opponents; nor, hitherto, in the habit of receiving them from them. The measure of duty of counsel is the measure which we shall strive to obey, and not the measure of daring, if for no other reason than this: That on rules of law, of fact and evidence, we may perhaps expect some superiority, but not on measures of daring. [Laughter.] Is the learned Manager entirely right in saying that the impeachment was voted on the 22d of February? The 22d was Saturday, and, unless I am mistaken, a vote was not taken until the following Monday.

Mr. Butler—The vote was taken on Saturday, the 22d of February.

Mr. Evarts—That is, that articles of impeachment shall be brought in?

Mr. Butler—Yes, Sir.

Mr. Evarts—The articles, however, were not voted until the 24th. Now it is said that, because the vote that the impeachment should proceed was taken on the 22d of February, that impugns the admissibility of the evidence proposed to be laid before the Senate. My learned associate has distinctly stated the situation of the matter. Perhaps both of those transactions, the vote in the Senate and this message, may be within the range of argument. But the Managers have put in evidence this transaction of the Senate, and exactly what bearing that has as a part of the *res gestæ*, the removal of Mr. Stanton, which took place before the resolution was placed by the Senate, it is not easy to see. It was, however, received as proper evidence, and the reason we did not consider it objectionable was that we supposed, as a matter of course, that this message, which is in answer to that resolution, on the introduction of the topic by the resolution before offered in evidence, would be admissible in testimony. We submit, therefore, that, in every principle of law, and of discussion in reference to the completeness of the record on the point, this message of the President should be allowed to be read and given in evidence.

Mr. Butler—I simply desire to call the attention of the Senate to the fact that, whether as a matter of daring or of professional knowledge, neither counsel having stated any possible reason why this paper should be received in evidence, we put in the resolve of the Senate to show that, notwithstanding that resolve served upon the President on the night of the 21st of February, he still went on, and treated this Lorenzo Thomas as Secretary of War *ad interim*; that Lorenzo Thomas was then recognized by him after that as the Secretary *ad interim*, and that after that Lorenzo Thomas was carrying out his design to take possession of the office by force. We offered it in order to show that the President of the United States was determined on disobeying the law of the land, and notice was served upon him for the purpose of having him know the action of the Senate, so that he might stay his hand. Now, can a prepared article made after that and after he was impeached by the House of Representatives be put in evidence? One ounce of action, in obedience to the law and the resolution of the Senate, would have been a great deal better than pages of argument. I will not use the word "dare," for I know that counsel would dare do all that good lawyers would dare do in favor of their client, but I will say that the gentlemen have not shown any sound reason on which this can be done.

The Chief Justice directed the counsel for the President to put in writing what they proposed to prove.

While they were engaged in doing so, Mr. Butler said that, to prevent mistake, he had sent the Clerk of the House for the record of the proceedings on impeachment.

Mr. McPherson, Clerk of the House, having come in soon afterward, and handed the House Journal to Mr. Butler,

Mr. Butler said—I find, upon examination, that the state of the record is this: On the 21st of February the resolution of impeachment was prepared and referred to a committee; on the 22d the committee reported, and that report was debated through the 22d and into Monday, the 24th, and the actual vote was taken on Monday, the 24th.

Mr. Evarts—Late in the afternoon—5 o'clock; so that I was correct.

REMARKS OF MR. BINGHAM.

Mr. Bingham—I rise to state a further reason why we insist upon this objection: The House of Representatives, as appears from the Journal now furnished, voted on the 22d of February that Andrew Johnson be impeached of high crimes and misdemeanors; on the day preceding the 22d of February, it appears that the Senate of the United States proceeded to consider another message of the President, in which he had reported to the Senate that he had removed from the Department of War Edwin M. Stanton, then Secretary of War, by previous action of the Senate. The Senate refused to concur in the suspension; refused to acquiesce in the reasons assigned by the President. Under the Tenure of Office act, having given the President notice thereof, the President proceeds thereupon to remove him, and to appoint Lorenzo Thomas as Secretary of War *ad interim*, in direct contravention of the express words of the act itself, and of the action of the Senate. The record shows that on the 21st of February, 1868, the Senate of the United States passed a resolution reciting the action of the President in the premises, to wit: The removal of the Secretary of War, and his appointment of a Secretary *ad interim*, and declaring that under the Constitution and laws of the United States, the President had no power to make the removal, or to make the appointment of a Secretary *ad interim*, and declaring that under the Constitution and laws of the United States, the President had no power to make the removal or to make the appointment. That was the action of the Senate, and notice of that action was served on the President on the night of the 21st of February. Now, what takes place? Here is a presentment made, on the 21st or 22d of February, 1868, against the President, before the Grand Inquest of the nation. After that presentment, he was within the power of the people. Although he had fled to the remotest ends of the earth, he could not have stopped for a moment the proper course of this inquiry to final judgment, even though personal process had never been served upon him. It is so provided in the text of the Constitution that it is to be challenged by no man. After these proceedings, thus instituted, and two days after the effect of the action of the Senate being made known to him, and three days after the effect of the commission of his crime, the President enters deliberately on the task of justifying himself before the nation for a violation of its laws, of its Constitution, for a violation of his oath of office, for his defiance of the Senate, for his defiance of the people by sending a message to the Senate of the United States on the 24th day of February, 1868. What is it, Senators, any more than the voluntary declaration of the criminal after the fact made in his own behalf? Does it alter the case in law? Does it alter the case in the reasons or the judgment of any man living, either within the Senate or outside of the Senate, that he chooses to put his declaration in his own defence in writing? The law makes no such distinctions. I undertake to assert here, regardless of any attempt to contradict my statement, that there is no law by which anybody accused criminally, after the fact, can make declarations, either oral or in writing, either by a message to the Senate or a speech to a mob, that can be given in evidence to acquit himself or to affect in any manner his criminality within a tribunal of justice, or to make evidence which should be admitted upon any form of law, upon his own motion, to justify his own criminal conduct. I do not hesitate to say that every authority which the gentlemen can bring into Court, relating to rules of evidence in proceedings of this sort, is directly against the proposition, and for the simple reason that this is a written declaration, made by the accused voluntarily, after the fact, in his own behalf. I read, for the information of the Senate, the testimony touching this fact of the service of the notice of the action had by the Senate, and of the conduct of the President whereof he stands accused. Mr. William H. McDonald, Chief Clerk of the Senate, testifies on page 148: "An attested copy of the foregoing resolution was delivered by me into the hands of the President of the United States, at his office, in the Executive Mansion, about 10 o'clock P. M. on the 21st of February, 1868." And on the 24th of February, three days afterward, the President volunteered a written declaration which his counsel now propose to make evidence in his behalf before this tribunal of justice. Of course it is evidence for no purpose whatever except for the purpose of exculpating him of the criminal accusations preferred against him. Senators will bear with me while I make one further remark. The proposition is to introduce this whole message, not simply what the President says for himself, not simply the argument which he chooses to present in the form of a written declaration in vindication of his criminal conduct, but the declaration of third persons. The Senate is asked to accept this too as evidence on the trial of the accused—the declaration of the third persons whom he calls his constitution advisers—he states their opinions without giving their language; he gives their conclusions, and those conclusions are to be thrown before the Senate as part of the evidence. I beg leave to say here in the presence of the Senate, that there is no colorable excuse for the President or for his counsel coming before the Senate to say that he has any right to attempt to shelter himself from a violation of the laws of his country under the opinions of any member of his Cabinet. The Constitution never vested his Cabinet counselors with any such authority; it never vested the President with authority to suspend the laws or to violate the laws, or to make appointments in direct contravention of the laws, and in defiance of the final action of the Senate acting in express obedience to the law. There is no colorable excuse for these proceedings. I say it with all respect for the learned counsel, and I challenge now the production of authority in any respectable court that ever allowed any man, high or low, officially or unofficially, to introduce his own declarations, written or unwritten, made after the fact, in his defence. That is the point I take here. I beg pardon of the Senate for having detained them so long in the statement of a proposition so simple, and the law of which is so clearly settled, running through centuries. I submit the question to the Senate.

Mr. Evarts—Mr. Chief Justice and Senators: The only apology which the learned Manager has made for the course of his remarks, is an apology for the consumption of your time; and yet he has not hesitated to say, and again to repeat, that there is no color of justification for the attempt of the President of the United States to defend himself, or for the effort that his counsel make to defend him. We do not receive our laws from the learned Manager.

Mr. Bingham, rising—Will the gentleman allow me?

Mr. Evarts was proceeding with his remarks.

Mr. Bingham—The gentleman misrepresents me.

Mr. Evarts—I do not misrepresent the honorable Manager.

Mr. Bingham—I did not say that there was no color of excuse for the President's attempt to defend himself, or for his counsels' attempt to defend him, but that there was no color of excuse for offering this testimony.

Mr. Evarts—It all comes to the same thing. Everything that is admitted on our view or line of subject in controversy, except it conform to the preliminary view which the learned Managers choose to throw down, is regarded as wholly outside of the color of law, and of right, on the part of the President and his counsel; and it is so repeatedly charged. Now if the crime was completed on the 21st, which is not only the whole basis of this argument of the learned Manager, but of every other argument on the evidence which I had the honor of hearing from him, I should like to know what application and relevancy the resolution had which was passed by the Senate on the 21st of February, after the act of the President had been completed and after the act had been communicated to the Senate. There can be no single principle of the law of evidence on which that view can be proved on behalf of the Managers, and on which the reply of the President can be excluded. What would be thought, in a criminal prosecution, of the prosecutor giving in evidence what a magistrate or a sheriff had said to the accused concerning the deed, and then shut the mouth of the accused as to what he had said, then and there, in reply? The only possible argument by which what was said to him could be given in evidence, is, that unreplied to, it might be construed into an admission or submission. If the Sheriff were to say to the prisoner, "You stole that watch;" and if that could be given in evidence, and the prisoner's reply, "It was my watch, and I took it because it was mine," could not be given in evidence, that would be precisely the same proposition which is being applied here by the learned Manager, to this action had between the President and the Senate.

Mr. Butler—If the thief did not make a reply until four days afterward, and then sent in a written statement as to whose the watch was, putting in also what his neighbor said, that would be a more appropriate illustration. I take the illustration as a good one—as an excellent one. The Sheriff says to the prisoner, "Where did you get that watch?" Two days afterward the prisoner sends to the Sheriff, after he had been in jail, after an indictment had been found against him, a written answer, and claims in his defence that that answer may be read. Not only that, but he goes on to put in what everybody else said or what four or five other men said, and claims that that may be given in evidence. It it is desirous to know what the Cabinet said, let the members of the Cabinet be brought here, and let us cross-examine them and find out what they meant when they gave this advice, and how they came to give it, and under what pressure. But at present we do not want the President to put in the advice of the Cabinet.

Mr. Evarts—Mr. Chief Justice and Senators: Every case is to be regarded according to its circumstances; and you will judge whether a communication from the Senate to the President on the 21st of February could well have been answered sooner than the 24th of February.

Mr. Butler—It was communicated on the 21st of February.

Mr. Evarts—I understood you to say that you could not state whether it was on the 21st or the 22d.

Mr. Butler—It was at 10 o'clock on the night of the 21st.

Mr. Evarts—Very well; it was communicated at 10 o'clock on the night of the 21st of February. The Senate was not in session on the 22d more than an hour, it being a holiday. Then Sunday intervening, I ask whether an answer to that communication, sent on Monday the 24th, is not an answer according to the ordinary course of prompt and candid dealing between the President and the Senate concerning the matter in difficulty. As far as the simile about the President's being in prison goes, I will remove that by saying that he was not impeached until 5 o'clock P. M., on Monday the 24th, but we need not pursue these trivial illustrations. The matter is in the hands of the Court and must be disposed of by the Court.

Mr. Bingham—I desire to say once for all, that I have said no word, and intended to say no word during the progress of the trial, that would justify the assertions of the counsel for the President in saying that we deny them right to make defence of the President. What I insist upon here, what I ask the Senate to act upon, is that he shall make a defence precisely as an official citizen of the United States makes defence according to the law of the land, and not otherwise; that he shall not, after the commission of a crime, manufacture evidence in his own behalf, either orally or in writing, by his own declarations, and incorporate into them the declarations of third persons. It has never been allowed in any respectable court in this country. When men stand on trial for their lives they never are permitted after the facts to manufacture testimony by their own declarations, either written or unwritten, or on their motion introduce them into a court of justice. I have another word to say in the light of what has dropped from the lips of the counsel, that he has evaded most skilfully the point which I took occasion to make in the hearing of the Senate, that here is an attempt to introduce not only written declarations of the accused in his own behalf after the fact, but declarations of third persons not under oath. I venture to say that a proposition to the extent of this never was made before in any tribunal of justice in the United States, where any man was accused of crime—a proposition not merely to give his own declarations, but to report the declarations of third persons in his own behalf, and throw them before the Court as evidence. The gentleman seems to think that the President had a right to send a message to the Senate of the United States, which should operate as evidence. I concede that the President of the United States has a right under the Constitution to communicate, from time to time, to the two Houses of Congress such matters as he thinks pertain to the public interests, and if he thinks this matter pertained to the public interest he might send a message; but I deny that there is any colorable excuse. I repeat my words here for intimating that the President of the United States being charged with the commission of a crime on the 21st of February, 1868, being proved guilty—I undertake to say proved guilty by his written confession, to the satisfaction of every intelligent and unprejudiced mind, in or out of the Senate, in this country—can proceed to manufacture evidence in his own behalf in the form of message three days after the fact. That is the point that I make here. We are asked what importance, then, do we attach to the action of the Senate. I answer that we attach precisely this importance, to wit, that the law of the land enjoins upon the President of the United States the duty to notify the Senate of the suspension of an officer, and the reason therefor, and the evidence on which he made the suspension; and the law of the land enjoins upon the Senate the duty to act upon the report of the President so made, and to come to a decision upon that report, and upon the evidence accompanying it, in pursuance of the requirement of the second section of the Tenure of Office act. The Senate of the United States, by an almost unanimous decision, came to the conclusion that the reasons furnished by the President, and the evidence adduced by him for the suspension of the Secretary of War were unsatisfactory. In accordance with the law the Senate non-concurred in the suspension. The law expressly provides that if the Senate concur they shall notify the President. The law by every intendment provides that if the Senate non-concur they shall notify the Secretary of War, that he may, in obedience to the express requirement of the act, forthwith resume the functions of his office, from which he was suspended. The Senate in this case did give that notice. Why should it not also notify the Executive, that he might know with whom to communicate, and that he might no longer communicate with a Secretary of War *ad interim*? The gentleman, I trust, is answered as to the importance and propriety of our introducing this evidence. But there was another reason for it. It was to leave the President without excuse before the Senate, and before the people, for persisting in his unlawful attempt in violating a law of the land, and executing the duties of the office of Secretary of War through another person than Edwin M. Stanton. It was his business to submit to the final decision of the Senate, whether the suspension should become absolute or should be rejected. But here is a man defining the action of the Senate, defying the express letter of the law, that the Secretary of War, in whose suspension the Senate had refused to concur, should forthwith resume his functions; proceeding with his conspiracy with Thomas to confer the functions of that office on another, regardless of the law regulating the tenure of office regardless of the Constitution, regardless of his oath and regardless of the rights of the American people, and he winds up the farce by coming before the Senate with his written declaration, which is no higher authority than his oral declaration made three days after the fact, and he asks the Senate to receive that as evidence.

The Chief Justice—Senators—There is no branch the law where there is more difficulty to lay down precise rules than that which regards the intent with which an act is done. In the present case it appears that the Senate on the 21st of February passed a resolution which I will take the liberty of reading:

Whereas, The Senate have received and considered the communication of the President, stating that he had removed E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War, and had designated the Adjutant-General of the army to act Secretary of War *ad interim*; therefore,

Resolved, By the Senate of the United States, that under the Constitution and laws of the United States the President has no power to remove the Secretary of War and to designate any other officer to perform the duties of that office *ad interim*.

That resolution was adopted on the 21st of February and was served on the evening of the same day. The message now proposed to be offered in evidence was sent to the Senate on the 24th of February. It does not appear to the Chief Justice that the resolution of the Senate called for an answer, and therefore the Chief Justice must regard the message of the 24th of February as a vindication of the President's act, addressed to the Senate. It does not appear to the Chief Justice that that comes within any of the rules of evidence which would justify its being received in evidence on the trial. The Chief Justice, however, will take the views of the Senate in regard to it. No vote being called for the Chief Justice ruled the evidence inadmissible.

LIST OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICERS.

Mr. Curtis then offered to put in evidence a tabular statement compiled at the office of the Attorney-General, containing a list of executive officers of the United States, with their statutory terms or act of Congress creating the office, the name or title of the office, showing whether the Tenure was for a definite term, at the pleasure of the President, or for a term indefinite. He said that of course it was not strictly evidence, but it had been compiled as a matter of convenience, and he desired to have it printed so that it might be used in argument by counsel on both sides.

After some objection and interlocutory remarks by Mr. Butler, the paper was, on motion of Mr. Trumbull, ordered to be printed as a part of the proceedings.

THE REMOVAL OF MR. PICKERING.

Mr. Curtis then offered in evidence papers in the case of the removal of Mr. Pickering by President Adams, remarking that it was substantially the same as had been put in evidence by Mr. Butler, except that it was more formal.

A CORRECTION.

The witness (Mr. Dewitt C. Clarke) here desired to make a correction of his testimony to the effect that the message of the President was not delivered to him on the 22d of February, but on the 24th of February; that it was brought up by Mr. Moore, the President's private secretary, on the 22d of February, but that the Senate not being in session, Mr. Moore returned with it to the Executive Mansion and brought it back again on the 24th.

Mr. Curtis—Do I understand your statement now to be that Col. Moore brought it and delivered it to you on the 22d of February? A.—He brought it up on the 22d; he did not deliver it to me, as the Senate was not in session.

Q.—He took it away and brought it back on the 24th? A.—Yes.

Mr. Butler—How did you know that he brought it here on the 22d? A.—Only by information from Col. Moore.

Q.—Then you have been telling us what Col. Moore told you? A.—That is all.

Mr. Butler—Then we do not want anything more of what Col. Moore told you.

TESTIMONY OF COL. MOORE.

William G. Moore, the President's Private Secretary, was recalled and examined as follows:

Mr. Curtis—What is the document that you hold in your hand? A.—The nomination of Thomas Ewing, Sr., of Ohio, as Secretary for the Department of War.

Q.—Did you receive that from the President of the United States? A.—I did.

Q.—On what date? A.—On the 22d of February, 1868.

Q.—About what hour of the day? A.—I think it was after twelve o'clock.

Q.—And before what hour? A.—Before one o'clock.

Q.—Then it was between twelve and one o'clock? A.—It was.

Q.—What did you do with it? A.—By direction of the President, I brought it to the Capitol to present it to the Senate.

Q.—About what time did you arrive here? A.—I cannot state definitely, but I presume it was about a quarter past one.

Q.—Was the Senate then in session, or had it adjourned? A.—It had, after a very brief session, adjourned.

Q.—What did you do with the document in consequence? A.—I returned with it to the Executive Mansion.

Q.—Were you apprised before you reached the Capitol that the Senate had adjourned? A.—I was not.

Q.—What did you do with the document in consequence? A.—I returned with it to the Executive Mansion, after having visited the House of Representatives.

Q.—Was anything more done with the document by you, and if so, when and what did you do? A.—I was directed by the President, on Monday the 24th February, 1868, to deliver it to the Senate.

Q.—What did you do in consequence? A.—I obeyed the order.

CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Cross-examined by Mr. Butler.

Was that as it is now, or was it in a sealed envelope? A.—It was in a sealed envelope.

Q.—Did you put it in yourself? A.—I did not.

Q.—Did you see it put in? A.—I did not.

Q.—How do you know what was in the envelope? A.—It was the only message that was to go that day. I gave it to the clerk, who sealed it and handed it to me.

Q.—Did you unseal it or examine it till you delivered it on the 24th? A.—Not to my recollection.

Q.—Did you show it to anybody here on the 22d? A.—No, Sir; it was sealed.

Q.—Have you spoken this morning with Mr. Clark on the subject? A.—He asked me on what date I had delivered the message, and I told him it was the 24th.

Mr. Butler—That is all.

DOCUMENTS ADMITTED.

Mr. Curtis then put in evidence, without objection, certified copies of the appointment by President Tyler on the 29th of February, 1844, of John Nelson, Attorney-General, to discharge the duties of Secretary of State *ad interim*, until a successor to Mr. Upshur should be appointed, and of the subsequent confirmation by the Senate, on March 6, 1844, of John C. Calhoun to that office; also the appointment by President Fillmore on July 23, 1850, of Winfield Scott as Secretary of War *ad interim*, in place of George W. Crawford, and of the confirmation by the Senate on August 15, 1850, of Charles M. Conrad as Secretary of War.

Mr. Curtis also offered in evidence the appointment by Mr. Buchanan in January, 1861, of Moses Kelly as Secretary of the Interior.

Mr. Butler inquired whether counsel had any record of what had become of the Secretary of the Interior at that time; whether he had resigned or run away, or what? [Laughter.]

Mr. Curtis said he was not informed, and could not speak either from the record or from recollection.

Mr. Curtis also offered in evidence the appointment by President Lincoln of Caleb B. Smith as Secretary of the Interior. Mr. Curtis also offered in evidence a document relating to the removal from office of the Collector and Appraiser of Merchandise in Philadelphia.

Mr. Butler objected to put in evidence the letter of removal by McClintock Young, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. Curtis inquired whether the Manager wanted evidence that McClintock Young was acting Secretary of the Treasury?

Mr. Butler replied that he did not,

Mr. Curtis remarked that the documents were certified by the Secretary of the Treasury as coming from the records of that Department; they were offered in evidence to show the fact of the removal by Mr. Young, who stated that it was by direction of the President.

Mr. Butler—The difficulty is not removed. It is an attempt by Mr. McClintock Young, admitted to have been Acting Secretary of the Treasury, to remove officers by reciting that he is directed by the President so to do. If this is evidence, we have got to go into the question of the right of Mr. Young to do this act, and whether an appraiser is one of the interior officers, whom the Secretary of the Treasury may remove, or whom the President may remove, without the advice and consent of the Senate. It is not an act of the President in removing the head of a department, and it is remarkable as the only case to be found to warrant any such removal. If it is evidence at all, it only proves the rule by the exception.

Mr. Curtis—I understand the Manager to admit that Mr. Young was Acting Secretary of the Treasury?

Mr. Butler—Yes, Sir.

Mr. Curtis—I take this act of his, therefore, as having been done by the Secretary of the Treasury, and he says he proceeded by order of the President. I take it to be well settled, judicially and practically, that whenever the head of a department says he acts by order of the President, he is presumed to tell the truth, and it requires no evidence to show that he acts by order of the President. No such evidence was ever given. No record is ever made of the directions which the President gives to any one of the heads of departments to proceed in a transaction of this kind, but when the head of a department says that he acts by order of the President all courts and all bodies presume that he tells the truth.

The Chief Justice ruled the act of the Secretary of the Treasury was the act of the President, but said he would put the question to the Senate if any Senator desired it.

No vote being called for, the testimony was admitted.

Mr. Curtis—I now offer in evidence a document from the Navy Department.

While the document was being examined by Mr. Butler,

Senator Conkling moved that the Court take a recess for fifteen minutes.

Senator Sumner moved as an amendment that business shall be resumed forthwith after the expiration of the fifteen minutes.

The question was put on Senator Sumner's amendment, and it was rejected.

The Court then, at 15 minutes past 2 o'clock, took a recess for fifteen minutes.

OBJECTIONS BY MR. BUTLER.

Upon the reassembling of the Court, Mr. Butler objected to the admission of the document.

Mr. Butler proceeded to state the ground of his objection. He said the certificate was was not a copy of a record from the Navy Department, but simply that "the annexed is a true statement from the records of this Department, under the head of Memoranda; it was a statement made up by the Chief Clerk of the Navy Department of matters that he had been asked, or volunteered, to furnish, leaving out many things that would be necessary in order to show the bearings of the case. He had one other case enumerated—the appointment of Mr. Norton as Navy Agent at Pensacola—and said the paper did not show what the consequent action was, nor whether the Senate was then in session, nor whether the President sent another appointment to the Senate at the same moment. It was merely a statement verified as being made from the record by somebody not under oath, and on it there were occasional memoranda in pencil, apparently made by other persons.

Mr. Curtis—Apply India-rubber to that.

Mr. Butler—Yes, Sir, but it is not so much what is stated here as what is left out. Everything that is of value is left out. There are memoranda made up from the records that A. B. was removed, but the circumstance under which he was removed, who was nominated in his place, and when that person was nominated does not appear. It only appears that somebody was appointed at Pensacola.

Mr. Johnson—Are the dates given?

Mr. Butler—The dates are given in this way: On the 19th of December, such a person was removed; then on the 5th of January, Johnson was informed that he was appointed. He must have been nominated to the Senate before that. *Non-constat* he was nominated. If he was, then of what value is this? And then Johnson was lost on the voyage, and on the 29th of April, another man was appointed. But the whole of the value is gone, because they have not given us the record. Who has any commission to make memoranda from the record as evidence before the Senate; and the certificate says: The word "copy" stricken out and written in, is "a true statement from the record"—a statement such as Mr. Edgar Welles, or somebody else, chose to make. I never heard that anybody had a right to come in and certify a memorandum from a record, and put it in evidence. That is one paper. Then again, in the next paper, although it alleges they are true copies of record from the office, they are letters about the appointment and removal of officers—Navy Agents. Again, being so removed and appointed, only a portion of the correspondence is given when nominations were sent in. I do not mean to say that my friends on the other side chose to leave them out, but whoever prepared this for them has chosen to leave out the material facts, whether the Senate was in session, or whether others were sent in. Now, the question is whether you are going to take a certificate from the records. I want to call the attention of the Senate still further to the fact that all these appointments contained in these papers, and all they have offered, are by the act of the 15th of May, 1820, appointing, under the laws of the United States for four years, all District Attorneys, Collectors of Customs, &c., providing that they shall be removable at pleasure, so enacted by the laws which created them. And the counsel are going to show that under that law, in some particular instances, officers were removed at pleasure, but not the manner of their removal, and then they attempted to show that by memoranda made up by Edgar M. Welles and certified by Gideon Welles. Is that evidence?

Mr. Curtis—I understand the substance of the objection made to these documents to be two. The first objection is that these are only memoranda from the records, and it is said that it is not proper to adduce in evidence such statements of results, made from the records; that, instead of giving a paper containing the name of the officer, the office that is held, the date when he was removed, and the person by whose order he was removed, there should be an extended copy of the entire act, and all the papers relating to it. Now, in the first place, I wish the Senate to call to mind that the only document of this character relating to removals from office, which has been put in by the honorable Managers, is a document from the Department of State, which contains exactly those memoranda of facts (reading:)

Schedule B.—List of appointments of heads of departments made by the President at any time during the session of the Senate:

Timothy Pickering, Postmaster-General, June 1, 1794.

This is a list extracted out of the records in the Department of Secretary of State, containing the names of the officers, the office they held, the date when they were removed and the authority by which they were removed. It is simply certified by the Secretary of State. This is a copy which I hold in my hands, and I am not prepared to say how it was certified. It is in evidence, and I think it will be found to be simply a letter from the Secretary of State, saying there were found from the records of his Department these facts, and not any formal certificate. If, however, the Senate should think that it is absolutely necessary or, under the circumstances of this case proper, to require this certificate of the copies of the entire acts, instead of taking the names, dates and other particulars from the records in the form in which we have thought most convenient, which certainly takes up less time and space than the other would, we must apply for and obtain them. If there is a technical difficulty of that sort, it is one which we must remove. We propose when we have closed the offer of this species of proof to ask the Senate to direct its proper officer to make a certificate from its records from the beginning to the end of all sessions of the Senate, from the original down to the present time. That is what we shall call for at the proper time, and that will supply that part of the difficulty which the gentleman suggests. The other part is, that it does not appear that the President did not follow up these removals by the proper nominations. Well, it does not appear, but if the gentleman proposes to argue that the President did follow them up by immediate nominations, he will find undoubtedly that the records of the Navy Department, from which this statement comes, can furnish not such thing. Therefore, that objection is groundless.

Mr. Butler said the President's counsel had judged well, that when the Managers had taken any particular course that must be the right one, the one which they ought to follow. The Managers would certainly accept the last expression, so far as they were concerned. But the difficulty was that he (Butler) had asked them if they objected to the testimony in question, and they made no objection. If they had he might have been more formal. They went to the wrong sources of evidence; those things were to be sought for only in the State Department, where appeared all the circumstances connected with the removal or appointment of an officer by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and they could have got all those particulars there precisely as given in the case of Mr. Pickering.

Mr. Curtis—Does the honorable Manager understand that under the laws of the United States all of these officers must be commissioned by the Secretary of State, and the facts appear in his Department including the officers of the Interior, the Treasury and the Navy Department?

Mr. Butler—With the single exception of the Treasury I do, and it will so appear. Mr. Butler proceeded to say that the commissions of the persons named in the memoranda as appointed could have been found in the State Department. If it was a mere matter of form he would care nothing about it, and if the counsel would say that they would put in the exact dates of the nominations he would have no objection, and instead of that they sought to put in part of a transaction, leaving the prosecution to look up the rest of it. He quoted from Brightley's digest that all books, papers, and documents of the War, Navy, Treasury and Post-office Departments and the Attorney-General's office may be copied and certified under seal as in the State Department with the same force and effect. This law of Feb. 22, 1849, referred to that in regard to the Secretary of State, which was dated Sept. 15, 1789, and which made such copies of records, when properly certified, legal evidence equally with original paper. It gave no right to make extracts like these, which were the gloss, the interpretation, the collation, the diagnosis of the record to the clerk of that department.

The Chief Justice stated that he would submit the question to the Senate.

Senator Hendricks asked whether the Managers objected on the ground that the paper should be given in full, so far as they relate to any particular question?

Mr. Butler replied in the affirmative.

M. Conkling sent the following question to the chair: Do the counsel for the respondent rely upon any statute, other than that referred to?

Mr. Curtis said they did not mean that any officer was authorized to state what he pleased as evidence. They did not offer these documents as copies of records relating to the cases named in the documents themselves. They were documents of the same character as that which the Managers had put in.

Mr. Edmunds asked whether the evidence was offered as touching any question or final conclusion of fact, or merely as giving the Senate the history of the practice under consideration.

Mr. Curtis—Entirely for the last purpose.

Mr. Butler said if this evidence did not go to any issue of fact, the Managers would have no objection.

Mr. Curtis would say, lest there should be misapprehension, that it went to matters of practice under the law.

Mr. Butler—Well, if it goes to matters of fact we object that it is not proper evidence.

Mr. Evarts thought it might be of service to call attention to the record in regard to the letter of the Secretary of State, put in evidence by the Managers. He read the letter, heretofore published, in regard to the appointment of heads of departments.

Mr. Howard submitted the following question:

"Do the counsel regard the memoranda as legal evidence of this practice of the Government, and all they offered as such?"

Mr. Curtis replied that the documents were not full copies of any record, and were not therefore strictly legal evidence for any purpose; they were extracts of evidence from the records. By way of illustration, he read as follows:

"Isaac Henderson was, by direction of the President, removed from the office of Navy Agent at New-York, and instructed to transfer to Paymaster John D. Gibson, of the United States Navy, all the public funds and other property in his charge."

That was not offered to prove the merits and causes of the removal, but simply to show the practice of the Government under the laws. Instead of putting in the whole of the documents in the case, they had taken the only fact of any importance to the inquiry, should the Senate decide to adhere to the technical rule of evidence. The counsel for the President must go to the records and have them copied in full.

Mr. Boutwell said that if the counsel did not prove the document, it did not prove any record. The first thing to prove a practice was to prove one or more cases under it. The vital objection to this evidence was that it related to a class of officers, navy agents, who were then and are appointed under a special provision of the law creating the office, and which takes them entirely out of the line of precedents for the purposes of this trial. Naval officers were created under a statute of the year 1820, in which a tenure of office was established for the office so created—four years, removable at pleasure. It was unnecessary to go into the circumstances that lead to that provision being made, but the practice under it could not in any degree enlighten this tribunal upon the issues upon which it is called upon to pass. The counsel could see that it was no evidence in regard to the practice relative to removals not made under that statute.

Mr. Curtis said the counsel might have been under a misapprehension respecting the views of the Managers in conducting this prosecution, but they had supposed the Managers meant to attempt to maintain that, even if Stanton at the time when he was removed, held at the pleasure of President, even if he was not within the Tenure of Office act, inasmuch as the Senate was in session, it was not competent for the President to remove him, and that, although Mr. Stanton might have been removed, that the President, being within the Tenure of Office act, his place could not be, even temporarily, supplied by an order to Gen. Thomas, the Senate being in session. It was offered to show that, whether the Senate was in session or not, the President could make an *ad interim* appointment. If the Managers would agree that if Stanton was not within the Tenure of Office act, the President might remove him during the session of the Senate, and might legally make an *ad interim* appointment. They (the counsel) did not desire to put in this evidence.

Senator Sherman—I would like to ask the counsel whether the papers now offered in evidence contain the date of the appointment and the character of the offices.

Mr. Butler—To that we say that they only contain the dates of the removals, but do not give us the date of the nomination.

Mr. Curtis again read the case of the removal of J. Henderson, by way of illustration, stating that it contained the date of the removal.

The Chief Justice put the question to the Senate, stating that in his opinion the evidence was competent in substance, whether it was so in form was for the Senate to decide.

The evidence was admitted by the following vote:

Yeas—Messrs. Anthony, Bayard, Buckalew, Cole, Conkling, Corbett, Davis, Dixon, Doolittle, Edmunds, Ferry, Fessenden, Fowler, Frelinghuysen, Grimes, Henderson, Hendricks, Howe, Johnson, McCreery, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Morton, Patterson of New-Hampshire, Patterson of Tennessee, Ross, Saulsbury, Sherman, Stewart, Sumner, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Vickers, Willey, Wilson, Yates—36.

Nays—Messrs. Cameron, Cattell, Chandler, Conness, Cragin, Drake, Harlan, Howard, Morgan, Nye, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Thayer, Tipton, Williams—15.

By consent the documents were considered as read.

SECRETARY FLOYD'S SUCCESSOR.

Mr. Curtis—There is another document from the Navy Department, which I suppose is not distinguished from those which has just been admitted. It purports to be a list of civil officers appointed for four years, under the statute of the 15th of May, 1820, and removable from office at pleasure. With their removals is indicated the portions of the terms of their offices, which have not expired. Then comes a list, giving the name of the officer, the date of his general appointment, and by whom removed—in tabular form.

Mr. Butler called attention to the fact that it did not contain the statement whether the Senate was in session.

Mr. Curtis—We shall get that in another form.

No objection being made the paper was admitted in evidence.

Mr. Curtis (producing further documents)—These are documents from the Department of State, showing the removals of heads of departments, not only during the session of the Senate, but during recess, and covering all causes, the purpose being to show a practice of the Government co-extensive with the different cases that arose out of the different cases, death, resignations, sickness, absence, removal. It differs from the schedule which has been put in by the learned Manager to cover the heads of departments, only because that applies only to removals during the session of the Senate. It includes them, but it includes a great deal more matters.

Mr. Butler, in order, he said, to call the attention of the Senate to their incompetency, read several of the records, being the temporary appointments during the absence of incumbents. All, he said, were of that character, with two exceptions; one, that frequently such an appointment as he had read was given to cover possible contingencies, as when Mr. Ashbury Dickens was appointed to act as Secretary of the Treasury when that officer shall be absent. There were three cases: one in President Monroe's time, one in President Adams' time, and one in President Jackson's time, all reciting that the appointment was under the act of 1792. All the others were temporary. Would the Senate admit a series of acts done exactly in conformity with the law of 1792 and 1795, as evidence in a case, in violation of the act of March 2, 1867, and the act of Feb. 20, 1863? Would that throw any light upon what was admitted in the answer to be a breach of the law, if it comes within it?

Mr. Curtis did not wish to reply, taking it for granted that the Senate would not settle any question as to the merits of the case when they were putting in the evidence.

The evidence was admitted, no objection being raised, and was considered read.

Mr. Curtis then offered documents from the Post-master-General's office, showing the removal of Post-masters during the session of the Senate and the *ad interim* appointments to fill such places.

No objection being made they were read.

Mr. Curtis—I now offer in evidence, from the Journal of the Senate, volume 4, second Session Thirty-sixth Congress, page 1, the Message of President Buchanan to the Senate in reference to the office of Secretary for the Department of War, and to the manner in which he had filled that office in place of Mr. Floyd. Accompanying that message is a list of the names of persons as shown by the records of the State Department who discharged the duties of Cabinet officers, whether by appointment made during the recess of the Senate or as *ad interim* appointments. This list is presented as an appendix to the message, and I wish the message to be read.

Mr. Butler—The difficulty I find in the message is this: It is the message of Mr. Buchanan, and cannot be put in evidence in this cause any more than the declarations of any one else. We should like to have Mr. Buchanan brought here on oath and cross-examined as to this. There are a good many questions that I should like to ask him; for instance: What was his state of mind at that time? and whether he had any clear perception of his duties at this time? [Laughter.] But a still further objection to it is, that most of the message consists of the statement of Mr. Jeremiah S. Black, who concluded that he would not have anything to do with this case anyhow. [Laughter.] I do not think that the statements of that gentleman, however respectable, are to be taken here as evidence. They ought to be referred to, perhaps, as public documents, but I do not believe they can be put in as evidence. How do we know how correctly Mr. Black or his clerks made up this list? Are you going to put in evidence his statements of what was done, and put it upon us or upon yourselves to examine and see whether they are not all illusory and calculated to mislead? I do not care to argue the question any further.

Mr. Curtis—I offer it to show the practice of the Government.

Mr. Butler—I object, once for all, to the practice of the Government being shown by the acts of James Buchanan or Jeremiah Black.

The Chief Justice put the question to the Senate and the testimony was admitted without division.

The Clerk then read Mr. Buchanan's message in reference to filling the office of Secretary of War vacated by the resignation of Mr. Floyd.

Mr. Curtis—I now desire to move for an order on the proper officer of the Senate, to furnish, so that we may put it into the case, a statement of the dates of the beginning and end of each session of the Senate, including its executive, as well as its legislative sessions, from the origin of the Government down to the present time. That will enable us, by comparing the dates with those facts which we have put into the case, to see what was done within and what was done without the sessions of the Senate.

The Chief Justice was understood to say that that order would be required to be made in legislative session.

Mr. Curtis then said: We have now concluded our documentary evidence as at present advised. We may possibly desire hereafter to offer some additional evidence of this character, but as we now understand it, we shall have no more to offer.

The Court then, on motion of Senator Johnson, at 4 o'clock, adjourned till noon to-morrow.

Railroad Fares Reduced.—In another column will be found the announcement of the further reduction of fares by the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company. The rates now are as follows: To Chicago, $20 25; to Cincinnati, $17 65; to Indianapolis, $19; to Cleveland, $12; to Columbus, $15 25; to Crestline, $14 70; to Fort Wayne, $17 30; to Louisville, $21 15; to St. Louis, $25; to Cairo, $28 60; to Quincy, $29 75.

Assault with a Stone.—Michael Goodman was arrested yesterday, and arraigned before Justice Dowling, on a charge of assaulting James Fitzpatrick, of No. 75 Washington-street, with a stone causing insensibility and severe injury. The prisoner was remanded for examination.

THE ERIE CONTROVERSY.

The Examination in the Case of J. C. Bancroft Davis Continued.

In the matter of J. C. Bancroft Davis, one of directors of the Erie Railway Company, charged with contempt in aiding in the issue of $10,000,000 worth of stock now, before Hon. Jno. B. Haskin, referee, the following evidence was taken yesterday:

Henry H. Martin was the first witness called, who being sworn, testified as follows:

Q.—Are you a member of the firm of Smith, Gould, Martin and Co.? If yes, state the individual names of the different members of the firm, the business of the firm and how long it has been in existence. A.—I am a member of that firm; the names of the members are Henry N. Smith, Henry H. Martin, James B. Bach and A. Gould. The firm has been in existence since December last.

Q.—It is alleged that on or about the 9th of March, 1868, 500 certificates, each representing 100 shares, of the capital stock of the Erie Railway Company, and each bearing date March 7, 1868, were made out, 250 of them in favor of Fisk, Belden & Co., and 250 of them in favor of Smith, Gould, Martin & Co.; have you any knowledge of, or have you ever seen any of those certificates? State all you know in regard to those certificates.

Objected to by Mr. Eaton as immaterial and irrelevant to the allegations against Mr. Davis.

Witness—I decline to answer the question.

Q.—Are you willing to answer whether you have ever seen any of those certificates? A.—I have seen those certificates, or some of them.

Q.—How many of them, about? A.—I could not say certain.

Q.—State as near as you can, then. A.—I have seen the certificates at different times as they passed in and out of the office, in the course of business, the same as I would see, perhaps, other certificates.

Q.—You have not yet answered my question as to how many of the certificates you have seen. A.—I may have seen a hundred of them, and may have seen more or less.

Q.—Did you not on either the 9th or 10th of March, 1868, see 250 of the certificates referred to? A.—I consider the answer above answers the last question.

Q.—The question is repeated, the counsel claiming that the answer given above is in no sense an answer to the last question. A.—I may have done so.

Q.—I desire you to state specifically whether you did or did not, on either the 9th or 10th of March, 1868, see or have in possession of your firm 250 of the certificates above referred to? A.—We may have had; yes, Sir.

Q.—Do you mean to be understood by that answer that you did have that number of certificates?

Objected to by Dudley Field as irrelevant to the alleged contempt of Mr. Davis.

A.—The same answer as to the previous question.

By the Referee—What is that answer?

By Mr. Field—The witness is not bound to interpret that last answer.

Q.—I require a direct answer to the question last put to the witness, and wish to know whether the witness declines to give any further or other answer?

By Mr. Field—I object that the witness is not bound to answer this question, if irrelevant as we hold it is. After what he has answered, he is not bound to answer further, as the question is irrelevant.

A.—I decline to answer that question.

Q.—State as near as you can from whom you received, on either the 9th or 19th of March, 1868, any certificates representing the capital stock of the Erie Railroad Company, which were made out in favor of Smith, Gould, Martin & Co.

Objected to by Mr. Field, unless confined to Mr. Davis, as every other inquiry is irrelevant to his case.

By Mr. Vanderpool—I claim that it is relevant to the case of Mr. Davis.

Witness—I decline to answer the question.

Q.—Did you on the 9th of March, 1868, see and converse with any of the directors of the Erie Railway Company, and if so, with which of them and where?

By Mr. Field—Objected to as irrelevant, unless confined to Mr. Davis.

A.—I have no recollection of seeing any of the directors on that date.

Q.—Did you on the 9th or 10th of March, 1868, deliver to any person or persons any certificates of stock of the Erie Railway Company, dated March 7, 1868, and being part of the 500 certificates to which your attention has been called in the previous questions? (Objected to by the defence for the same reason as before.) Witness asks the referee to tell him when it is, and when it is not, necessary for him to answer these questions as they come up. Mr. Field asks the referee to tell the witness, as he has informed every other witness, when a similar question was put, that he has no power to compel any answer whatever, and that if an effort is made to compel an answer an application must be made to the Court which will determine whether the question is relevant. *Referee*—I will say that I have stated that I have no power to compel an answer, and that the witness must take the responsibility of answering or refusing to answer.

A.—I decline to answer the question.

Q.—I now show to the witness certificate No. 63,478 for one hundred shares of the common capital stock of the Erie Railway Company, dated March 7, 1868, and call his attention to the indorsement of Smith, Gould, Martin & Co. State in whose handwriting is the indorsement? A.—It is in my writing.

Q.—When and where did you make that indorsement? A.—At the office, if I recollect rightly.

Q.—When? A.—Somewhere about the 7th or 9th of the month.

Q.—What office? A.—At our office.

Q.—Can you not state whether it was on the 7th or 9th of March, which day it was? A.—It was on one of those days, I am not certain which.

Q.—Are you sure it was not on the 10th of March? A.—Yes, Sir; I am sure it was not on the 10th of March.

Q.—Are you not sure that it was on the 9th of March? A.—It may have been or may not; I am not sure.

Q.—From whom did you receive the certificate No. 63,478?

Objected to as irrelevant, unless confined to Mr. Davis.

A.—I decline to answer.

Q.—At what hour of the day did you receive it?

Objected to as irrelevant.

A.—I decline to answer.

Q.—Did you not at the time you receceived certificate No. 63.478 receive 249 other certificates of the same kind and description?

Objected to as irrelevant.

A.—I decline to answer.

Q.—Were you at the office of the Erie Railway Company, in the City of New-York, on the 9th of March, 1868? A.—I have no recollection of being there.

Q.—Do you know Martin E. Green? A.—No.

Q.—Did you or your firm receive from Martin E. Green, on the 9th of March, 1868, or on any day intermediate the 4th and 12th of March, 1868, any of the 500 certificates of stock to which your attention has been called? [Objected to as irrelevant.] A.—I have no knowledge of any such transaction.

Q.—Did you or your firm have any ownership of or interest in the certificate of stock No. 63,478 now shown to you, on the 7th or 9th or 10th of March, 1868? [Objected to as irrelevant.] A.—I decline to answer that question.

Q.—Did you or your firm own or have any interest in any of the certificates of stock of the Erie Railway Company which you have stated you had seen, and which were a part of the 500 certificates to which your attention has been called? [Objected to as irrelevant.] A.—I decline to answer.

Q.—Do you know Daniel Drew? A.—I have seen him once or twice; that is all the acquaintance I have with him; about as much as with yourself; certainly not more.

Q.—Have you ever seen him write? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Do you know John T. or John F. Seely? A.—I do.

Q.—Is he a clerk in your office? A.—Yes, Sir.

The examination then closed, and the defence not wishing to cross-examine, the witness was dismissed.

William Belden was then recalled, and testified as follows:

By Mr. Clark—Q.—In your answer to my question as to who was the party or person who gave you the information upon which you based your charge of conspiracy in your action before Judge Gilbert, you stated irresponsive to the question that you did not remember what gentleman had told you that a Mr. Parker had told him that Judge Barnard had made certain statements as to the Erie Railway controversy; please state whether you now remember the name of the person or party who made to you that statement?

At the request of Mr. Clark, the referee directs the witness to confine his answer to the question which is put. Considerable sparring here occurred relative to the powers of the referee, after which this question was repeated. Witness—I will endeavor to give you as short an answer as I possibly can to that question. If it is deemed desirable to have the facts stated in my answer satisfactorily proven, (interrupted by objection from the prosecution that this is not an answer to the question,) I can indicate who should be subpœnaed to testify.

By Mr. Clark—The answer is in no wise responsive to the question, and I insist that the referee instruct the witness to answer it responsively; then if the referee rule that he has not authority to so instruct the witness we will go to Court and see if a witness may not be compelled to answer as to statements made defamatory of a Judge.

By the Referee—I have instructed the witness that he should answer responsively, and if the witness should not do so I will postpone this examination, and refer his case to the court for instructions, as I did the case of yesterday. The question was then repeated by the referee.

A.—I do remember the name or names.

Q.—Please give the name and residence of the person? A.—I decline to do so, unless compelled by proper authority, as I have no desire to introduce the name of any third party not concerned in this controversy.

By Mr. Clark—I ask the referee to require the witness to answer the question, wishing to raise the question of the referee's power to so compel a witness; then I will go to Court and ask that the witness be committed for refusal to so answer.

By Mr. Field—Are there no more threats which can conveniently be made?

Mr. Clark—I will do that, if I live long enough. Referee repeats that in his opinion he has no power to compel an answer from the witness, that power being vested only in the Court.

Q.—You stated, Sir, in answer to the same question, that you were informed that Mr. Crane stated that Judge Barnard and himself had lost $11,500 apiece, owing to a fall in the price of the stock when they had expected it to rise upon an injunction granted by Judge Bernard; who is the Mr. Crane referred to in your statement?—give his Christian name and his residence. A.—If I mistake not he is Judge Barnard's family physician; I don't think there will be any doubt as to who is meant.

Counsel insists on having the Christian name and residence.

Witness—If you will give me a Directory I will tell you.

The Directory being brought—

A.—John J. Crane, No. 21 West Twenty-first-street, is what I find in the Directory; that is my answer.

Q.—Can you state the name of the person or party who gave you the information as to the alleged pecuniary loss sustained by Mr. Crane and Judge Barnard? A.—Certainly I can.

Q.—State the name of the person or party, giving his address. A.—I decline, for the same reason as before.

Counsel for the prosecution again requested the referee to order the witness to answer this question, and the same ruling as before was made by the referee, after which the examination was adjourned till 11 o'clock to-day.

The Proceedings in the Supreme Court, Chambers—Judge Cardozo Refuses to Interfere.

After the adjournment of the proceedings before Mr. Haskin, referee, the several counsel engaged in the controversy appeared before Judge Cardozo, who was holding the Chambers of the Supreme Court. The time was about 2:15 P. M., and Judge Cardozo was listening very intently to counsel arguing a motion when Mr. Vanderpoel interrupted. He said they had come before His Honor to have certain points decided. It was by mutual consent of counsel upon both sides that they were there.

Mr. D. D. Field explained that Mr. John B. Haskin was the referee appointed by Judge Barnard to take certain testimony; that while engaged in the examination on Tuesday certain questions were asked witnesses, who declined to answer, on the ground that as counsel they were privileged communications. The referee decided he had no power to compel the answers.

Mr. Fullerton called the attention of the Court to the real state of the case.

Mr. Vanderpoel said the witness in question (whose name he did not give) had refused to answer several important interrogatories which had been propounded to him.

Ex-Judge Pierrepont remarked that it was in pursuance of a mutual agreement among counsel that they had met before His Honor at that time. A witness declined to answer certain questions. The referee had decided he had no power to compel an answer or to commit for contempt. They wished the decision of the Court.

Judge Cardozo replied he would not interfere in these proceedings. He was then, he said, engaged in disposing of the Chambers calendar. To be interrupted at that time and in that manner would not be doing justice to the Bar or to the public. But in the second place he did not wish to interfere in the Erie controversy. The reference had been set on foot by Judge Barnard, and he would tell counsel frankly that it was their duty to go to the Judge who granted the order of reference, if they wished to have the questions settled.

Mr. John B. Haskin arose at this point and said: If the Court please, as to the power of the referee to compel a witness to answer, I wish to get the ruling of the Court. A witness was yesterday asked certain questions which he refused to answer. I wish to make——

Judge Cardozo (interrupting)—I will not interfere in this matter until it comes regularly and properly before me.

Mr. Clark said that all parties had agreed to submit the questions in dispute to Judge Cardozo.

Judge Cardozo—Well, gentlemen, I propose you shall not refer it to me in that way. When the case comes regularly before me, I will give it all the attention and consideration that I am capable of doing.

Mr. Haskin—I understood your Honor to decide that—

Judge Cardozo—I decide nothing in regard to the case. I prefer the questions should be heard before Judge Barnard. I will not hear it.

After some side bar conversation, the counsel for the respective parties left the court-room.

The Reference Before Mr. Redfield—Testimony of Charles A. Rapallo Concluded—Examination of Horace F. Clark.

The examination which has been pending for some time before Mr. Redfield, referee, to procure testimony in the suits of the Erie Railway Company and Mr. Fisk, Jr., *vs.* The Attorney-General et al., and of The Erie Railway Company and James S. Whitney *vs.* Cornelius Vanderbilt et al., on order of reference by Judge Balcolm, was proceeded with yesterday.

Charles A. Rapallo was recalled and testified as follows:

Q.—Was the Attorney-General moved to his proceedings by the representations of private parties, and on the retainer of private parties; in asking this question I beg you to understand that you are not asked, as you have not been asked, to give any information received from clients or any advice you have given them, or any communication in your and their presence. A.—I do not know of his being moved in any manner, except through the statement of facts and papers furnished by me to his deputy, which I presume were communicated to him.

Q.—Did you retain him or his deputy by the payment of money? A.—I consider that a very improper question. I will answer this question, as it seems intended for the purpose of producing the impression from my declining to answer, that the answer would impeach my personal conduct in some way. I answer the question in the negative. I did not.

Q.—Do you consider it an impeachment of your personal honor to pay the fee to the Attorney-General in his suit against the Erie Railway? A.—I think you intend to give it that color.

Q.—You have mentioned one occasion on which Judge Barnard paid a visit to your office. Were you present on another occasion when he went there to perform a judicial act, which act was, granting the order to show cause why the appointment of a receiver ordered on the 14th of March should not be elected on the 19th? A.—I was not.

Q.—Were you in court before Judge Barnard on the 14th of March last? A.—I was.

Q.—Did you see a large bundle of papers purporting to be a supplemental complaint of Richard Shell, and various affidavits attached, with an order to show cause, handed to Judge Barnard? A.—I did; but as all those proceedings are in public, and you already have stenographic reports of them, I can hardly see the use of your going over them here, especially as they cannot possibly be material in this case, as they took place since this action was commenced.

Q.—Perhaps you will think this question material when I ask you another, which is, whether he had seen those papers before? A.—I think this question equally immaterial, but I will answer it: To the best of my knowledge and belief he never had seen them, and I don't think he could have seen them without my knowledge, as they were prepared in my office.

Q.—Were they on that occasion read to him or read by him, or their contents stated in any degree whatever? A.—I think that I ought not to proceed in answering the questions as to what transpired in open court on that occasion, and which cannot in my judgment, have any bearing on this case.

Q.—Do you decline to answer the question? A.—I think my previous answer amounts to that; I so regard it.

Q.—Did Geo. A. Osgood come into the courtroom on that occasion? A.—I have no recollection of seeing him there.

Q.—Were you in court before Judge Barnard on the 19th of March when the appointment of a receiver was attempted to be effected? A.—I decline to answer that question for the same reason.

Q.—Were you in court before Judge Barnard when Jno. B. Haskins was put upon the stand? A.—I decline to answer; all these matters arose since the commencement of this action.

Q.—I know they did, but they throw a strong light on the motives of previous acts, and I therefore ask you to answer my question. A.—They cannot possibly throw any light upon the motion on which I am being examined.

Q.—Was the placing of Haskin on the stand prearranged between Judge Barnard and the counsel, or some of them on your side? A.—It was not so far as I have any knowledge or belief on the subject.

Q.—Was it known to Judge Barnard beforehand that Haskin was to be examined? A.—It was not to my knowledge and belief.

Witness—I wish to add one thing to my deposition which, I think, I ought to add in justice to myself as well as Judge Barnard, in view of the kind of questions which have been put to me; I applied for each of the injunctions in the cases of Work and People to Judge Barnard, of my own accord, and I do not think that he knew, until the papers were presented to him, that he was to be applied to for such injunctions; I had no communication with him previous to such applications, nor between the times of the several applications; nor do I know of his being communicated with by any person on the subject, nor has anything taken place in respect to obtaining several orders and injunctions that I have obtained out of the usual course.

Q.—After having made that statement will you answer such questions as I may put to you tending to show that Judge Barnard's acts in this litigation have been prearranged with him? If you will answer fully I will proceed with the inquiry, if you will not I will not begin it. A.—I do not know or believe that there was any such prearrangement. I think I have answered all the questions which could with propriety be put to me and more. I do not intend to make any promise so as to invite a series of questions which are in themselves offensive to the Judge and me.

Q.—Will you answer the question I put to you? A.—I will give no other answer to it.

Horace F. Clark was next called.

Q.—Are you one of the counsel for Cornelius Vanderbilt and others in the present Erie litigation? A.—I am one of the counsel for sundry of the defendants in the litigation which you have set up, and I am associated with counsel in the actions and proceedings wherein you have appeared for the defence.

Q.—Will you state for whom you are counsel? A.—It is somewhat difficult to answer that question, as I am not at the moment advised as to all the persons whom you have made defendants in the suits you have set on foot; I appeared before Judge Gilbert in the Second District upon the motion to dissolve an injunction granted by him; the defendants for whom I appeared on that occasion were Cornelius Vanderbilt, William H. Vanderbilt, Richard Schell, Augustus Shell, James H. Banker; I remember no other defendant in whose behalf I appeared on that case: I was with Mr. Rapallo, Mr. O'Conor and others upon several motions or proceedings at the special term of the Supreme Court of the First District, before Judge Barnard, and I have taken part in the examination of witnesses in the cases pending before Judge Barnard for a violation of injunctions granted by him; I also attended before the general term upon the argument of sundry appeals from orders made at special term; I should state that I also appeared as counsel for stockholders of the Erie Railway Company before a committee of the Assembly, in opposition to a bill there proposed to legalize the late unauthorized issue of stock.

Q.—What stockholders did you represent? A.—I represented myself for one, and as to other stockholders, as I only know of their ownership from their narrations to me, you would doubtless deem it improper to interrogate; I was informed that I there represented a majority of all the stock, real or fictitious, new or old, by parties on whose word I place the most implicit confidence; I will not give you the names of all the persons who requested my appearance at Albany, because it cannot be material to this controversy that I should do so; the number of persons is large.

Q.—As I asked you only for whom you were counsel in the Erie litigation, and as you volunteered to say that you represented stockholders before a committee of the Assembly in opposition to a bill to legalize what you are pleased to call an unauthorized issue of stock, and as I can see no impropriety in asking you this question, I do now ask you whom you represented? A.—I did not quite understand the limitation of your former question, and I shall give you no further or other answer.

Q.—When did you become a stockholder? A.—I cannot give you the date; more than a year since.

Q.—How much stock have you? A.—I have 100 shares and upward; the question as to the precise amount I have is a question which you have no right to ask, and which I shall not answer.

Q.—You are related to Cornelius Vanderbilt, I believe? A.—One of his daughters is my wife.

Q.—Is George A. Osgood also related to him in the same way? A.—Mr. Osgood married a daughter of Mr. Vanderbilt.

Q.—Did you draw or see his official bond as receiver in this case? A.—I did not.

Q.—Are you able to tell me when it was executed? A.—I cannot, Sir; I have had no charge of that part of the proceedings.

Q.—Were you in Court before Judge Barnard on the 19th of March, 1868? A.—I was.

Q.—Did you make an address to him on that occasion? A.—I made, Sir, what I should more properly characterize as an argument before the Court; if you mean, Sir, by your question to inquire of me whether the remarks I made might be regarded as an address rather than an argument, I have not so understood you; I addressed the Court such observations as I thought just and pertinent to the matter pending before it.

Q.—Was it a part of your argument that, for his conduct in that case, the people would elevate him still higher? A.—I do not remember having made any such observation, and think I did not make such an observation; I urged him to defend his jurisdiction from invasion.

Q.—You don't remember having held out any such promises to the Judge, or if you did, what you meant by it? A.—I do not think I said anything which makes your question fair or appropriate. It was certainly not my intention to hold out any promise or to urge any consideration which I did not then believe, and which I do not still believe to have been just and proper. I am greatly surprised that you should have put such a question.

Q.—Do you remember what you said? A.—I do not remember the precise language I made use of; I remember the general line of the argument.

Q.—Do you remember having intended to throw out any intimation to the Judge that if he persevered in granting what you asked he would be elevated to the office of Governor or to some other office higher than the one he now holds? A.—I do not; I did not intend to make any such intimation, and do not think I said anything which can possibly furnish a reasonable ground for your question.

At this point the examination was adjourned to 2 P. M. to-day.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 15, 1868.

$21,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20 C., '62	110¾	150	H. & St. J. R.	75
25,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C., '64 ... b3	109¼	100	H. & St. J. Pf.	83
25,000	do	108⅞	500	Mer. U. Ex	26
5,000	do	108⅞	200	do	25⅞
4,000	U. S. 5-20s, C '65 New Issue	107⅞	100	do	25⅞
1,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '65	109¼	70	do	25
10,000	do	109⅛	400	do	25¼
60,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40s C.	101⅞	100	do	26
10,000	do ... b3	101⅞	100	do	26½
10,000	do ... c	101⅞	540	do	27
25,000	do	101⅞	130	do	27½
35,000	U. S. 5-20s, C. '67 New Issue	107⅞	100	N. Y. Cen.	115⅞
10,000	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s 2d series ... c	105⅞	200	do	115⅞
2,5000	do 3d Series	105	400	do	115⅞
16,000	do	105¼	900	do	115⅞
45,000	do ... b3	105⅜	400	do ... b30	116⅞
6,000	N. Y. State Bounty Loan ... R	108⅝	100	do ... b30	116⅛
3,000	Vir. St. 6's ... x-c	50	300	do	115⅞
7,500	N. C. S. 6s, x-c	59¼	400	Erie R.	68⅞
10,000	do	59½	100	do	68⅞
22,000	Missouri 6s	87	105	do	67
5,000	Erie 3d M	95	50	Erie R. P.	70⅞
1,000	Alt. & T. H. 1st.	94	100	do	70
17,000	Mo. S. 6s	86½	100	Hud. R. R. ... b30	125½
1,000	Tenn. St. 6s, x-c.	66¾	100	do	125
20,000	Tenn. 6s. new	66	200	do	124
5,000	Gr. W. R. 2d M.	76	100	do	123½
2,000	Mor. & Es. 2d M.	87	400	do	123⅞
2,000	O. & M. 1st M.	92	400	Reading R.	87⅞
1,000	M. & St. P. 1st	90	1400	do	87⅞
3,000	T., Peoria & W. 1st	81	600	do	87⅞
50	Bank of Commerce	120	200	M. S. & N. I.	87
5	Hanover Bk	116	100	do	86¾
10	Imp. & Trad. B'k	127	300	do	86⅞
20	Cent. Nat. Bank	106½	600	do	86⅞
50	do	106	600	do	86⅞
830	West. U. Tel	35	500	do ... s10	87⅛
300	do	35⅛	200	do ... b30	87⅞
200	Quicksilver	24	100	Ill. Cen. R.	142
400	do	24⅛	500	do	142½
100	do	24⅜	1200	Clev. & Pitts	84
26	Pacific Mail	88⅞	400	do	84½
50	do	88⅞	200	do	84⅞
100	do	88¼	19	Clev., Col. & Cin. R.	106⅞
100	Adams Ex.	58⅞	125	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	71½
200	do	58⅞	200	do	70⅞
100	do	58¼	100	do	71
100	do	57⅞	200	do	70½
100	do	57	1400	do	69⅞
100	do	56	200	do	69⅞
100	do	55½	600	do	70
400	do	55	100	do	70⅞
200	do	54	50	do	70⅞
100	do	53½	400	Clev. & Tol	101½
100	do	53	100	do	100⅞
200	do	52½	100	Clev. P. & Ash	99⅞
100	do	52	10	do	100
100	do	52¼	500	Chi. & R. I.	87⅛
500	do	52½	100	do	86⅞
100	do	52¼	300	do	86⅞
500	do	52	200	do	87
32	Am. Ex. Co	52	400	Mil. & St. P	57
15	do	51½	200	do ... b30	57½
10	do	50½	300	do	56⅞
10	do	50	400	Mil. & St. P Pf.	68⅞
10	do	49	800	do	69
300	Wells-Fargo Ex	26	500	Tol., W. & W.	48
100	U. S. Ex. Co	50	100	do ... b60	47
100	do	49	300	P., Ft. W. & C.	99
50	do	48	400	do	99½
400	do	47	100	do	99¼
500	do	46	200	do	99½
200	do	45½	500	do	99¼
200	Alt. & T. H. R.	40	85	do	100
400	Ohio & Miss. R.	29⅞	100	Union Nav. Co.	31⅛
500	do	29⅝	100	do	22
100	do ... b30	29⅞	200	Adams Ex.	55⅛
60	Mar & Cin. 1st Pf.	25	100	U. S. Ex.	50
			200	Mer. U. Ex.	28⅞
			100	do	29
			17	Amer. Ex.	50
			100	Mich. Cen.	113⅞
			200	Chi. & N. W. P.	69½
			100	P., Ft. W. & C.	99⅞
			100	Rens. & Sar. R.	84¾

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000	U. S. 6s. '81, R.	111⅜	100	Cum. Coal Pf.	30
5,000	do	111⅜	100	N. Y. Cent.	114⅞
5,000	U. S. 6s '81, C.	111⅝	600	do	114¼
2,000	U. S. 5-20s, R. '62	104⅛	800	do	114⅛
			400	do	114⅜
10,000	U. S. 5-20s, C. '67 New Issue	107⅞	100	Erie R.	67⅞
			600	do	67½
131,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40s. C.	101⅞	400	Hud. Riv. R.	124
5,000	Tr. Not., 7 3-10s. 2d series	105⅞	200	Reading R.	88
			200	do	87⅞
13,000	Tenn. 6s. new	65⅛	500	Mich. S. & N. I.	87¼
100	Canton Co.	45½	200	Ill. Cen ... s60	142
400	West. U. Tel	35	25	do	141⅞
200	do	34⅞	200	Cleve. & Pitts	84⅞
900	do	34⅞	200	do	84½
100	do ... b10	34⅞	500	do	84
100	Quicksilver ... b10	25	100	Chi. & N. W. ... s60	59
800	do	24⅞	1100	do	60
25	Pacific Mail	88	700	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	69½
500	do	88½	25	do	70
10	do	88⅞	400	do	69⅞
50	At. Mail	34	300	Cl. & Tol ... b10	101
50	Adams Ex.	54½	200	do	100⅞
300	do	55	300	Chic. & R. I. R.	87
400	do	56	300	do	87½
100	do	55⅞	300	Mil. & St. P. ... b30	57
100	do	55¼	300	do	56⅞
110	do	57	200	do	56⅞
150	do	55½	100	do	56⅞
100	do ... b15	56½	150	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	68⅞
100	Wells-Fargo Ex. C.	26⅞	100	Tol., W. & W. Pf.	70½
50	Amer. Ex.	52	28	Pitt. Ft. W. & C.	100⅛
10	do	51½	50	do	99⅞
100	Mer. U. Ex.	29	300	do	99½
200	do	30	500	do ... b30	100
300	do	31	100	do ... s30	99⅞
100	do	30⅞	1200	Ohio & Miss. R.	29⅞
200	do	30⅞			

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

100	Wells-Fargo Ex.	26⅞	200	Reading R.	88⅞
1100	Adams Ex.	59	800	do	88¼
300	do	58⅞	600	do	88⅞
800	do	58½	1500	do	88
800	do	58¼	500	do	87⅞
200	do ... c	58¼	200	do ... c	87⅞
100	do ... b15	58½	400	Tol., W. & W.	47⅛
100	do ... s10	58½	100	M. & St. P. ... b10	58
200	do	58⅞	500	do ... b30	58
400	Mer. U. Ex.	30	200	do	57⅛
200	do ... c	30	100	do ... b10	57½
100	do	29⅞	600	do	57¼
20	do	30	500	do	57
100	do ... c	29⅞	200	do ... c	57⅛
100	Quicksilver	23⅞	200	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	70
100	Canton Co.	46	100	do	69⅞
200	Pac. Mail	88⅞	100	P., F. W. & C.	99⅞
100	do	88½	100	do ... b60	100
500	do	88⅞	100	do ... c	99½
600	do	88¼	100	do	99½
600	do	88	200	do	99⅞
800	do	88⅛	500	Ohio & Miss. R. R.	29⅞
200	do ... c	88⅛	400	Bos., Hartford & E.	14⅞
400	West. U. Tel.	35⅞	300	do	14⅞
300	do	35⅞	800	M. S. & N. I. R.	87⅞
300	N. Y. Cen.	116⅞	2200	do	87⅞
2800	do	116⅛	200	do ... c	87⅞
800	do ... c	116⅛	400	do ... c	87⅞
200	do ... b10	116⅛	200	Clev. & Pitts	84
200	do ... b5	116⅜	200	do	84⅛
900	do ... c	116⅜	800	do	84⅛
200	do ... s10	116⅞	200	Clev. & Tol.	101⅞
800	do	116⅞	100	do	102
500	do	116⅛	200	Chi. R. I. & P.	88
1200	Erie R.	69	300	do	87⅞
300	do	68⅞	3200	do	87⅞
300	do ... c	69	400	do	87⅞
200	Erie R. P.	70½	200	do ... c	87⅞
100	do	70⅞	200	do ... s10	87⅞
100	do ... c	70⅞	1500	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	72
100	Hud. R. R. ex-d. s10	127	400	do	71¾
100	do ... b3	127	300	do	71⅞
100	do	126⅞	300	do	71⅞
100	do	126½	100	do	71½
100	C. & N. W. R.	60	100	do ... c	71½

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

60	Amer Ex.	48	100	Hudson R. ... x-d	124
300	Adams Ex.	54	1200	Reading R.	87⅛
200	do ... c	53⅞	100	Mil. & St. P. ... b10	57
100	do ... c	53⅞	100	do	56¼
100	do	53	2200	P., F. W. & C.	99
50	U. S. Ex.	50	600	O. & Miss. R.	29⅛
200	Mer. U. Ex.	27⅛	300	do	29⅞
100	do	27⅛	400	Mil. & St. P. P.	68
100	do ... c	27⅛	100	do	67½
800	do	27⅞	5600	Mich. So. & N. I.	86½
300	Quicksilver	24	500	do ... c	86½
600	Pacific Mail	87⅞	400	do	86⅞
20	do	88	300	do	86⅞
100	do ... c	87⅞	200	do	86⅞
100	West. U. Tel.	35⅞	600	Cleve. & Pitts	83⅞
400	N. Y. Cen. ... c	114½	400	do	84
2100	do	114	400	Clev. & Tol.	100½
1500	do	114⅛	200	do	100⅛
300	do ... c	114	200	do ... c	100⅞
500	do ... s3	114⅞	1100	C., R. I. & P.	85
400	do	114⅛	500	do	85½
1100	Erie R.	67¼	600	do	85⅛
300	do	67⅜	200	do ... c	85⅛
100	do ... b10	67⅜	500	do	85⅞
500	do ... c	67⅛	500	do	85⅞
400	do ... c	67⅛	300	Chi. & N. W.	60
2200	Erie R.	67⅝	200	Chic. & N. W. Pf.	68
400	do ... s3	67	600	do	68⅛
400	do ... c	67⅛	1100	do	68⅜
300	do ... s5	67⅛	400	do ... c	68⅞
100	Wells-Fargo Ex.	27	500	do	68⅞
500	Erie Pref.	69⅛	300	do ... b3	68⅞

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

100	Adams Ex.	55	1200	Reading R.	88
100	do	55⅛	600	do	88½
200	Quick. Min	24⅞	1100	do	87⅞
100	do	25	200	do ... s15	87⅞
100	do	25⅛	500	P., F. W. & C.	99⅞
100	Canton Co. ... b30	46⅞	100	do ... b15	100
200	do	46	100	do	99⅞
100	do	45⅞	600	Ohio & M. R.	29½
100	Pacific Mail	89	800	Mich. S. & N. I.	87½
100	do	89⅛	200	do ... b15	88
200	do	89⅞	100	do	87⅞
100	do ... s3	89⅛	500	Clev. & Tol.	101
400	West. U. Tel.	35	200	do	101½
1200	do	35⅛	900	Chic., R. I. & P.	86⅞
100	do ... b15	35⅞	500	do	86⅞
500	do	35⅛	200	do ... b10	86½
1500	N. Y. Cen. R.	115	200	do ... s3	86⅞
600	do	114⅞	400	do ... s3	86½
200	Erie R.	68	500	Chi. & N. W. R. Pf.	68⅞
300	do	67⅞	800	do	70
1100	do	67⅞	100	do ... b30	70⅞
200	do	67⅞	200	do ... b3	70½
200	Clev. & Pitts R.	84⅛	200	do ... s3	70
200	do	84⅛			

WEDNESDAY, April 15—P. M.

The sales of Gold to-day were at 138¼@138⅜ per cent., as against 138⅜ at the close of business yesterday. The Treasury Office had the credit, on the street, of being a seller again to-day, though not, we believe, beyond its daily receipts for Customs, which average about $400,000 per day. The Foreign Exchanges keep very firm in rates—109⅞ on London—but owing to the increased closeness in the Money market, the demand for Bills is not so very considerable as to induce a decided export of Gold Coin. The market for Exchange, however, is in the complete control of the leading Banking houses, owing to the absence of transient bills.

The Money market was quite as sharp to-day as immediately before the April Quarterly Statement of the National Banks. The same extravagant *shaves* for Money were not paid by the Stock Exchange Brokers, because of the borrowing demand for the Railways from the *shorts* in the New-York and Western Roads, but the difficulty of making new loans, where old loans were called in, was acknowledged on all hands, and contributed in no small degree to a further heavy depression on the Railway list. The Public Funds also felt the pressure for Money, but the decline from yesterday's sales scarcely amounted to ¼@⅜ ℘ cent. The amount of Gold-bearing and 7.30 ℘ cent. Stocks forced on sale for cash was comparatively limited. The 5.20s of 1862 fell ¼ ℘ cent., 1867s fell ⅛ ℘ cent., and the 7.30s ⅛@¼ ℘ cent.

A very large business, it will be noticed from the official printed lists of the Stock Exchange Boards, was done in the Railways and in the Miscellaneous Stocks. The panic depression not only continued in the Vanderbilt Roads, but it reached the Keep-Lockwood Roads, and made sad work with Rock Island, Chicago and Northwest, (Common and preferred,) Michigan Southern and the St. Paul Stocks. The fall in Rock Island from the best sales of last week is 12 ℘ cent.; Northwest Preferred, 6 ℘ cent.; Northwest Common, 4 ℘ cent.; Michigan Southern, 3@4 ℘ cent., and St. Paul Preferred, 6@7 ℘ cent. The clique controlling these Stocks through the severe pressure for Money week before last, and last week and early the present week, while the Vanderbilt Stocks were going down, realized to-day that, as a rule in Wall-street, *no Stock Exchange panic can be made partial.* These conspicuous operators, by their open indifference to, if not secret sympathy with, the raid upon the New-York Roads, and under the gross delusion that they could take care of their Western favorites even if the Vanderbilt party should be driven to the wall, are now placed in the humiliating position of surrendering to a panic which they had it in their own power a week ago to wholly avert. Their experience to-day, however, will probably soon result in a general good to the whole market; for, although the pressure for Money is severe and the trial of margins upon these clique Stocks greater than for several months past, we hear no intimation of failures and no serious doubt expressed of the ability of the party referred to, to weather the unexpected storm.

After the late Boards broke up the Railway market was partially better, and the Express Shares were also higher than the panic sales of the forenoon; but the general look of the market was unsettled, with an evidently increased confidence among many of the Long Room operators to bear the Railways for a further decline. The quotations were as follows at 5:30 P. M.:

	Tues.	Wed.		Tues.	Wed.
U. S. 10-40s	101⅞	101¾	Missouri	87	87
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	111	110¾	Northwest	62	60
U. S. Con. 5-20s	107⅞	107⅝	N. West Pref.	73⅝	70
N. Y. Central	117½	114¼	Rock Island	89½	86¾
Erie	69⅝	67⅝	Fort Wayne	100	99⅞
Hudson	127	125	W. U. Telegraph	36⅛	35
Reading	88⅜	87⅞	M'chants' Union	31⅝	28⅛
Mich. Southern	88	87⅞	St. Paul Pref.	71⅝	69
Ohio and Miss.	30¼	29⅜	St. Paul Com.	58⅝	57
Pittsburgh	86	84⅞	Pacific Mail	89½	88⅛
Toledo	102⅛	101	American Gold	138⅜	138¼
Tenn. 6s, new	67	65⅛	Bills on London	109⅝	109⅞

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ℘ cent. 1868	140	5-20 cou., 1865, new is.	107⅞
6 ℘ cent. coupon, 1868	140	5-20 reg., 1867	107⅝
6 ℘ ct. reg., 1881	110⅞	5-20 coup. '67	107⅝
500 & 1,000, 1881	110⅞	5 ℘ cent. reg. 1871	119⅞
5-20 reg., 1862	104	5 ℘ cent. coup., 1871	120
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1862	110⅞	10-40 reg.	101½
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1864	108⅞	10-40 500 & 1,000	101⅞
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1865	109⅛	7 3-10 2d series	106
5-20 coup. '65 n. is.	107⅞	7 3-10 3d series	106

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. Canal 7s, 1870	101⅞	Illinois coupon 6s. 1877	100
N. Y. reg. B'y Loan	108⅞	Illinois coupon 6s. 1879	100
N. Y. coup. B'y Loan	108⅞	Michigan 6 ℘ c., 1873	94
N. Y. Canal 6s, 1872	101	Michigan 6 ℘ c., 1878	94
N. Y. Canal 6s, 1873	101	Michigan 6 ℘ c. 1883	94
N. Y. Canal 6s, 1874	101	Tennessee 6 ℘ c., 1868	70
N. Y. Canal 7s, 1875	101½	Tennessee 6 ℘ c. ex-c.	66½
N. Y. Canal 6s, 1877	102	Tennessee 6 ℘ c. n. bds	66⅞
N. Y. Canal 5s, 1878	102	Virginia 6s., ex-c.	50
N. Y. Canal 5s, 1874	96	Georgia 7s. new bonds	88
Illinois C. bonds 1860	100	North Carolina 6s. x. c.	59⅞
Illinois reg., 1860	100	North Car. 6s. n. b.	59⅞
Ill. 6s. cou., '79 aft. 1860	100	Missouri 6s	86⅞
Ill. 6s. cou., '79 aft. 1862	100	Mis. 6s. H. & St. Jo. is.	85
Illinois c. 6s, '79 aft. 1865	100	Connecticut 6s	100
Illinois c. 6s '79 aft. 1870	100		

And the following for the City Bank Stocks. The City National Bank has declared a half-yearly Dividend of 6 ℘ cent., and the Fulton National a half-yearly Dividend of 5 ℘ cent.

New-York	133	Bank of N. America	106⅛
Manhattan	140	Hanover	115¼
Merchants'	119	Irving	106⅛
Mechanics'	124	Metropolitan	134
Union	120	Market	117
America	142	Nassau	107
City	180	Shoe and Leather	115⅛
Phenix	106	Continental	103
Tradesmen's	137	St. Nicholas	106
National	107	Imp't'rs. & Traders'	127
Merch'ts Exchange	112	Manuf's & Merchants	103
Leather Manuf's	170	Central National	105
Seventh Ward	111	Fourth National	104¾
State of New-York	115½	Ninth National	105
Commerce	119⅞	Tenth National	102
Mechanics B'k Ass.	116	Eleventh Ward	103
American Exchange	120		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	95½	Han. & St. J. land gr'nts	100
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Es.	93	Tol. & W. 1st Mort.	91
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub'n	93	Tol. & W. 1st M. Ex.	91
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	103	Tol & W. 2d M.	82
Erie 1st M., Ex.	104	Gt. Western 1st M. '68	100
Erie 7s, 3d ind., 1883	94½	Gt. Western, 1st M. '88	88
Erie 7s, 5th ind., 1888	89	Gt. Western 2d M. '93	76
Buff., N. Y. & Erie, 1st '77	96	Mil. & P. du C. 1st M.	96
Hud. 7s, 2d M. S. F. '85	104	Gal. & Chi. extended	100
Hud. R. 7s, 3d M., '75	101	Chi & R I 1st M.	100⅞
Mich. C. 8 ℘ c. '69-'72	106	Chi. & R. I. Pac. is.	94½
M. C. new 1st M. '8s. '82	111	Morris & Essex 1st M.	99⅞
Mich. So. 7 ℘ c. 2d M.	95	Morris & Essex 2d M.	87
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ℘ c.	100⅞	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 2d M.	98
Pac. R. 7s, guar. by Mo.	91	Pitts. Ft. W. & Ch. 3d M.	90
Ill. Cen. 7 ℘ c. 1870	112	Cleve. & P. 3d M. conv.	94
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	94	Ohio & Miss. 1st M.	92
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf.	82½	Peninsula R. R. bonds	82
Alton & T. H. 2d M. in.	81	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M.	90
Con. 7 ℘ cent. conv.	88½	Chi. & Gt. East. 1st M.	83½
Con. 7 ℘ cent. 1st M.	88	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	94

Mr. Henry A. Heiser, Jr., of Heiser Sons, No. 38 Wall-street, has been elected to membership at the Open Board of Brokers.

The Express Stocks, especially of the old Companies, have encountered a general collapse in market values, and the rush to see them to-day was one of the features of the panic season. The speculation in Adams, United States, American and Wells-Fargo for six months or a year past has been in the nature of a *blind adventure.* The actual worth of the property and good will dealt in, was wholly unknown to two-thirds the parties who deal in these stocks. The disastrous result in the Wells-Fargo Company, known to the Stock Exchange more than a fortnight ago, has at length utterly demoralized the old confederate Companies, and the new Merchants' Union, in turn, is brought down from $35 (par value) to $27 ℘ share. The fall in the Adams Company since a Dividend of $5 ℘ share was announced a few days ago, is from 75 ℘ cent. (or 70 ℘ cent. ex dividend) to 50@52 ℘ cent.; a decline which would indicate not only the decrease of reliable information as to actual value, but a serious distrust as to the administration of the line, as in the case of the Wells-Fargo.

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $2,528,559 56; total payments, $1,338,129 95; balance, $103,759,665 54. The receipts include for Customs, $428,000; Gold Notes, $255,000.

The sum of $20,000 was this day paid into the New-York Office of the United States Treasury, under the following patriotic clause in the will of a deceased citizen of California:

Copy of article eighth of the last will and testament of Ralph S. Fretz, deceased, dated at San Francisco, Cal., 1st May, A. D. 1867:

Considering that I have been greatly blessed, and that I have an undying attachment to the Government of the United States, the country of my birth, and remembering that by reason of my age and infirmities, during the recent unnatural rebellion to destroy it, I was unable to render service in the field to put down and punish that great crime, and being not unmindful that a large public burden of indebtedness has been necessarily incurred in accomplishing that object, I desire not only to leave behind me, when I am gone, an humble testimonial of the gratitude I feel toward those whose virtues and valor and sacrifices and services preserved what I regard as the best Government man was permitted to have; but beyond that, and in addition to paying the ordinary taxes on my estate, I think it a duty out of the means Providence in His bounty has enabled me to acquire, and the laws of my country aided me to preserve, to do something toward extinguishing the national debt. Therefore moved thereto by the foregoing causes only, I hereby give and bequeath unto the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America, in trust, and to be applied only toward cancelling the national debt, the sum of $20,000.

The Albany *Argus* of Monday, says on the subject of adopting the Cental System in commercial operations:

> "The Chicago Board of Trade, at its annual meeting held on the 7th inst., discussed among other topics, the action of the Boston Commercial Convention upon the subject of the Cental system. The report of the Committee of the Boston Convention, recommending the adoption of the Cental standard of measurement on and after Aug. 1, was indorsed, and in the course of the discussion, it was remarked by Mr. Low that 'if New-York and Chicago adopted this standard, it would be operative; if not, it would be dropped, no matter what other cities were in favor of it.' Mr. Randolph said: 'We have already passed resolutions agreeing that we would adopt it, but we failed, not because we did not wish to put it into effect ourselves. If we had done it, it would have been operative throughout the country to-day.' Now, taking the modest view of the question here expressed, Chicago is in favor of the cental measurement, and Chicago can put this great reform into operation. The fault then is clearly with the Chicago Board of Trade, on its own admission, that the cental system is not universally adopted to-day. The Albany Board of Trade, through our representative in Congress, have had a bill introduced embodying the suggestions of the Boston Convention, and making the 'Cental' the legal standard on and after Aug. 1. Has the Chicago Board of Trade taken any steps toward securing the passage of this bill? Here is a reform demanded by the entire country, a reform which has been indorsed by all the boards of trade of the commercial cities of the Union, both as distinct bodies and through their representatives in convention, and which has received the unanimous approval of the Press; a measure whose merits are so obvious that it were useless to discuss them.
>
> The Chicago Board of Trade, while admitting all this, tells us that they are in favor of it, and that they can put it into successful operation.
>
> Let them only do as much for it as Albany has done, and the reform will be accomplished. But if the Board of Trade of that great commercial city, and important grain market, is merely to treat us to declamatory statements as to what it can do, in a matter of such interest to itself, the reform may not be consummated, and in that event Chicago must bear the blame.
>
> The bill before Congress is in the hands of the House Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures. Chicago and New-York should take immediate action to hasten a favorable report, and should exert themselves to the utmost to have the cental system come into general use on the 1st of August."

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Bank-st., s. s., 145.2 ft. e. of 4th-st., 19.5x90.¾x20x 90.¼	$13,600
Broadway and 11th-st., s. e. corner, 75.8x115.6x94x 42.7x10.1x100.7, q. c.	nom.
Broadway, w. s., 76.7½ ft. s. of 80th-st., 25.6⅜x104.2½ x25.4½x103.8¼	10,500
Clinton-st., e. s. 250 ft. s. of Houston, 50x102	40,000
Columbia-st., w. s., between Stanton and Rivington, 25x100	12,500
Christopher-st., n. s., 130 ft. e. of 4th-st., 22x75	15,500
Essex-st., w. s., (No. 9,) 220.6 ft. s. of Hester, 20x57	16,550
Horatio-st., s. s., 18.8 ft. e. of Greenwich-st., 18.8 x50	8,000
Laurens-st., (Nos. 146 and 148,) 50x100	47,500
Monroe-st., n. s. 182 ft. w. of Clinton-st., 26x110	13,100
Pine-st., (No. 58,) 24.6x93.6	25,000
Prince and Wooster sts., n. e. cor., 25x95	33,600
Sheriff-st., (No. 86,) 25x100	11,200
Waverley-place, (No. 105,) 25.1x105x25.4x105	24,000
2d-st., s. s., 152.6 ft. w. of Avenue B, 19.4x105.5	12,900
10th-st. (No. 382)	9,400
11th-st., n. s. 320 ft. w. of 2d-av., 17x100	14,700
13th-st., n. s., 262.6 ft. w. of 7th-av., 20.10x75	9,000
16th-st., s. s., 171 ft. e. of 4th-av., 33x103.3	40,400
21st-st., s. s., between 6th and 7th avs., 23x92	21,900
25th-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 4th-av., 25x98.9	38,000
26th-st., n. s., 425 ft. w. of 6th-av., 16.8x98.9	13,000
28th-st., s. s., 160 ft. w. of 9th-av., 15x98.9	11,000
31st-st., s. s., 450 ft. e. of 10th-av., 23x82	9,600
31st-st., s. s. 440 ft. w. of 8th-av., 20x98.9	14,500
32d-st., s. s., 175 ft. w. of 7th-av., 25x98.9	6,700
33d-st., s. s. 275 ft. e. of 8th-av., 19.9x80.11	12,000
33d-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 8th-av., 20x98.9	22,800
35th-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of 2d-av., 25x98.9	15,300
36th-st., n. s., 355 ft. e. of 6th-av., 20x98.9	15,000
38th-st., n. s., 321 ft. n. of 5th-av., 22x98.9	45,000
40th-st., s. s., 138.4 ft. w. of 9th-av., 18.4x98.9	10,700
40th-st., s. s., 116.8 ft. e. of 9th-av., 16.8x98.9	9,750
40th-st., n. s., 25 ft. w. of Lexington-av., 20x100	11,000
41st-st., n. s., 325 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x98.9	2,200
41st-st., n. s., 350 ft. e. of 11th-av., 50x98.9	4,400
45th-st., s. s., 155 ft. e. of 3d-av., 16.8x100.4	11,200
45th-st., s. s., 320 ft. e. of 6th-av., 20x105.5	22,500
45th-st., s. s., 171.8 ft. e. of 3d-av., 16.8x100.4	11,000
45th-st., n. s., 101.3 ft. e. of 6th-av., 18.9x100.5	20,000
46th-st., n. s., 455 ft. w. of 9th-av., 25x100.4	11,700
46th-st., n. s., 150 ft. w. of 3d-av., 50x100.5	14,000
46th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 3d-av., 50x100.5	14,000
48th-st., s. s., 565 ft. w. of 6th-av., 20x100.5	21,000
50th-st., n. s., 157 ft. w. of 2d-av., 17x100.5	12,000
54th-st., s. s., 225 ft. w. of 8th-av., 50x165.11x50x 167.11	43,249
54th-st., s. s., 375 ft. w. of 6th-av., 25x100.5	5,000
54th-st., s. s., 225 ft. e. of 5th-av., 25x100.5	37,000
55th and 56th sts., 120 ft. w. of 8th-av., (irregular lot)	1,500
56th-st., s. s., 120 ft. e. of 8th-av., (gore lot)	1,500
58th-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of 8th-av., 13x100.5	5,200
58th-st., s. s., 90 ft. e. of 3d-av., 20x100.5	18,500
58th-st., s. s., 75 ft. e. of 3d-av., 20x100.5	17,000
60th-st., n. s., 25 ft. e. of Lexington-av., 20x80.5	25,000
60th-st. and 4th-av., s. e. cor., 200x100.5	75,000
61st-st., n. s., 335 ft. w. of 9th-av., 20x100.4	4,000
61st-st., n. s., 275 ft. w. of 9th-av., 60x100.4	12,000
77th-st., n. s., 119 ft. w. of Avenue A, 25x102.2	1,300
79th-st., s. s., 251.5 ft w. of 2d-av., 17.10x102.2	15,000
82d-st. and 3d-av., s. e. corner, 200x102	57,500
88th-st. and Bloomingdale Road, s. w. corner, 76.1 x102.6	25,000
99th-st., s. s., 275 ft. e. of 5th-av., 25x100.9	2,000
103d-st., n. s., 63.4 ft. e. of 3d-av., 34.2x100.10	7,700
106th-st., s. s., 214 ft. e. of 3d-av., 18x100.11	5,100
109th-st., n. s., 140 ft. w. of 2d-av., 20x100	5,800
114th-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of 10th-av., 100x100	6,000
115th-st., s. s., 325 ft. w. of 9th-av., 50x100	3,100
116th-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of 6th-av., 25x100.11	18,000
116th-st., n. s., 150 ft. e. of 6th-av., 25x100.11	1,250
117th-st., n. s., 250 ft. e. of 2d-av., 25x¼ block	1,200
121st-st., s. s., 115 ft. e. of 4th-av., 25x100.10	2,125
121st-st., s. s., 140 ft. e. of 4th-av., 25x100.10	2,125
123d-st., n. s., 82 ft. w. of 3d-av., 18x100.11	2,500
128th-st., n. s., 185 ft. w. of 5th-av., 37.6x85	12,000
133d-st., n. s., 150 ft. w. of 8th-av., 25x99.11	2,000
143d-st., n. s., bet. 7th and 8th avs., 25x99.11	775
Avenue B, e. s., 76.8 ft. s. of 84th-st., 148x½ block	7,000
Lexington-av., e. s., 49.5 ft. s. of 38th-st., 24.8x100	42,000
1st-av. and 40th-st., s. e. corner, 150x100.5	19,000
1st-av., e. s., 74.5 ft. s. of 59th-st., 26x66.6	15,410
2d-av., e. s., 60.11 ft. s. of 121st-st., 20x80	8,200
3d-av., e. s., 80.8 ft. n. of 105th-st., 63.4x20.2	6,225
3d-av. and 20th-st., s. e. corner, 24.8x90	27,000
3d-av., 40.4 ft. n. of 105th-st., 40.4x63.4	12,725
3d-av. and 88th-st., s. w. corner, 240.7x½ blockx 206x8½ in.x100x100	50,550
4th-av., e. s., 40 s. of 22d-st., 20x70	32,500
7th-av. and 125th-st. to 124th-st., 150x100.11	37,400
8th-av., e. s., 22 ft. s. of 48th-st., 21.6x97	8,000
10th-av., e. s., 51.2 ft. s. of 83d-st., 25.6x100	4,500
11th-av., e. s., 79.2 ft. n. of 41st-st., 19.7x82	8,700

Leases Recorded.

Thames-st., No. 15½, (store and basement,) 5 years.	$500
West-st., Nos. 315 and 316 } Washington-st., Nos. 524 and 526 } 5 years	5,400
6th-av., and 48th-st., s. e. cor., (store and cellar,) 5 years	1,500

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Butler-st., s. s., 80 ft. e. of Hoyt-st., 20x100	$5,500
Clinton-st., e. s., 69.10 ft. s. of Livingston-st., 23x 51x23.7x50.4	13,000
Cumberland-st., e. s., 227.3 ft. s. of Park-av., 25x 100	3,500
Degraw-st., s. s., 267 ft. e. of Henry-st., 25x100	11,250
Diamond-st., w. s., 159.10½ ft. n. of Van Cott-av., 25x160	400
Elm-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Willow-st., 25x95	300
Freeman-st., s. s., 370 ft. from Union-av., 60x100	5,000
Grand-st., s. s., 274.1 ft. w. of Lorrimer-st., 24.5x 110	5,000
Harrison-st., n. s. 195.11¾ ft. e. of Clinton-st., 100x 18.9¾x100x16.11	8,250
Herkimer-st., s. s., 125 ft. e. of Troy-av., 25x185.6	4,500
Hicks-st., w. s., 156.1 ft. n. of Pierrepont-st., 36.8x 10 x30.4x100.2½	25,000
High st., s. s., adj. Wm. E. Smith's prop., 25x100	5,500
Jefferson-st. and Franklin-av., n. w. cor., 20x80	4,000
Johnson-st., e. s., 136.6 ft. e. of Adams-st., 25x100	8,500
Leonard and Moore sts., s. w. corner, 46x71.6x53	4,500
Leonard and Skillman sts., s. w. corner, 25x64	7,000
Macdougal-st., s. s., 50 ft. e. of Paca-av., 59.7x50x 61.9x50	250
Middle-st., n. w. s., 246 ft. s. e. of 7th-av., 25x100	550
Pacific-st., s. s., 315 ft. w. of Brooklyn-av., 20x100	8,000
President and Hoyt sts., n. e. corner, q. c.	5,000
Prince-st., w. s., 489 ft. s. of Willoughby-st., 13.6x 14x30.9x51.4x11x85	3,000
Pulaski-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of Marcy-av., 50x100	1,200
Spencer-st., w. s., 131.9 ft. s. of Park-av., 25x100 } Bedford-av., e. s., 131.9 ft. s. of Park-av., 25x100 }	8,000
Washington and Adams sts., n. w. cor., 59x50x73.6 x52	1,000
Washington and Adams sts., n. w. cor., 59x50x73.6 x52	1,600
Willoughby-st., n. s., 45.8 ft. w. of Pearl-st., 22.10x 100	18,000
South 2d-st., n. e. s., 40 ft. n. w. of 8th-st., 20x80	6,000
South 2d-st., s. w. s., 180 ft. s. of 5th-st., 25x120	4,000
South 3d and 8th sts., n. w. cor., 20x80	6,450
South 3d-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of 2d-st., 25x74.5	4,400
North 5th and 6th sts., n. e. cor., 42.6x50	7,000
9th-st., n. s., 250 ft. w. of 5th-av., 25x200	nom.
17th-st., s. s., 56.3 ft. w. of 7th-av., 56.3x100 } Nostrand-av., e. s., 312 ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 21x90 }	12,970
Bushwick-av., w. s., 100 ft. n. of Debevoise-st., 25x100	1,800
Dekalb-av., s. s., 150 ft. e. of Nostrand-av., 19.5¼ x100	4,100
Fulton-av., n. s., 80.4¾ ft. w. of Portland-av., 52.4 x42.3x12.1x34.11x20	16,250
Green-av., s. s., 100 ft. w. of Patchen-av., 200x100	12,000
Hudson-av., e. s., 150 ft. s. of Evans-st., 25x92.2	7,750
Kent-av. and Little Nassau-st., s. e. cor., 23.5x100	4,750
Lafayette-av., s. s., 415 ft. e. of Bedford-av., 15x 100	600
Park and Tompkins avs., s. w. cor., 25x100	1,125
Park-av., n. e. s., 73.8 ft. n. of Adelphi-st., 80.1x 17.10x80.8x17.10	5,000
Utica-av. and Baltic-st., s. w. corner, 623x229.8x51, 2x51.10	5,000

Leases Recorded.

Concord-st., No. 101, 5 years, per year	$300
Ewen-st., No. 206, store, &c., 5 years, per year	230
Hicks and Degraw sts., s. e. corner, three-story house, 5 years, per year	1,000
Oak-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Washington-st., lots Nos. 358 to 375 inclusive, 5, 7, 12 years, per year	1,500

NEW-JERSEY.

Jersey City.

Morris-st., n. s., lot No. 30, 25x100	$4,500
Morgan-st., s. s., 214.9 ft. w. of Warren-st., 64.5x 88.9	8,000

Hoboken.

Bloomfield-st., w. s., 73 ft. s. of 7th-st., 16x95	$7,500
Block No. 54 Coster's Estate	4,500

Hudson City.

Beacon-av., n. s., lot No. 73, 25x100	$450
Newark-st., n. s., lots Nos. 262 to 267, inclusive, each 25x100	2,100

North Bergen.

3d-st., w. s., lot No. 44, map of Giannville, 25x100	$100

Bergen.

Newark-st. and Palisade road, s. e. corner, 57.1x 101.5x40x105.4	$1,300

Bergen Point.

Hobart-av. and Cottage-st., s. w. corner, 25x100	$350

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Wednesday, April 15, 1868.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last, have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls.	10	Barley, bushels	3,367
Flour, bbls.	6,700	Malt, bushels	....
Flour, bags	....	Peas, bushels	3,831
Cornmeal, bbls.	1,830	Pork, bbls.	2,054
Cornmeal, bags	940	Cut Meats, pkgs.	270
Wheat, bushels	4,750	Lard, pkgs.	866
Corn, bushels	35,540	Beef, tcs. and bbls.	....
Rye, bushels	11,150	Whisky, bbls.	....
Oats, bushels	750	Petroleum, bbls.	2,711

ASHES—Continue quiet, but firm, at $8 62½@$8 75 for Pots, and $11 25@$11 50 for Pearls, ℘ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Has been quite firm and in moderate request, including Java at 23¾c.@24¼c.; Maracaibo, 16c.@18c.; Laguayra, 16c.@17¾c.; Rio, 13¼c.@18¼c., free, and 8¾c.@13c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 18c.@20c.; Jamaica, 14¼c.@15c; Domingo, 14¼c.@14¾c., all in gold, ℘ ℔. Stock in first hands here, 92,086 bags, including 67,194 bags Rio.

COTTON—Has declined ½c. ℘ ℔., on a less active business, closing heavily and irregularly. The aggregate of the reported sales was 2,090 bales, including 460 bales to spinners, 100 to shippers, 1,430 to speculators and 100 bales in transit.

Closing Prices of Cotton.

	Upland.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex.
Ordinary, ℘ ℔	28	28¼	28¼@28¾
Good Ordinary	29	29¼	29¼@29¾
Low Middling	30	30¼	30¼@30¾
Middling	31	31¼	31¼@31¾
Good Middling	32	32¼	32¼@32¾

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	6,947
Receipts last week	11,661
Receipts preceding week	12,462
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1868	309,975
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1867	535,497
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1868	679,672
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1867	273,927
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	657,438
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports weeek ending to-day	10,180
Exports since Jan. 1, 1868	158,229
Exports since Sept. 1	308,930
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1868	438,119
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	472,590
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1867	381,090
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,300
Estimated stock on hand here	85,000

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,040
Receipts at all the ports, since Sept. 1, 1867	1,997,000
Receipts same time 1866-7	1,607,000
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,331,988
Receipts preceding cotton year	2,154,476
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1867, to latest mail dates	1,371,000
Exports same time 1866-7	1,081,000
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,557,054
Exports preceding cotton year	1,554,664
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports Aug. 31, 1867	80,296
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, at latest mail dates	248,000
Estimated stock same time in 1867	435,000

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in more demand to-day at a shade firmer and buoyant prices generally. Sales have been reported since our last of 12,800 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $9 10@$9 70; very inferior to fair ordinary extra State at $10@$10 40; fair ordinary to very choice genuine Spring Wheat extra State at $10 40@$11 40, and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop extra Ohio at $10 15@$10 65 ℘ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$9 10@$9 70
Extra State	10 00@11 40
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	9 85@14 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	10 15@10 65
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	10 70@14 25
Extra Genesee	11 45@14 25
Common to choice extra Missouri	10 75@15 75

Southern Flour has been more active at rising prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,175 bbls. at $10@$11 for common to fair, and $11@$15 for fair to very superior extra, ℘ bbl. California Flour continues in good request at buoyant prices; sales have been reported of 2,100 sacks at $12 50@$14 75 for extras, ℘ 196 lbs. Rye Flour continues in moderate demand at $7 50@$9 60 for inferior to choice, ℘ bbl.; sales 325 bbls. Corn Meal is in better demand at $5 90@$6 for Jersey; $5 75 for Western; $5 90 for City, and $6 25@$6 37½ for Brandywine, ℘ bbl.; sales 850 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in much better request, mainly for export, at a further decided improvement in prices, closing buoyantly. Sales have been reported since our last of 68,500 bushels, including poor White Western at $3 05; No. 1 Spring, in store, at $2 55@$2 58, the latter rate for very handsome; No. 2 Spring, poor to extra, at $2 44@$2 51, in store and delivered; and White California at $3 20, ℘ bushel. Corn has been quite sparingly sought after since our last at reduced prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 43,500 bushels at $1 19@$1 23½ for New Mixed Western, closing at $1 19@$1 22½ as the best bid; $1 20@$1 21 for Old Mixed Western, in store; $1 26½@$1 28 for New Yellow Jersey, Western and Southern; $1 16@$1 19 for New Straw-colored and White Southern, and $1 17@$1 19 for White Western, ℘ bushel. Rye has been more sought after and very firm; sales, 6,500 bushels State at 92c.@94c. ℘ bushel. Barley has been inactive at unchanged figures. Barley Malt—2,500 bushels changed hands at $2 15 ℘ bushel. Oats have been in fair demand, and rather firmer. Sales have been reported of 62,500 bushels Western at 86¼c.@86½c., chiefly at 86½c., in store, and 87c., seller the balance of the month, ℘ bushel.

HAY—North River Bale continues in moderate demand to-day at 75c.@80c. for shipping, and $1@$1 30 for poor to choice, for local use, ℘ 100 lbs. Straw is in request at 60c.@80c. for short and long, ℘ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been dull, but steady, including American at 10c.@55c. for new; older growths, 5c.@25c., and Foreign at 20c.@50c. ℘ ℔. We quote in detail thus: New-York State, common to fair, 10c.@20c.; good to prime, 25c.@35c.; choice to fancy, 45c.@50c. Eastern, common to fair, 10c.@20c.; prime to choice, 35c.@50c. Wisconsins, common to fancy, 30c.@55c. Michigans, common to fair, 10c.@20c.; good to prime, 30c.@40c. Yearlings of all grades, 10c.@25c.; old Olds, 5c.@15c. Foreign—Canadians, 15c.@50c. Bavarians, 30c.@40c.; Belgians, 20c.@25c. ℘ ℔.

LATHS—Have been in light supply and good request at $3 50@$3 75 for Eastern, per 1,000.

METALS—Have been generally in quite moderate request at drooping prices, including Ingot Copper at 22¾c.@23¼c. ℘ ℔.; No. 1 American Pig Iron, $38@$39; No. 2 do., $36@$37; Scotch Pig, $39@$42; English and American Bar Iron, refined, $82 50@$87 50 ℘ ton; Pig Lead, $6 35@$6 87½, in gold, ℘ 100 lbs.; Foreign Spelter, 6¼c.@6¾c., in gold, ℘ ℔.; Straits Tin, 24c.@24¼c., in gold, ℘ ℔.; Banca Tin, 27¼c.@27½c., in gold, ℘ ℔.; Zinc, 11¼c.@12c. ℘ ℔.

MOLASSES—Have been in fair request at full figures, including Porto Rico at 55c.@75c.; Cuba at 37c.@55c.; New-Orleans, 80c.@95c. ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been moderately inquired for, including Spirits Turpentine at 64¼c.@66c. ℘ gallon; Crude do. at $4 75; Resin at $3 31@$8 ℘ 280 lbs.; Tar at $2 87@$3 50; Pitch at $3 37@$3 50 ℘ bbl.

OILS—Have been in moderate request, including Crude Whale at 72c.@75c.; Bleached Whale at 83c.@85c.; Crude Sperm at $2@$2 05; Unbleached do. at $2 20@$2 25; Lard Oil at $1 20@$1 55; Red Oil at 65c.@90c.; Linseed Oil at $1 17@$1 20; Olive, $2 50@$2 62½ ℘ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Continues in moderate demand at 10¾c.@11¼c. for Crude in bulk; 15¾c.@16¼c. for do. in bbls.; 23¼c.@26c. for Refined, in bond, and 33¼c.@35c. for Refined, free, ℘ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been depressed and lower to-day; the demand has been quite moderate. Sales have been reported since our last of 3,250 bbls., in lots, at $26 62@$26 80, closing at $26 75, regular, for New Western Mess; $26@$26 12 for Old Mess; $25 75@$26 for Thin Mess; $24 25@$24 50 for Prime Mess; $22@$22 50 for Prime and Extra Prime, ℘ bbl.; sales were also reported of 500 bbls. New Mess, seller, May, at $27 ℘ bbl. Cut Meats have been in good request at full prices. Sales equal to 525 pkgs. at 16c.@17¼c. for Hams; 19¼c.@20c. for bagged do.; and 12¼c.@13c. for Shoulders, ℘ ℔. Bacon is in demand and held very firmly; sales have been reported since our last of 240 boxes at 14c. for Cumberlands, 15¼c.@15¾c. for Short Rib, 16¼c. for Short Clear, and @16c. for Long Clear, ℘ ℔. Lard continues in limited demand at drooping prices; sales have been reported since our last of 550 tcs. and bbls., at 16¼c.@17¼c. for inferior to very choice, ℘ ℔. Beef has been in less demand, at $15@$20 50 for Plain Mess; $20 50@$24 75 for Extra do., and $9@$15 for inferior grades of barreled Mess Beef; sales have been reported of 490 bbls. Tierce Beef is in limited demand, including Prime Mess at $31@$38, and India Mess at $40@$42 and Sour Prime Mess at $19 ℘ tierce; sales since our last, 275 tcs. Beef Hams continue inactive and unsettled. Butter and Cheese have been in less demand and less firm, prices ruling as follows:

NEW CROP BUTTER.

State, firkins, ℘ ℔	none.
State, half-firkin tubs, ℘ ℔	50 @52
Welsh, tubs, ℘ ℔	48 @50
Western, firkins, ℘ ℔	none.
Western, tubs, ℘ ℔	none.

OLD CROP BUTTER.

Fine to extra State, firkins, ℘ ℔	50 @[illegible]
Good to fine State, firkin, ℘ ℔	45 @[illegible]
Fair to extra, half-firkin tubs, State, ℘ ℔	53 @[illegible]
Good to fine, half-firkin tubs, State, ℘ ℔	45 @[illegible]
Good to fine, Welsh tubs, ℘ ℔	45 @[illegible]
Fair qualities State Butter, ℘ ℔	40 @[illegible]
Extra qualities Canadian, ℘ ℔	40 @[illegible]
Low to common qualities State, ℘ ℔	15 @[illegible]
Low to common qualities Canada, ℘ ℔	13 @[illegible]

CHEESE.

Factory Dairies, fancy and Cheddar shapes, ℘ ℔	16 @16½
Factory Dairies, fine quality, ℘ ℔	15 @16
Factory Dairies, common to fair quality, ℘ ℔	13 @14
Farm Dairies, fancy and extra quality, ℘ ℔	15 @16
Farm Dairies, fair to good, ℘ ℔	13 @14
Farm Dairies, common, ℘ ℔	10 @13
Orange County Skimmed Cheese, ℘ ℔	9 @[illegible]

SUGARS—Have been in fair request and held firmly. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,170 hhds. Cuba, &c., at from 10⅝c.@13⅛c., and 350 boxes Havana, part at 11¼c.@13⅛c. ℘ ℔. Refined Sugars continue in good demand at from 14c.@16⅛c. ℘ ℔.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales 65,000 lbs. Tallow at 12⅛c.@12⅜c.; 46,500 lbs. Stearine at 16⅞c.@17⅛c. ℘ ℔.; 68,000 lbs. Grease at 8⅞c.@11⅛c. ℘ ℔.

WOOL—All descriptions have been moderately inquired for, since our last, though buyers have had any existing advantage as to price. An auction sale of 1,500 bales South American Mestiza Wool is announced for Thursday of next week.

Prices Current for Domestic Wool in New-York.

	Cents per ℔.
New-York, Michigan and Vermont.	
Extra and above	50@52
¾ and ¾ blood do.	45@48
Common and ¼ do.	40@45
Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia.	
Choice Saxony fleece	60@67
Extra to XX do.	52@57
¾ and ¾ blood do.	45@50
Common and ¼	40@45
Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Indiana.	
Extra and above	47@50
¾ and ¾ blood fleece	45@48
Common and ¼ fleece	38@43
Kentucky, Missouri, Tennessee, Georgia and Alabama.	
Washed fleeces	43@48
Unwashed fleeces	28@33
Unwashed fleece, burry	18@23
Texas.	
Washed fleece	35@45
Unwashed fleece, medium to fine	25@33
Common fleece	20@23
Common fleece, burry	18@20
California and Oregon.	
Washed fleece, medium	37@40
Unwashed fleece, medium and fine	24@33
Unwashed fleece, coarse	20@24
Unwashed burry, coarse	15@20
Pulled fine	30@40
Pulled medium	30@38
Pulled common	24@28
Pulled Wool.	
Extra	42@48
Super	40@45
No. 1	35@40
No. 2	14@20
Lambs	35@45
Western limed, pulled	35@40
Southern limed, pulled	30@34
Tub washed	45@55

FREIGHTS—Have been quiet, but quoted rather firmer, with 548 vessels of all classes in port. For Liverpool there were taken 15,000 bushels Wheat and Corn, by sail, at 3½@3¾d. ℘ bushel. For Glasgow 12,000 bushels Grain, by steamer, at 6½d. ℘ bushel. For London 50 bales Hops, by steamer, at ½d. ℘ ℔.

INSTRUCTION.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square, GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, fits pupils of all ages for business or college. Progress rapid and terms reasonable.

WILLIAM MASON AND THEODORE THOMAS CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC. Classes by J. P. MORGAN, for Organ and Harmony. No. 129 Fifth-av., (near 20th-st.)

IRVINGTON INSTITUTE, Irvington, on the Hudson, 25 miles from New-York, a French, English and Classical Family Boarding School for Boys. The course of studies embraces all the ordinary English branches and the modern languages, which are taught practically. The French is the language of the school. For circular address A. BOURSAUD, Principal.

TO PRINCIPALS OF FEMALE COLLEGES.—A gentleman wishes to form a copartnership with the principal of a well-established and prosperous female institution. The gentleman will invest $1,500 and will take charge of the department of modern languages, as he has had a long experience in that branch; unquestionable references given and required. Address PROFESSOR, Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

ELMWOOD INSTITUTE, LANESBOROUGH, Mass.—A boarding, classical and commercial school for a limited number of boys. No day pupils. The thirty-ninth semi-annual session will commence May 6. The Principal will be at the Everett House from 2 to 4 P. M. until the 17th inst. References may be given to patrons in this City and vicinity. Rev. A. A. GILBERT, A. M., Principal.

LESPINASSE FRENCH INSTITUTE, Washington Heights.—French, the language of the school, is acquired by constant practice; English, Spanish and German taught by nine resident teachers; classics, engineering, commercial studies. Circulars—Broadway, No. 183, Williams'; No. 913, Leroy's drug-stores; No. 701, music-store.

"OLD BERKSHIRE."—A CONGREGATIONAL clergyman in one of the most beautiful villages of Berkshire, Mass., having a select school of twelve boys from this City, will receive three more, if application is made immediately. All needful information by calling on EDWARD F. BROWN, Esq., No. 7 Nassau-st., second floor.

LITCHFIELD INSTITUTE—A BOARDING-School for Boys.—Summer Term commences April 29. Address Prof. WM. G. PECK, Columbia College, N. Y., or GEO. W. MASON, Litchfield, Conn.

MOUNTAIN INSTITUTE, HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., LAVALETTE WILSON, A. M., Principal.—A boarding-school for fifteen boys; location beautiful; terms moderate.

SEWARD INSTITUTE—FOR BOYS, FLORIDA, Orange County, N. Y.: number limited to 25, Institution endowed. Terms, $150 for twenty weeks. T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT BEDFORD, Westchester County, N. Y. A. WILLIAMSON, A. M., Principal. Next session will open May 4. For circulars address the Principal.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR A FEW YOUNG ladies, in Fishkill, N. Y. Reopens MONDAY, April 27. Terms moderate. Rev. W. PECK, Principal.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S CLASSICAL French and English School, No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars address the Principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y. O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS, DANbury, Conn. F. J. JACKSON, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, A POSItion as English teacher in a primary or private school. Call on or address TEACHER, No. 96 Clinton-place.

A GENTLEMAN, GRADUATE OF A German University, desires a few additional pupils in German, at a moderate charge. Address Dr. O., Box No. 120 *Times* Office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—A WELL-KNOWN STORE, MANUfacture of ladies' and children's furnishing goods, stamping and embroideries; established in 1851, and located in the best part of Broadway, west side, comprising good-will, lease, stock, material for stamping, store fixtures, &c.; a rare opportunity for parties wishing to commence a well-paying business requiring a capital of about $35,000. Address J. O., Box No. 1,190 Post-office.

$3,500 CASH.—PARTNER.—A GREAT BARGAIN.—A first class saw-mill with new steam engine in perfect condition, with 500 acres finely timbered land; buildings for 10 to 20 men and teams; all necessary tools and furniture for the business complete; five hours from the City. For particulars see G. W. HENRY, No. 65 Wall-st., Nassau Insurance Company.

CORNER DRUG-STORE FOR SALE.—Splendid chance for a young man; four years' lease; good location; contiguous to 5th, Madison and Lexington avs. Apply to LUNN & CO., No. 438 4th-av., corner 31st-st. Will exchange for real estate.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE AND FIXTURES OF a lumber-yard, containing three lots. Inquire of S. P. JONES, at the office of O. F. Hawley & Co., foot of West 12th-st., North River.

REWARDS.

Mayor's Office, New-York, April 14, 1868.

WHEREAS, IT APPEARS BY A CORONER'S inquest, held on the 13th day of January, 1868, that Peter Lend came to his death in this City by a fracture of the skull by a pistol, at the hands of GEORGE HAMMELL, on the 1st day of January, 1868, and that HENRY MULLER was accessory before the fact.

Now, therefore, I, JOHN T. HOFFMAN, Mayor of the City of New-York, by virtue of the authority vested in me, do hereby offer a reward of Five Hundred Dollars for the apprehension of the person or persons, or either of them, who committed the aforesaid crime; to be paid on the certificate of the Judge before whom the guilty person or persons shall be tried and convicted of said offence, or on the certificate of the District-Attorney by whom such trial and conviction may be procured, that the said apprehension and conviction were obtained on the information given by the claimant or claimants of said reward; provided that the claim shall be presented within twenty days after such conviction, and not thereafter.

{SEAL.} In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal, at the City of New-York, this 14th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN T. HOFFMAN, Mayor.

War Department,
Surgeon-General's Office,
Washington, D. C., March 2, 1868.

ADVERTISEMENT.—AN ARMY MEDICAL Board, to consist of Surgeon J. B. Brown, Brevet Brig.-Gen., U. S. A.; Surgeon H. R. Wirtz, Brevet Lieut.-Col., U. S. A.; Surgeon John Moore, Brevet Col., U. S. A.; and Assistant-Surgeon A. A. Woodhull, Brevet Lieut.-Col., U. S. A., will meet in New-York City, on the 1st of May next, for the examination of Assistant-Surgeons U. S. Army, for promotion, and of candidates for admission into the Medical Staff of the U. S. Army.

Applicants must be between 21 and 30 years of age, physically sound, and graduates of a regular medical college.

Applications for permission to appear before the Board should be addressed to the Surgeon-General U. S. Army, and must state the full name, residence and date and place of birth of the candidate.

Testimonials as to character and qualifications must be furnished. If the applicant has been in the medical service of the army during the late war, the fact should be stated, together with his former rank, and date and place of service, and testimonials from officers with whom he has served should also be forwarded.

No allowance is made for the expenses of persons undergoing examination, as it is an indispensable prerequisite to appointment.

The number of vacancies now existing in the Medical Corps of the Army is thirty-nine.

J. K. BARNES, Surgeon-General U. S. A.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A LADY LEAVING FOR EUrope, situations for two steady and faithful girls; one as first-class waitress, or chambermaid and waitress; understands her business thoroughly; the other a first-class laundress; understands French fluting and all kinds of fine washing and ironing; neat and tidy in their person. Call on Thursday, April 16, at No. 47 Clinton-place, from 10 o'clock A. M. till 3 o'clock P. M. None but private families need apply.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation in a small private family; is a good plain cook and an excellent washer and ironer; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at 222 West 36th-st., between 7th and 8th-avs., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS IN a private family; can do all kinds of family sewing; understands Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; is willing to do light chamberwork; the best of reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 152 East 24th-st., on the first floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman a situation as cook in a private family; has no objections to go a short distance in the country; has good City and country reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 879 6th-av., between 49th and 50th sts. Inquire in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A CAPABLE seamstress; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses; understands all kinds of family sewing and operates on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; no objection to do light chamberwork; seven years' reference. Apply at No. 132 West 15th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A LADY WISHES TO FIND SITuations for two very competent girls, who can be highly recommended: one as waitress, the other as chambermaid and fine washer, or plain sewer; they wish places together. Apply at their present employ at No. 104 East 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COOK A SITuation in a private family; understands all kinds of cooking, such as game, pastry and baking; has no objection to going a short distance in the country; has the best of City references. Call for two days at No. 145 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS INFANT'S nurse by an experienced Protestant woman; is capable of taking the entire charge, and bring up by hand if required; is a good sewer; would go to Europe with a family; has the best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 208 West 32d-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT woman as cook, and to assist with the washing, if required, in a small family; is a good baker; no objection to the country; has the best of references. Call at No. 111 15th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY REspectable young woman as chambermaid and waitress or general housework in a small family; is willing and obliging; good testimonials; three years in the country. Call at No. 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid; is willing to assist in washing; can show the best reference from last lady employer. Address Mrs. CARR, No. 204 26th-st., corner 3d-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman as good cook; understands all kinds of pastry, game, soups, ice-cream and the making of butter; best of reference. Apply at No. 23 Forsyth-st., between Canal and Division, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTEStant young woman, as seamstress and chambermaid; operates on a Wheeler & Wilson machine; no objection to travel; City reference. To be seen for two days at No. 133 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED.—A LADY GOING TO EUROPE wishes to find a situation for a respectable German girl, at present employed by her as seamstress and to assist in the care of children from May 1. Apply, for three days, at No. 93 Cleremont-av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN GIRL, A SITuation as chambermaid and to do plain sewing, or chambermaid and waitress in a private family; has five years' reference. Can be seen for two days at her employer's, No. 151 West 49th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as first-class cook; fully understands her business in all its branches; has no objection to the country; best City reference. Can be seen for two days at 31 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as excellent cook; no objection to assist in the washing; is an excellent baker; has the best City references from her last place. Call at No. 853 West 25th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG American girl as chambermaid and waitress, or as nurse; is willing to go to the country for the Summer months; the best of City references. Apply at No. 339 West 40th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as waitress; would assist in other work, if required; has no objection to go in the country for the Summer; has first-class City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 235 East 22d-st., first floor.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO GIRLS: one as cook, washer and ironer, the other as chambermaid and waitress; can be seen for two days; have good City reference; no objection to the country. Call at No. 353 West 26th-st., in the grocery store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person as nurse; thoroughly understands the care of an infant from its birth; or do a little chamber work and mind children; City reference. Call at No. 212 East 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT young woman as laundress; understands her business thoroughly in all its branches; no objection to go a short distance in the country; best City reference. Apply for two days at No. 428 East 14th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOman, a situation as cook or laundress in a small private family; can give the best City references from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 104 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation as cook; understands cookery in all its branches; is an excellent baker; has good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 111 West 17th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTDE—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman the washing of a few families or a few young gentleman; is a competent washer and ironer; has the best of recommendations. Call at No. 335 East 16th-st., third floor front.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS by a competent woman who understands cutting and making children's clothing; is also an experienced nurse; can give the best of City reference. Apply for two days at No. 438 East 14th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as seamstress and ladies' maid; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; six years' reference from last place. Call for two days at No. 237 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as nurse; is well experienced, and has first-class City references; is capable of taking care of an infant from its birth. Can be seen at No. 104 West 28th-st., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT German middle-aged woman as nurse and seamstress; is competent to take entire charge of a baby from its birth; has good City references. Can be seen at No. 61 4th-av., near 9th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or would assist with the washing and ironing; the best of City reference. Apply at No. 537 6th-av., corner of 32d-st., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTAble young girl, to do chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and fine washing; has the best City reference; no objections to the country for the Summer. Call at No. 336 East 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, assist with the washing and ironing, in a private family. Apply for two days at No. 329 West 26th-st. Good City reference.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress or nurse and chambermaid; has no objections to the country; the best of City reference, if required. Call or address for two days No. 312 East 33d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL a situation as chambermaid; would have no objection to take care of children; would like to go in the country for the Summer; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 208 West 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A VERY REFINED GERMAN girl, who never lived away from home, a situation either as parlormaid, seamstress, or for light chamberwork. Only first-class families need apply at her own home, No. 374 2d-av., second floor, back.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as child's nurse and chambermaid and to do plain sewing; is willing and obliging; good references. Call at 336 East 12th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as cook in a private family; will assist in the washing and ironing; best of reference. Apply at No. 248 West 16th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A COMPETENT young woman as chambermaid and seamstress, with the very best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 130 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and to assist in the washing; City reference. Call at No. 93 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT GIRL, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; has good City reference. Apply for two days at No. 225 East [illegible]th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and seamstress; has the best of City reference. Apply at No. 162 19th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman, a situation as good cook and baker; would assist with washing; good reference. Apply at No. 161 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT Protestant girl as good cook and assist with washing and ironing; good reference. Apply for two days at 92 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as first-class laundress; understands all kinds of French fluting. Can be seen for two days at No. 130 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as chambermaid and plain sewer. Call immediately at the residence of her present employers, No. 67 West 47th-st. No objection to the country.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS BY a young woman with first-class reference; five years in her last place. Can be seen until engaged at No. 110 West 40th-st., over the coach-house.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as first-class waitress; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 140 West 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and to help with children, or as nurse and seamstress, by a respectable, well-recommended young woman. Apply at No. 1 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT woman as cook; understands her business in all its branches; no objection to the country; has unexceptionable reference. Call at No. 217 West 20th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook in a private family; perfectly understands her business; best City reference. No. 229 East 20th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO HELP WITH children and to sew, by a young girl well recommended. Apply at No. 1 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young girl to take care of children; no objection to go to the country. Call for two days at 319 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A LADY AS companion or nursery governess. Call for two days at No. 14 West 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress; good reference from her last place. Address 346 East 12th-st., first floor.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A LADY WOULD LIKE TO OBTAIN a situation for a respectable protestant woman, who desires to go to Ireland with a family who would take her the voyage for her services; she is a competent nurse for a baby or growing children; is not seasick. Apply at No. 59 5th-av.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT, A situation as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing; has a good knowledge of dressmaking; operates on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; don't object to light chamberwork; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 312 East 12th-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A woman who is capable of taking the entire charge of an infant from its birth, or to bring it up by hand; has the best of City references as to capability and character. Call at No. 405 East 20th-st., second floor, front room, for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL A SITuation as nurse and to do plain sewing, having nine years' experience; can take entire charge of a baby; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 9 Patchen-place, West 10th-st., between 6th and Greenwich avs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as first-class waitress; is an excellent chambermaid and good sewer; has the best of reference as to character and capability; fully understands her business. Can be seen for two days at No. 251 3d-av., corner of 21st-st., in the store.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl, a situation to do chamberwork and plain sewing; has good City reference; no objections to the country for the Summer months. Call at No. 215 East 22d-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as waitress; understands her business perfectly; has good reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 125 4th-av., between 12th and 13th sts.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT SCOTCH WOman, a situation as laundress; understands French fluting; has excellent City reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 125 4th-av., between 12th and 13th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant woman as infant's nurse; can take the entire care from birth; can sew if required; superior City reference; a family having a country place preferred. Apply at No. 344 6th-av., top floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PERSON, A situation as housekeeper or seamstress; would have no objection to take charge of an invalid; good references given; no objection to the country. Apply for two days at No. 77 West 44th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as seamstress; would wait upon a lady or attend to growing children; understands hairdressing and all kinds of family sewing; no objection to travel; good City reference. Call at No. 342 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG girls, situations as chambermaid and waitress; have the best of City references; no objection to City or country. Call at No. 780 Washington-st., corner of Jane-st.; can be seen for two days in the fancy store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid and waitress, or chambermaid and fine washer and ironer in a small private family; the best of City references. Call for two days at No. 154 West 18th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—IN THE COUNTRY, A SITUATION to do housework in a small private family; is a good plain cook; can make bread; is a good washer and ironer, and can milk; good reference. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as cook; understands her business; would assist in washing, or attend to butter-making; no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 318 1st-av., between 18th and 19th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as plain cook, and assist with washing and ironing, in a private family; best of City references. Call at No. 216 West 36th-st., for two days, third floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as chambermaid and to do fine washing, or laundress; has eight years' reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 445 6th-av., between 26th and 27th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as chambermaid and laundress; is willing and obliging, and has good reference. Inquire at No. 490 6th-av., between 29th and 30th sts., top floor, room No. 17.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as seamstress; can do all kinds of sewing, or would take care of children or wait on a lady; good reference. Call for two days at No. 206 West 16th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED.—A LADY WISHES TO OBTAIN A situation for two respectable girls; one as Protestant cook, the other as chambermaid and waitress, with the best of City reference. Can be seen from 9 to 3 on Thursday, at No. 32 West 14th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as seamstress, or would do light chamberwork, or to take care of grown children; eight years' reference from her last employer. Call for two days in the fancy store, No. 590 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation as a good plain cook in a private family; has got a six years' reference from her last place; no objection to go to the country. Call at No. 490 6th-av., room No. 16.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation as cook; has no objection to assist with the washing; is willing and obliging; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 143 East 11th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS THOROUGH laundress; does up linens in style; fluting and finery; City or country; wages $14; best City reference. Apply at No. 303 East 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN A situation as nurse and seamstress; has good City reference; can be seen for two days. Call at No. 394 2d-av., near 23d-st.

WANTED.—A LADY WISHES TO PROCURE a situation for a young woman as chambermaid and seamstress, or nurse and seamstress. She can be seen at No. 13 East 22d-st., between the hours of 8 and 12.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY SUPErior cook, one who understands getting up party dinners, &c.; has unexceptionable City references. Apply at No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as nurse, or willing to do light chamberwork; is neat and kind to children; has good reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 202 East 41st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE, TO travel to Europe or California; has experience; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 202 East 41st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant young woman to do chamberwork and fine washing; the best of City reference. Apply to No. 344 6th-av., top floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman; understands his business; can give good reference from his last place; would assist in a garden. Address B. M., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED ENGLISH butler, a situation in a private family; no objections to the country; best of references given; wages no object. Call or address W. E. S., No. 125 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant girl as lady's maid and seamstress; can dress hair; good City references. Can be seen at No. 344 6th-av., between 21st and 22d sts., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NEAT YOUNG woman as seamstress; can cut and fit dresses, operate on Wheeler & Wilson machine; has unexceptionable City references.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as chambermaid or fine washer and ironer; best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 305 East 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant girl, to do chamberwork or waiting; has good City reference. Call at No. 357 West 16th-st., up two flights of stairs, front.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, A situation in a private family; understands the business in all its branches; has got long City reference. Apply to No. 106 East 40th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITuation as competent waitress or would take care of a child and do plain sewing; has two years' reference from her last employer. Call for two days at 752 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as laundress; understands French fluting; has excellent City references; no objection to the country. Can be seen at 347 East 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as good cook; thoroughly understands her business; is also a good baker; good City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 224 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS and chambermaid, or as infant's nurse; can take charge of an infant from its birth; good reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 161 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG GIRL, a situation to do chamberwork and washing, or would take care of children. Can be seen for two days at No. 214 West 16th-st.

WANTED—IN COUNTRY OR CITY, BY A SUperior laundress, who can do French fluting, clear starching, &c., &c., a situation; is a good chambermaid. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress; no objection to traveling; references given. Can be seen for two days at No. 417 East 17th-st., third story, back.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as first-class chambermaid and waitress; good City reference. Call at No. 327 East 11th-st., first floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as waitress; best of City references. Call at J. MORRIS', corner of 12th-st. and University-place.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl, a situation as waitress or chambermaid, or would go with a family to the country; good City reference. Apply at No. 250 West 16th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at 11 East 39th-st., between 5th and Madison avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; best City reference if required. No. 273 1st-av., Room No. 5.

WANTED—BY A WELCH PROTESTANT GIRL a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and plain sewer; good City reference. Call at No. 429 West 28th-st., rear.

WANTED—A LAUNDRESS' SITUATION BY a very respectable and competent young woman, with the best City references; can flute, do up fine muslins nicely, &c.; city or country. No. 329 4th-av., 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as waitress; understands the business thoroughly; has the best City references. Apply at No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as waitress in a private family; best City reference given. Call at No. 212 West 22d-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen for two days at No. 159 West 27th-st., rear building; can inquire at the store. Good City reference.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT, WHO HAS A preference for the country, a situation as waitress or chambermaid; the best of City reference will be given, and can be seen for two days at 335 East 16th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation to do chamberwork and assist in the care of children; can take charge of an infant from its birth. Call at No. 340 West 41st-st.

MRS. LOWE'S INSTITUTE FOR GERMAN servants, No. 17 Stanton-st., near Bowery.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as laundress; no objection to assist in the chamberwork; or as chambermaid and plain sewer; has the best of City reference from her present employer; no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days at 241 West 37th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED PROTESTant woman, a situation as nurse; is fully competent to take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; has long experience and the very best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 214 6th-av., near 14th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTable young girls, one as chambermaid and laundress and the other as chambermaid and waitress; best of City reference from their last place. Call for two days at No. 617 3d-av., between 42d and 43d sts., in the bakery.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as seamstress and chambermaid; would assist with the care of children; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; good City reference; Call for two days at No. 344 6th-av., between 21st and 22d sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK.—A FIRST-class meat and pastry cook wants a situation; understands all the branches—soups, side-dishes, games, and all kinds of desserts; City reference. Call two days at No. 119 West 25th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant German girl as lady's maid; first-class seamstress; understands hair-dressing, and operates on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; has good reference. Can be seen at 389 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT laundress; thoroughly understands French fluting and all kinds of fine dry linens; perfectly understands her business; best City reference. Can be seen at No. 21 West 13th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation to do chamber-work and to assist with washing and ironing, in a private family; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 549 3d-av., fourth floor front.

WANTED—AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 329 4TH-AV. 25th-st., situations for a large number of recommended nurses, seamstresses, waitress, laundress, cooks, of all kinds, young girls for chamber nurses, housework, of all nations.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD SEAMstress, who understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; has good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 217 East 26th-st., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Scotch woman as nurse and seamstress; can cut and fit children's clothes; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; will go to the country if required; best of reference. No. 384 Bowery, second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN woman; is an excellent cook, washer and ironer; or will do general housework; is a good baker; will go to the country; best of reference. Apply at No. 384 Bowery, second floor.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG girls, situations; one as seamstress; can cut and fit for ladies; the other as nurse and do plain sewing; will go in the country for the Summer. Call at No. 247 East 30th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as nurse to grown children, is a very neat, plain sewer; willing and obliging; no objection to the country during the Summer months; best reference. Address No. 524 6th-av., second floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as nurse; would take charge of an infant; no objection to grown up children, or no objection to travel; City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 229 36th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY REspectable Protestant young woman as chambermaid and waitress, or washing, or nurse and seamstress; has the very best City reference. Call at No. 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; best of City reference. No. 11 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT NURSE; TO ONE with good City references an excellent situation is offered. The lady can be seen at Mrs. LANDER'S office, No. 45 3d-av., from 10 till 2 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Scotch girl, as chambermaid and waitress; will assist with washing and ironing. No. 239 West 35th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT girl, to take care of children and to assist in the chamberwork, or to do waiting; good reference. Call at No. 319 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK IN A private family; the best of City references. No. 122 East 32d-st., between 4th and Lexington avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as cook, washer and ironer, or cook alone. Call at No. 61 West 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, CAPAble of sewing, a situation as nurse to grown children. Apply at No. 125 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general housework. No. 8 Eldridge-st., between Canal and Division sts., basement.

A LADY WISHES TO OBTAIN FOR AN intelligent American widow a situation as housekeeper in a hotel, school, public institution or private family; is also a good seamstress, and would not object to going to Europe; good references given. Address Mrs. COLLINS, at her present employers, No. 16 East 13th-st.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN AND HIS wife, a situation, having no children; the man as good vegetable and fruit gardener; understands the care and treatment of horses and cows; his wife as good cook or laundress, or would do general housework in a small family; good reference if required. Address T. M., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENERS' SITUATION, BY a married man with one child; is a thorough gardener and farmer, and a first-rate florist and general man; also a practical hand to lay out new places; satisfactory reference given. Address M. C. R., at Young and Elliot's seed-store, John-st., N. Y.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT MAN, a situation; he understands the care of fast horses, as also the management of cattle, poultry, &c.: can milk; is a good vegetable gardener, and is a first-class coachman; four years good reference. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PLAIN GARdener by a single young man, who thoroughly understands his business and is willing to take hold of any other work about a gentleman's place; can give good reference. Address J. L., Box No. 215 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION as plain vegetable gardener; understands the management of horses and is a good milker; can do all kinds of work on a farm, and is willing to make himself generally useful; reference from last employer. Address FARMER, Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a single, sober, industrious man; thoroughly understands his business; will be found willing and obliging; has the best of City reference as to character, capability, &c. Address for two days P. M., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SOBER, INdustrious man on a gentleman's or farmer's place; understands plain gardening, care of horses, milking, &c., or would work on a farm; the very best of testimonials from last employer. Apply at No. 15 Court-st., near Joralemon, Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a single man, who perfectly understands his business, and all its branches; will be found willing, sober, honest and industrious; best of City and country reference. Address B. M., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN A GARdener's situation, who understands gardening in all its branches; good reference given. Address J. H. C., Henderson & Fleming, No. 67 Nassau-st., or at C. De Rivers', Tarrytown, N. Y.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM BY A Protestant young man in a private family; willing to make himself generally useful; no objection in going to the country; has first-class reference from his last employer. Address P. M., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family by a competent man in all respects; has no objection to the country; has the best of City reference. Call or address, for two days, B. M., No. 1,411 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a man who understands all work around a gentleman's place, as farmer, gardener, and laying out of new places, and drainage; is a middle-aged man; best reference. Address M. D., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A COMPETENT young woman as chambermaid and to do fine washing and ironing, and understands French fluting; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 342 East 13th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a sober, steady man; will be found civil, honest and industrious; no objection to assist in the garden; has best of reference from his last place. Address D. C., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, GERMAN PROtestant, a situation as coachman and groom and to assist in gardening; willing to make himself useful; has first-class reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 330 4th-av., for FREDERICK, or address.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BUTLER OR waiter in a private family; has no objection to the country; City references. Address WAITER, No. 205 East 35th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION as gardener; thoroughly understands his business in its various branches; good reference. Address O. D., Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY A single man, who thoroughly understands his business, and can furnish the best City references. Address by note to THEODORE, Station E, New-York.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as groom in a private family; willing to make himself generally useful; has first-class reference from his last employer. Address T. F., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN to wait on an invalid gentleman, or would travel with a family to the country; can furnish good testimonials. Address M. R. M., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman; thoroughly understands his business; was in his last place twelve months; good reference. Address J. C., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and plain gardener; is willing and obliging; can milk if required; country preferred. Address R. C., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, TO PROcure a situation for his coachman; is very trusty, sober and obliging. Call on or address No. 16 East 39th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A first-class driver and groom; City or country; will be found capable in every respect; best City reference. Address M. G., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Protestant man, who thoroughly understands his business; best reference. Can be seen, or address R., at No. 428 West 30th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG COLORED MAN, A situation in a private family as waiter; no objection to the country; can give good references. Call or address WAITER, No. 112 East 35th-st.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN A SITUAtion as coachman; thoroughly understands his business. Address G. H., No. 151 West 18th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a sober single man; willing and attentive; four years' good City reference. Address C. L., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE, no incumbrance, situations in some respectable family; man as coachman, groom, and plain gardener; wife as plain cook, and is an excellent washer and ironer; both have the highest recommendations; no objections to City or country. Apply or address for three days, No. 294 3d-av., corner 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a married man, of long experience; understands his business thoroughly in all its branches; has first-class references from his last employer, where he has lived six years. Call or address J. S., Tremont-av., Orange, N. J., west of the railroad.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY a single man; thoroughly understands his business in keeping a gentleman's place in order; would take care of horse and cow if required; the best of City reference as to character, capability and sobriety. Address GARDENER, Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young man as coachman and groom; has the best of country recommendations; will make himself generally useful; will assist in garden if required. Address J. M. L., Box No. 201 *Times* Office, two days.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE, sober and steady man, with unexceptionable references, a situation as waiter in a family; no objection to go into the country. Call at No. 104 West 18th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a thoroughly competent man who has had long experience here and in England; the best City reference. Address W. M., 1,252 Broadway, in the saddlery-store, between 31st and 32d sts.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, A SITUAtion as groom and coachman; understands his business thoroughly; can have the best of reference from his last employer. Address WM. FORSHAW, Box No. 219 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GROOM'S situation by a respectable married man, with excellent City reference for capability, honesty, sobriety, &c.; good and careful City driver; will be found useful and obliging. Address J. W., Box No. 218 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young man as coachman and groom; has the best of City references; will be found willing and obliging; has no objection to the country. Call or address No. 28 East 40th-st.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, A situation as farmer and plain gardener; understands the care of horses and cows, and is a good milker; is willing and obliging; has good reference. Address G. G., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN MAN A situation as gardener and coachman; understands the use of carpenter's tools, and is willing to make himself useful; satisfactory reference given. Address G. WEST, Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY a Protestant young man; disengaged on account of his folks going to Europe; will be found willing and obliging, with the best of City reference. Call or address at No. 7 East 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION as gardener; understands greenhouses, graperies, fruits, vegetables, planting and making new places; good City reference. Address H. H., Mr. Smith's, No. 201 Fulton-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED man; no incumbrance; is a good vegetable gardener, or coachman; can lay out grounds, grade, mow, milk or farm; good references. Address J. G., *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and groom; is first-class City and country driver; understands his business thoroughly; has first-class City and country reference. Address W. H., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN A SITuation as butler or waiter; perfectly competent; has the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days at Mr. McIntyre's drug-store, corner of 18th-st. and Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single Protestant man who thoroughly understands his business; has good City reference. Call or address W. E., No. 136 West 15th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN a situation as coachman and gardener; has the best of references. Address G. P., Box No. 209 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, LATELY from Scotland, a situation as groom; can milk and care cows. Address D. C., Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; thoroughly understands his business; can give the best City reference. Address M. L., Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman or assist in gardening. Address J. H., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

ALL WHO WANT COMPETENT HELP, male or female, for City or country, such as coachmen, grooms, waiters, laborers, servants, farm hands, gardeners, boys, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, houseworkers, small girls, &c., can be immediately suited at CARPENTER'S Select Servants' Institute, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

THE ADVERTISER DESIRES TO OBtain a situation as agent for one or more gentlemen having large real estate property; he has a full knowledge of general business; has had experience in building; is a good draughtsman, and can give the best of references as to his character, capability, &c., &c. Address AGENT, Box No. 160 *Times* Office.

TO BOSS MARBLE CUTTERS.—WANTED—Employment by a young man, a stone-cutter, lately arrived from the old country, having served seven years' apprenticeship; would be willing to receive instructions; wages no object. Apply to WM. RYDER, No. 131 Mulberry-st., fourth floor.

GERMANS, SCOTCH, IRISH, PROTestants and Catholics, male and female, for City and country, for all kinds of work. Employers can be promptly suited by calling at the NEW-YORK EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, No. 1288 Broadway, between 33d and 34th sts. The largest and best office in the City.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

ACCOUNTS INVESTIGATED, BALANCED and closed by an experienced book-keeper; advantageous arrangements made with those not requiring the full services of an accountant; best City reference. Address S. F. K., Box No. 2,568 Post-office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—AT RYE, N. Y., ONE HOUR FROM City, a seamstress competent to cut and fit ladies and children's clothing, and to operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; also to assist in taking care of children. Apply, with reference, on Thursday, from 10 to 2 o'clock, at No. 12 East 41st-st.

WANTED—TO LIVE IN THE COUNTRY, A respectable young woman as chambermaid and seamstress; one that understands cutting and fitting children's clothes and can operate on a machine. Apply at No. 66 Union-place, on Thursday and Friday afternoons.

WANTED—A STEADY, RESPECTABLE PROTestant man and wife as first-class farmer; wages $40 a month, with house, vegetables, milk and other privileges; must have good references. Apply immediately at No. 107 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—FOR A VERY SMALL FAMILY IN the City a first-class cook; to one capable the highest wages will be paid. Apply this day at Mrs. SANDERS' office, No. 45 2d-av., near 10th-st.

WANTED—BY A WHOLESALE NOTION house, a lad, 15 to 16 years of age. Apply, with reference, to PAYNE, FOSTER & BRINK, No. 36 Warren-st.

GARDENER AND FARMER WANTED—A sober, respectable, industrious Protestant man, who understands his business. Apply at No. 94 Rivington-st., from 11 to 12 A. M.—to-day.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—A PROTESTANT woman with City reference. Apply at No. 46 West 23d-st., after 9 A. M.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 9th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate WILLIAM HIRSCHHORN and ETHAN ALLEN, of the City New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, and against the separate and individual estates of each of them, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, or either of them, to them or either of them, or for their use, or the use of either of them, and the transfer of any property by them, or either of them, are forbidden by law: that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, and of each of them individually, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, and of the estate of each of them, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 21st day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New York.
APRIL 16, 1868.

NO. 650.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSEPH LE COMTE and GEORGE H. PERKINS, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Joseph Le Comte and George H. Perkins, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said district. Dated at New-York City, the 21st day of March, 1868.

JOHN S. DICKERSON, Assignee,
ap2-1aw3wTh* Nos. 29 and 31 Cliff-st., New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SIMON STERN, also known by the name of Wolf Stern, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss. At the City of New-York, the 14th day of April, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Simon Stern, also known by the name of Wolf Stern, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap16-1aw3wTh* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of STEPHEN CROCKER, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss. At the City of New-York the 11th day of April, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Stephen Crocker, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap16-1aw3wTh* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BURRITT R. ELLIOTT, a bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee, of the estate of Burritt R. Elliott, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was, on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at the City of New-York, the 1st day of April, A. D., 1868.
JOHN TODD, Assignee,
ap2-1aw3wTh* No. 202 Broadway, City of New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ELISHA W. COLE, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Elisha W. Cole, of New York City, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was, to wit, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1868, adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated New-York City, the 28th day of March, A. D. 1868.

JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
an2-1aw3wTh* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of GEORGE W. CARSON, of the City of New-York, and MELVIN HARD, of West Farms, in the County of Westchester and State of New-York, and against the separate and individual estates of each of them, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, or either of them, to them, or either of them, or for their use, or the use of either of them, and the transfer of any property by them, or either of them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, and of each of them individually, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, and of the estate of each of them, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, Room No. 4, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 15, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 10th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM B. SMYTH, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 15, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 16th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ISAAC CARPENTER, of the City and County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 15, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 3d day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of GEORGE M. GRIGGS, of the City of Brooklyn, County of Kings, and WILLIAM K. LATHROP, of the City of New-York, carrying on business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 2d day of May, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 15, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 13th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of SAMUEL H. COOPER, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, formerly a member of the firm of Cooper & Atherton, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner of Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, before Mr. James F. Dwight, Register, on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1868, 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 15, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 26th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ALEXANDER STROUSE, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 15, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 9th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of OSCAR W. STERL, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, formerly a member of the firm of R. H. Miller & Co., who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner of Nassau-st., Rooms No. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, before James F. Dwight, Register, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 15, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 13th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of NATHAN W. EASTON, of New-York City, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, before James F. Dwight, Register, on the 30th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 15, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 5th day of March, A.D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ANDREW J. BROWN, of the City and County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 15, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 11th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of GEORGE F. MOORE, of New Dorp, in the County of Richmond and State of New-York, (carrying on business in New-York City, formerly a member of the firm of Dimock & Moore,) who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner of Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, before Mr. James F. Dwight, Register, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 15, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALONZO R. PECK and WILLIAM H. PECK, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Alonzo R. Peck and William H. Peck, in said district, duly declared bankrupts under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a several discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 30th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock A. M., at the office of Mr. Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have poved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 1st day of April, 1868.
ap2-1aw3wTh* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARNOLD C. HAWES, a bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Arnold C. Hawes, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated City of New-York, 1st day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN TODD, Assignee,
ap2-1aw3wTh* No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES COHEN, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Charles Cohen, of the City and County of New-York, in said district; and who was on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at the City of New-York the 8th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM LISLE, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate and effects of William Lisle, of the City of Newburgh, in the County of Orange, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at Newburgh, New-York, the 6th day of April, A. D. 1868.
JOHN S. WEAR, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh* of Newburgh, New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MARQUIS D. L. SHARKEY, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Marquis D. L. Sharkey, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 1st day of April, A. D. 1868.

ap2-1aw3wTh* DAVID CLOSE, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM STORER, JR., bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William Storer, Jr., of Yonkers, in the County of Westchester and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at White Plains, the 1st day of April, A. D. 1868.

JAMES H. MORAN, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh White Plains, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern district of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SIMEON M. RUNYON, bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Simeon M. Runyon, of the City of New-York, in the County and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York the 27th day of March, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 8th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JACOB BLUMAUER, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 10th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of SYLVESTER D. SHIPMAN, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 3d day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JAMES BENNETT, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Isaiah T. Williams, Register, on the 2d day of May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 8th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of FRANK HAY, of Jersey City, in the County of Hudson, and State of New-Jersey, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 1 Montgomery-st., in Jersey City, New-Jersey, before Mr. Staats S. Morris, Register, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

BENAJAH DEACON, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger District of New-Jersey.
J. DIXON, Jr., Attorney, No. 1 Exchange-place, Jersey City, N. J.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 27th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIS CHURCHILL, of Newark, in the County of Essex, and State of New-Jersey, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 194 Broad-st., in the City of Newark, New-Jersey, before Mr. Staats S. Morris, Register, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dated April 14, 1868. BENAJAH DEACON,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSHUA DAVENPORT and JOSEPH P. DAVENPORT, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Joshua Davenport and Joseph P. Davenport, in said district, duly declared bankrupts under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 6th day of May, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 6th day of April, 1868.
ap9-1aw3wTh* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSEPH W. BARTLETT, a bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 1st day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at chambers of said District Court, before John Fitch, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 34 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the said bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.

Dated New-York, the 8th day of April, A. D. 1868.
Ap9-1aw3wTh. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN M. BERRIAN and CORNELIUS A. BERRIAN, individually and as copartners.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John M. Berrian and Cornelius A. Berrian, individually and as copartners, of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within the said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 3d day of April, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.—To whom it may concern.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of WALWORTH D. CRANE, JOHN B. FASSETT and JOSEPH C. DANCKELMANN, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said district.

New-York, April 6, 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee.
No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.
EMERSON & GOODRICH, Attorneys for Bankrupts, No. 74 Wall-st. ap9-1aw3wTh*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. WOOD, bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of William H. Wood, of the City of New-York, in the County and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 27th day of March, A. D. 1868.
I. M. ANDRUSS, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh* No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss.:—At the City of New-York, the 31st day of March, 1868.—To whom it may of concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Benjamin Franklin, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOSIAH D. RICHARDS, Assignee.
ap2-1aw3wTh*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS MEYERS, a Bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Louis Meyers, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was, on the 18th day of February, 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Dated at the City of New-York, the 1st day of April, A. D. 1868.
JOHN TODD, Assignee,
ap2-1aw3wTh* No. 202 Broadway, City of New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE R. CHOLWELL, a bankrupt,—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of George R. Cholwell, of the town of Norwalk, in the County of Fairfield, and State of Connecticut, who has carried on business for more than ten years next immediately preceding the filing of his petition in the City of New-York, in said district, and who was, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—Dated at New-York, the 31st day of March, A. D. 1868.

G. A. C. VAN BEUREN, Assignee,
ap2-1aw3wTh* No. 26 Maiden-lane.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM E. TOMPKINS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William E. Tompkins, of Harrison, in the County of Westchester and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at White Plains the 1st day of April, A. D. 1868.

JAMES H. MORAN, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh White Plains, New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of OLIVER R. WILLIS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Oliver R. Willis, of White Plains, in the County of Westchester and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at White Plains, N. Y., the 18th day of March, A. D. 1868.
JAMES H. MORAN, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh White Plains, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHAEL A. EGAN, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern; The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Michael A. Egan, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 8th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee, &c.
ap9-1aw3wTh* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 839.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JAMES E. STEVENSON, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of James E. Stevenson, of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within the said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.—Dated at New-York, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap16-1aw3wTh* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN A. BURTUS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John A. Burtus, of Morrisania, in the County of Westchester and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at White Plains, the 1st day of April, A. D. 1868.
JAMES H. MORAN, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh White Plains, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES FRIEDMAN, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Charles Friedman, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was, to wit, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1867, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of himself.

Dated at New-York City, the 8th day of April, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 10th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of AMZI S. DODD, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 14th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOSEPH MURPHY, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 7th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ALFRED FLOSTROY, of the City of Brooklyn, in the County of Kings, and State of New-York, carrying on business in the City, County and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Isaiah T. Williams, Register, on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 6th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of CALVIN SLADE, of Piscataway, in the County of Middlesex and State of New-Jersey, who has carried on business for six months next immediately preceding the filing of his petition in the City of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 30th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 10th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of EMANUEL ROSENSTEEL, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, formerly a member of the firm of Rosensteel & Blumauer, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner of Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, before Mr. James F. Dwight, Register, on the 29th day of April, A. D., 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 28th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of MAYER ADLER, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 16, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 13th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of DAVID H. TALLMAN, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 16, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of EVERETT CLAPP, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Everett Clapp, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 9th day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Isaiah T. Williams, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 15th day of April, 1868.
ap16-1aw3wTh* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of EDWARD F. TRACY, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Edward F. Tracy, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 5th day of May, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York on the 6th day of April, 1868.
ap9-1aw3wTh* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of REINHARD D. SCHRIEFER, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Reinhard D. Schriefer, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 25th day of April, 1868, at 11 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 30th day of March, 1868.
ap2-1aw3wTh* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of RICHARD DAVIES, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Richard Davies, of Jersey City, County of Hudson, and State of New-Jersey, doing business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 23d day of March, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB D. MILLS, a bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Jacob D. Mills, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Dated City of New-York, 9th day of April A. D. 1868.
JOHN TODD, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh* No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EMIL HORNER, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment, as assignee of the estate of Emil Horner, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district; and who was, to wit, on the 14th day of September, A. D. 1867, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of himself.

Dated at New-York City, the 8th day of April, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH A. LEVY, a bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby give notice of their appointment as assignees of the estate of Joseph A. Levy, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was on the 29th day of January, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated City of New-York, 1st day of April, A. D. 1868.

HEZEKIAH KOHN,
JOHN TODD,
Assignees,
ap2-1aw3wTh* No. 202 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 667.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM L. BOGERT, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Abraham L. Bogert, of the village of Jamaica, County of Queens, State of New-York, doing business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the district Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 31st day of March, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 589.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GEORGE C. SMALLEY, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern? The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of George C. Smalley, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 9th day of April, A. D. 1868.
ap9-1aw3wTh* ALFRED W. BARTLETT, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES A. CRANE, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Charles A. Crane, of New-York City, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who has been, to wit, on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 27th day of March, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap9-1aw3wTh* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Northern District of New-York.—In the matter of ABEL DOWNS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy No. 5[illegible]9.—Notice is hereby given that a second general meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held at Waterloo, in said district, on the 2d day of May, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Sterling G. Hadley, Register, for the purposes named in the 27th section of the Bankrupt act of March 2d, 1867.

WILLIAM CLARK, Assignee.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1868.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st. and Irving-place.
COMPLIMENTARY RECEPTION TO Mr. C. F. GRAFULLA. By the members of the Seventh Regiment.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THE BELLE'S STRATAGEM. Characters by Mr. W. Wallack, Mr. E. L. Davenport, Mr. John Gilbert, Mr. J. B. Polk, Mr. B. T. Ringgold, Mr. J. C. Williamson, Miss Rose Eytinge, Miss Fanny Morant, and others.

FRENCH THEATRE.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
LA BELLE HELENE. Characters by Mlle. Tostee, Messrs. Guffroy, Leduc, Duchesne, Bendick, Mlle. De Fetcourt, Mlle. Marguerite and Mlle. Mathilde.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
HUMPTY DUMPTY. Characters by Mr. Geo. L. Fox, Mr. F. Lacy, Mr. C. K. Fox, Mlle. Emilie Rigl, Mlle. Schell, Miss M. Blake, Miss Lillie Whiting, and others.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THE WHITE FAWN.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
PARIS AND HELEN; OR, THE GRECIAN ELOPEMENT.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, near Broome-st.
THE FAIRY CIRCLE. Characters by Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams, &c.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
ALBERTINI, THE DUMB BOY OF ANCONA, PEGGY GREEN, &c.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
EXHIBITION OF EQUESTRIANISM AND CLASSIC OLYMPIC GAMES—THE WONDERFUL CYNOCEPHALUS.

STEINWAY HALL.
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.
READINGS BY CHARLES DICKENS: "David Copperfield" and "Mr. Bob Sawyer's Party."

NOS. 954 AND 956 BROADWAY.
PANORAMA OF THE WAR, from the attack on Fort Sumter to the final surrender. Explained by Miss Sallie B. Goodrich.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

FIFTH-AVENUE ART GALLERY.
5th-av., corner 14th-st.
EXHIBITION OF JEROME THOMPSON'S PAINTING, "THE OLD OAKEN BUCKET."

DODWORTH HALL.
No. 806 Broadway.
READINGS FROM DICKENS' WORKS. By Geo. Vandenhoff.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,
Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.
EXHIBITION of PICTURES and SCULPTURES.

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Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

The Impeachment trial was resumed in the Senate yesterday. The first business in order was the consideration of the order presented by Mr. Sumner providing that such of the Managers and counsel for the President as were prohibited by the rules from making oral arguments at the close of the case, might print and file whatever they desire to say. An amendment requiring the counsel for the defence to file their arguments before the Managers should be called upon to reply, gave rise to a lengthy debate, after which the further consideration of the subject was indefinitely postponed. An amendment to the twelfth rule, providing for the opening of the Court 11 A. M. instead of 12 o'clock, and for a recess at 2, was offered and rejected. The Chief Justice directed the defence to proceed with their case, when Mr. Evarts announced the continued illness of Mr. Stanbery, and his inability to be present. In order to save time, however, he proceeded to submit certain documentary evidence. Dewitt C. Clark, Clerk of the Senate, was sworn, and produced the nomination of Hon. Thomas Ewing, Sr., of Ohio, to be Secretary of War. This nomination was made by the President on the 21st of February last, and received by the Senate on the 22d. Mr. Evarts then offered in evidence the message of the President in reply to the resolution of the Senate notifying him that the removal of Mr. Stanton and the appointment of Gen. Thomas was illegal, wherein he justifies his action on constitutional grounds. This was objected to by the Managers, who alleged that the message was sent after the articles of impeachment had been prepared, and a lengthy argument ensued. At its conclusion the Chief Justice decided the evidence to be inadmissible. Arguments sprung up also regarding the admission of memoranda taken from books of record concerning the removal of certain officers, and was finally admitted by a vote of the Senate. Several other documents were put in evidence, after which the Court adjourned.

CONGRESS.

On the adjournment of the impeachment trial, the Senate took up the bill making appropriations for miscellaneous and impeachment expenses. Discussion arose regarding the item of $50,000 for miscellaneous expenses of the Senate. During the debate it was stated that a clerk, formerly employed by the Secretary of the Senate, had used $40,000 of Government funds for his own purposes, and that the Secretary, Mr. Forney, had refunded this amount. Mr. Cameron, on behalf of the clerk alluded to, denied this statement, and desired an investigation. The bill was finally passed. The Committee on Contingent Expenses was directed to examine and report upon the accounts of the Secretary of the Senate, after which the Senate adjourned.

In the House, a bill relating to soldiers' pensions was presented and referred to the Committee on Invalid Pensions. The petition of a large number of citizens of New-York in favor of a national railroad from New-York to Washington was referred to the Committee on Roads and Canals. The House then, in Committee of the Whole, attended the Impeachment trial. On reassembling at 4 o'clock, the Speaker proceeded to call the roll of States for bills and joint resolutions, for reference only. Mr. Stevens gave notice that he should to-morrow submit a resolution calling for an evening session, for the purpose of giving an opportunity to those who desired to make speeches on the question of impeachment. The House then adjourned.

EUROPE.

Our cable dispatches give interesting particulars of the reception of the Prince and Princess of Wales in Dublin City.

In the Newmarket Races, yesterday, Laneret was the winner of the Subscription Plate.

The *Moniteur* of yesterday prints a speech delivered by Minister Baroche, in which that official points to the great works of improvement being undertaken by the Government as an indication that no war is in contemplation.

It is officially stated in St. Petersburg that the Emperor of Russia has consented to grant a delay in the payment for the territory of Alaska.

The steamship *Hammonia*, from Hamburg April 1, via Southampton April 3, arrived at this port yesterday.

GENERAL.

A disaster occurred on the Erie Railroad, near Port Jervis, yesterday morning early, by which twenty-four persons were instantly killed and about fifty more badly injured—some of them fatally. At 3 A. M. the last four cars of the through train from Buffalo and Dunkirk for New-York were thrown off the track and rolled down an embankment fifty feet high. The rear car was a sleeping-car, and this one caught fire and several passengers were burned to death. One account says the disaster was caused by a broken rail, and another ascribes it to the breaking of a wheel.

A dispatch from Chicago says that James H. Leonard, whose alleged escape from the wreck of the *Sea Bird*, recently burned on Lake Michigan, constituted a thrilling chapter in that tragedy, is believed to be an imposter. He is not recognized by any known survivors, and his stories are very contradictory. His attempt to start a contribution in his own behalf has strengthened suspicions. It is thought he purposely threw himself into the lake, and appeared with ice upon his garments in order to aid his deceptions. Some bodies of persons lost on the *Sea Bird* have washed ashore and been robbed by thieves.

One of the severest epidemics of scarlet fever ever known in this country has prevailed in the City of Boston during the past year, and still continues, though the number of deaths is gradually diminishing. The whole number of deaths from scarlatina from the 1st of January, 1867, to the 1st of the present month has been 428. There were deaths from scarlatina in all but one of the sixty-five weeks included in this statement. The greatest number in any one week was 30—in the week ending Dec. 14, 1867. The greatest number in any month was 78—in the four weeks ending Dec. 28. The epidemic seems to have reached its height about the middle of December.

A man named Joseph Mazaron has been arrested in Penfield, charged with the murder of his wife. He went to a neighbor's house on Monday afternoon, apparently much excited, and said his wife had been killed by falling from a wagon, the horses starting while she was standing up in the box. The neighbors went to the house and found the woman suffering from bad wounds on her head and nearly dead. Near the house they found a club, one end of which was covered with blood. The woman died during the night.

Major L. Engle, express messenger of the Merchants' Union, on Friday night, was pushed against a hot stove in his car, on the New-York Central Railroad, by a falling box, and was unable to extricate himself. His cries were not heard until the train was stopped, some ten minutes later, and when taken out he was found severely burned. It is doubtful if he recovers.

The thirteen citizens of Columbus, Ga., who were arrested by the military authorities on suspicion of complicity in the assassination of Mr. Ashburn, have been released by Gen. Meade, a large number of citizens of Columbus having signed their bail bonds in the sum of $2,500 each.

The horse *Ivanhoe*, which was matched to be driven from Brighton to Worcester, against the horse *Empire State*, a few weeks since, died on Tuesday at a stable in Boston. *Ivanhoe* gave out on the way, but *Empire State* went through, winning the race, and died that night. The defeated horse has never recovered from the effects of the hard driving on that occasion.

Prof. Joseph Perkins has resigned his chair of Obstetrics in the medical department of the University of Vermont, and is succeeded by Dr. E. S. Dunster, of this City.

Hon. T. A. Plants, Representative in Congress from the Fifteenth Ohio District, has written a letter home explaining and justifying the rulings of Chief Justice Chase on the second day of the Impeachment trial. In conclusion he says: "After Gen. Grant, if not sooner, I cannot conceive of a more eligible candidate than the Chief Justice for the high office of President of the Great Republic, but of the Democratic Party, never!"

The largest income returned in Chicago is $202,306 84, by C. H. McCormick. The next largest is his brother's, J. L. McCormick, $100,000. There are nine others exceeding $50,000; sixty exceeding $25,000; ninety-seven exceeding $20,000, and 486 exceeding $10,000.

Gov. Brownlow, of Tennessee, announces that he has received threatening letters from the Kuklux Klan, and advises them to disband, unless they wish to be exterminated by a Northern army. He also states that he is not a candidate for the Vice-Presidency.

On Tuesday night a storehouse at Springfield, Mass., containing a large amount of liquor which had been confiscated by the State Constabulary, was broken into and a large portion of the liquor carried off.

The Canal Board announce that the State canals will be opened on the 4th of May, with the exception of two sections of the Genessee Valley Canal.

It is reported the Senate, has in Executive Session, finally disposed of the nomination of Col. Wisewell as Collector of Internal Revenue, by refusing to reconsider the rejection of his nomination.

An interesting letter is published from Hon. Jacob Brinkerhoff, of Ohio, on the Wilmot Proviso, in reply to one addressed to him by Senator Wilson. He gives an interesting *résumé* of political events about the time of its introduction, and says that the Proviso was drawn up by himself, and at his request presented by Mr. Wilmot, who fully indorsed it.

The propeller *Genesee Chief* and the schooner *Republic* were destroyed by fire at Detroit yesterday. The first named was valued at $30,000.

The strike of the employes in the railroad shops at Scranton, Penn., came to an end yesterday, the men returning to work at the old prices. The strike lasted about two weeks and was participated in by 500 men.

Gen. Canby has issued an order providing that resignations of civil officers, tendered either to the military or civil authorities of North Carolina or South Carolina, shall not take effect, or relieve the officer tendering the same from his responsibility for a due discharge of the duties of his office, until the acceptance thereof is officially announced, and a successor to such office has been duly appointed and qualified.

Col. Isaac W. Hayne has published a second card, in which he bids farewell to the people of South Carolina as their Attorney-General, which office he has held for nearly twenty years. He says he considers himself the last of the Attorney-Generals of South Carolina; by which, he explains, he means the old white man's South Carolina, one of the original thirteen.

The latest advices from the seat of war in South America show that the position of Gen. Lopez was not so critical as it was reported to be. There seemed to be little foundation for the news of the capture of Asuncion.

Three decrees of divorce were granted by the Supreme Court in this district yesterday.

A motion in the Supreme Court, Special Term, Second District, before Judge Lott, made yesterday in the celebrated Gardiner will case, by the counsel for Mrs. Gardiner, for a change of venue from Staten Island to this City, was denied.

The forty-fifth anniversary of the New-York Lying-in Asylum was celebrated at the Institution, in Marion-street, yesterday. The annual reports were read, giving a gratifying exhibit of the affairs of the Asylum, and officers for the ensuing year were elected.

At the meeting of the Board of Education last evening, money amounting in the aggregate to $20,260, were appropriated for repairing buildings. The Comptroller was directed to place $300,000 to the credit of the Board for educational purposes.

Coroner Rollins yesterday commenced an inquest at Bellevue Hospital over the remains of Robt. Muller and his child, Josephine Muller, two of the victims of the last tenement-house holocaust, at No. 206 Rivington-street. Several witnesses were examined, and the case was adjourned in order that the attendance of others might be secured.

The Police Commissioners yesterday investigated the charge against Capt. Mills, who is accused of having caused a poor woman to be locked up all night in the cell of a Station-house with the corpse of her child. The decision was reserved.

A verdict of $600 was rendered yesterday against the Long Island Railroad Company in favor of Prof. J. E. Frobisher, who was injured on the 28th of August, 1865, at the time of a collision on that road near Jamaica.

Some of the questions which were propounded to witnesses on Tuesday in the Erie Railway investigation, before Referee John B. Haskin, Esq., were brought before Judge Cardozo at the Supreme Court Chambers yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of ascertaining more particularly what communications from client to counsel are privileged. Judge Cardozo peremptorily refused to entertain the inquiries in any shape, and referred the counsel on both sides to Judge Barnard, who granted the order of reference. The examinations before Mr. Haskin and Mr. Redfield in regard to side issues of the Erie controversy, were continued yesterday.

Cotton was quiet, lower and heavy yesterday. Flour, Wheat and Oats were firmer and in fair demand. Corn, Pork, Lard and Tallow were less sought after at easier prices. Groceries were salable and firm. The freight market was dull, with 548 vessels of all classes in port.

Yesterday's Railroad Slaughter.

The Erie Railroad has lately been playing all sorts of fantastic tricks before the multitude. To-day it appears conspicuous in the *rôle* of public execution.

We have heard enough of Drew and his "war," and his stock operations, and his legal manœuvres, and his Jersey play. All these things have been carried on in style while the interests of the railroad of which he is President have been neglected, while its condition as a medium of travel has been growing worse, while passengers over it have been subjected to constantly increasing danger, and while accidents have been multiplying from month to month.

The horrifying slaughter of yesterday morning—the details of which we record to-day—resembles in so many of its features the Angola or Lake Shore disaster last December, that the one instantly recalls the other to everybody's mind. There is the story about a broken rail or something of the sort,—there is the detachment of cars—the whirling of car-loads of passengers down a precipitous embankment—the catching fire of one of the cars and the burning of the victims;—there are the outcries of the sufferers, the mangled and charred bodies of the slain;—there are the heart-rending incidents of husband and wife, parent and child, killed or mangled at the same fatal moment;—there are all those appalling scenes whose reality far surpasses description or imagination.

It is not certain yet what figure the list of killed and wounded will reach when all the facts are got at. The killed alone are reported as over twenty, and will more probably turn out to be close on to thirty; the wounded are between fifty and sixty. The reports, however, that came to town up to a late hour last night varied very greatly in their figures and estimates, and the precise facts cannot be given until to-morrow.

It brings darkness and bereavement to many a home,—life-long suffering to many a heart. The dead and the maimed are not the only victims. The burial scene is not the last of the accident. Hundreds of survivors and friends have endured losses which time can never repair, and will mourn the event of yesterday long years after it has passed out of the newspapers.

Whether it was owing to a broken rail or a broken wheel, is matter of less moment than of curiosity. But there is no doubt that, like most af the other constantly recurring "accidents" on our American railroads, it is owing to negligence in the matter of keeping the line and the stock in order, and owing to the want of anything like efficient supervision or inspection of the track and the rails. We remember another accident on this road last Summer, near Elmira, in which a train was thrown from the track and several lives were lost, and an investigation into its cause showed that one of the rails had been out of its place for days, and probably weeks, previously. Had the road been inspected in the way that English railroads are inspected, or in the way that one or two of our best American railroads are inspected, a defective rail would have been removed, and the accident would never have occurred. We in this country are wickedly lenient in speaking of such things. Even on such occasions as this there are people who will say that accidents will occur on the best regulated roads, &c. But the fact is, that they would *not* occur if there was the best sort of regulation, or if there was any sort of decent regulation at all. The almost perfect safety of the English railroads is owing to the almost perfect system of inspection to which every part of them is constantly subjected; and there is no reason why laws compelling an equally rigid supervision should not be enacted and enforced in this country.

No other testimony is needed in regard to the dangerous condition of this road than the last report of its Secretary. We direct the attention of the Legislature to this document. And we call upon the members of that body, as they value their own lives and safety, as well as the public interests and public opinion, to take the trouble to pass a rigorous law compelling all the railroads of the State to maintain a permanent, efficient and responsible force of inspectors to examine their condition vigilantly and daily.

Butler's Bullying.

Half a dozen times last week Butler, in his hoarse and coarse style, attempted to bully Mr. Stanbery, whose nature forbade him even under such circumstances, to offer anything beyond the retort courteous. Last Monday he attempted to bully Reverdy Johnson; but that venerable and distinguished statesman taught him a lesson which is likely to prevent any more impertinence in his direction. Yesterday he attempted to bully Counsellor Evarts, insolently demanding how he dared to offer a certain piece of evidence. Mr. Evarts replied sharply, remarking at the same time to the Senate that he had never been accustomed to hear such language as that used by Butler applied to opponents in judicial arguments. Toward Chief Justice Chase, also, Butler's insolence has frequently broken out in a manner that must have been all but intolerable.

Is Butler strengthening his case by the displays of himself he is making in this trial? Do his colleagues really consider that his spirit and manners are such as should characterize the conduct of the case? Are we to regard the Senate as impressed with admiration of his management?

We suppose the first two of these questions at least must be answered in the affirmative. Butler himself has shown all along that he intended to conduct the impeachment trial after what is known as the "Old Bailey" fashion, in which all the lowest and most disreputable arts are resorted to in order to procure conviction. The notoriety and success he formerly achieved in this sort of practice, doubtless led him to regard it as the most effective agency a lawyer could possibly use; and though one might have supposed he would have apprehended the difference between the Senate and the lower Criminal Courts, as well as the difference between an impeachment trial and a trial for burglary: yet he could not overcome his nature or habits, or rise superior to the associations of former times. His colleagues, too, more than one of whom must frequently have felt mortified, have looked on at his conduct of affairs with approval, or, at least, without protest, or, at all events, without such remonstrance as was necessary to produce a change.

We have been in hopes, on several occasions, that he would receive a rebuke from the Senate. The few impassioned remarks of Reverdy Johnson were enough as an individual expression of feeling; but there ought, on his next offence, to be a more emphatic expression by the Senate of the way in which that honorable body regard his disgraceful conduct.

The Georgia Canvass—How Penal Disabilities Operate.

The injustice and inexpediency of the penal measures of Congress could have no more striking illustration than is afforded by the canvass now in progress in Georgia. There are, as our readers know, two tickets before the people of that State; one headed by the Radical candidate for the Governorship, with other nominations emanating from the Constitutional Convention; the other, embracing the nominees of the opponents of the Constitution, irrespective of old party affiliations. The chief position on the latter ticket was originally occupied by Judge Irwin, who has been correctly described in these columns as an anti-secessionist before the war, and a consistent, unfaltering Unionist throughout the war. His loyal adherence to the Union, and his earnest desire for the restoration of his State to the Union, are as notable as the integrity of his character and his general capacity for public service. Reasoning on general principles, a candidate less objectionable to Union men, or less likely to fall under the proscriptive clauses of the Reconstruction acts, could not be imagined. Therefore the telegraphic dispatch, the other day, announcing Gen. Meade's decision that Irwin is ineligible for office, seemed an inexplicable mistake. We supposed it to be an error of the operator or printer. There was no mistake, however, as the letter of our correspondent from Atlanta yesterday showed. The microscopic scrutiny of the Commanding-General has discovered a speck on Judge Irwin's record which disqualifies him for public service. And thus the speck originated. During the war the Judge occasionally, and for very brief periods, acted as the substitute of the Confederate District-Attorney, who was incapacitated by illness. That is the sum total of Irwin's offence. His steadfast Unionism is unchallenged. His opposition to the Confederacy, from first to last, none denies. But as a matter of humanity and public convenience he once or twice discharged the ministerial duties of District-Attorney. For this, and this alone, he is declared subject to the penalties enacted by Congress for the punishment of rebels!

The story is not all told. Another candidate has been found to take the position thus unexpectedly vacated, to whom Gen. Meade offers no objection. Gen. Gordon is the man. He was, while the war lasted, a Confederate officer. He went into the Confederate service the Colonel of an Alabama regiment, fought with Lee to the end, and retired to Georgia with the rank of Major-General. A truer, braver, more gallant soldier of the Confederacy served not in the field. Yet he is eligible for office under the Reconstruction law. The District Commander, who ruled out Irwin, concedes the eligibility of Gordon. Why? "He never held any office prior to the war, never took any official oath to support the United States Constitution, has received the President's pardon for his participation in the rebellion, and is, so far as the law is concerned, free from all disabilities as to registering, voting and holding office." Such is the explanation furnished by our correspondent, and we believe that none else can be given. Irwin, having before the war taken the oath of office, and having during the war momentarily performed the duties of a Confederate office, cannot serve Georgia. His life-long Unionism counts as nothing. Gordon, on the contrary, having never sworn to support the Constitution, but having as long as the war lasted fought against Union and Constitution, may accept the highest office at the disposal of the people of Georgia. His participation in the rebellion does not operate as a hindrance to the acquisition of civic distinction. The faithful Unionist is punished; the dashing rebel soldier goes into the canvass scot-free.

Observe, we are not trying to make out a case for the disfranchisement of Gen. Gordon. We have no desire to produce the impression that he enjoys an impunity to which morally or equitably he is not entitled, or that the law should be rendered more stringent to cover cases akin to his. We believe that, individually, irrespective of differences of opinion, he would fill the Gubernatorial chair creditably; and, further, that the large class of whom he is a type may be freed from all disabilities with advantage to the South and the Union. We are for obliterating penalties, not for multiplying them. But the anomaly of his position, compared with the position of Judge Irwin, reveals the unjust working of the law and establishes the necessity of some large modification of the proscriptive clauses as now interpreted. It cannot be that Congress designed to heap on good Union men burdens from which men who struggled to destroy the Union are exempt. It meant to punish persons who violated a solemn oath by conspiring to destroy what they had sworn to conserve; but surely no sensible legislator ever contemplated the disfranchisement of a most excellent class of Southern citizens by a technical interpretation of acts in themselves unobjectionable. The country suffers from the exclusion from office of Southerners who were compromised by participation in the rebellion; and the difficulty is now aggravated by the exclusion of those who, though never engaged in the rebellion, are by blundering legislation involved in its penalties.

Had Judge Irwin been the nominee of the Radical Convention we should probably have had an appeal to Congress for special intervention in his behalf. An effort has been made to have disabilities lifted off the shoulders of Mr. Holden, with direct reference to his nomination as a Radical candidate for the Governorship of North Carolina. Gen. Logan and others holding his views have endorsed Holden in the House as a Southerner whom Congress should go out of its way to qualify for office. Yet Mr. Holden, as editor of the Raleigh *Standard*, zealously fostered resistance to the Union authority, prayed God to "deliver the South from the cold-blooded native Yankee Abolitionists," and actually published a suggestion pointing to the assassination of Mr. Lincoln and Gen. Scott. Up to a certain stage of the war he was a bitter, unyielding rebel. More recently he warmly espoused the Radical cause, has labored for it earnestly, and now hopes to be elected Governor by its influence. His anti-Unionism is mercifully overlooked by the Logans of the House, and he will doubtless occupy a front seat in the Radical synagogue. Judge Irwin, on the other hand, has had no offer of help from Congress, and is obliged to retire from the field by a rendering of the law which is at best technical; but he happens to be a candidate in the Opposition interest. That trifling circumstance constitutes the difference between Holden and Irwin in the estimation of Congress.

Exceptional legislation, however, is not the thing most likely to meet the requirements of the South, or obviate the injustice of which Judge Irwin is a victim. The whole subject of disabilities might most advantageously be brought up for revision before the admission of Southern States finally takes place. On every ground of right and policy, it is desirable that disfranchisement be narrowed down until it apply only to leaders of the rebellion, who may be specifically designated. All others cannot be too soon restored to the full privileges of citizenship.

The East River Bridge.

There is great danger that the East River Bridge project, of which we have lately heard so much, will, for the present, at least, end in smoke. The indications are all in that direction. The appropriation by the Brooklyn Common Council of $3,000,000, to aid in the construction of the work, which was asked for by the Bridge Company, is not likely to be granted, and without that substantial bonus, the Directors will scarcely prosecute further operations.

On Monday, the subject was briefly discussed by the Brooklyn Aldermen, and the question of the appropriation was laid over for two weeks, at the expiration of which time it is thought that the arrangements will be complete for giving the scheme burial with decorous and proper ceremony.

The unexpected turn which the matter has taken was consequent upon a communication received by the Aldermen from Mr. O. R. Ingersoll, inclosing a letter from Mr. Roebling, the engineer of the Bridge Company, written in 1866, in which that gentleman says that the bridge could be built for $4,000,000. The following is an extract from Mr. Roebling's letter:

> "My estimate of the work at the time I wrote these papers (1860) was $3,000,000, based upon a clear elevation of the span of 200 feet, which figure will be required by the wants of navigation. This estimate would now (1866) be increased to $4,000,000, which amount, I have no doubt, will build the whole."

Accepting the view of the case thus presented by Mr. Roebling, the Brooklyn Aldermen cannot see the necessity of taxing the constituents in the manner proposed. They argue that if the Bridge Company intend, in good faith, to raise $4,000,000 for the enterprise, that sum, according to the estimate of their own engineer, will cover the cost of construction. To give municipal aid therefore would be equivalent to making the City bear the chief part of the expense of building a structure, the immense revenue from which would pass into the hands of private individuals whose investment of their own capital in the enterprise ought not to receive so liberal a reward.

In this view of the case also there seems to be little doubt that the people of Brooklyn generally concur. The opposition to the grant of $3,000,000 has been quite active, and the revelation just made by Mr. Ingersoll of Mr. Roebling's estimates of the probable cost of the Bridge settles the point, that if the work is to be done at all it must be accomplished by the Company without municipal aid.

Cruelty on the Railroads.

A gross outrage upon common decency and humanity is habitually practiced on the lines of the New-Jersey railroads in the manner of bringing live calves to the New-York market. These nursling animals are gathered up by dealers in the farming regions and closely packed in the cars, where they frequently remain without food or water for two and three days. Their sufferings are terrible, their moaning agonizing, and when, finally, they are released from confinement, they are often too weak to stand. In their fevered, unwholesome condition they are hurried off to the shambles, and their flesh offered for sale. The only reason that animals are subjected to this shameful torture is, that by bringing them hither "on the hoof" a single day longer is obtained by the dealer in which to avail himself of the fluctuations of the market. But such a petty advantage is secured at too dreadful a cost—the cruelty inflicted upon the animals causing sickness among the consumers of their diseased flesh. A law should be on the statute book of every State forbidding the transportation of veal calves in the barbarous manner which now is practiced. Until we can get such a law passed it would be meritorious on the part of the railroads to refuse this sort of living freight. The companies could well afford to show some principle in this matter. At any rate they would not lose a dollar by their humane action. The freight must come over their roads, and there is no good reason, either on the score of profit or propriety, that it should not be butchered before it is placed in the cars.

MINOR TOPICS.

The Albany *Evening Journal* says that if President Johnson should be convicted and removed from office, "it will be simply because, from the evidence, it will be *impossible* to come to any other conclusion." We gather from this that the majority of the Senate will struggle to the last against the removal of Mr. Johnson,—that all their sympathies and desires are against it, and that they will yield only when any other course shall have become absolutely *impossible* on account of the overwhelming nature of the evidence! The poet says that the sublimest spectacle on earth is that of "a good man struggling with the storms of fate." We think the spectacle of the "good men" of the Senate, struggling to acquit Mr. Johnson, but compelled at last by the evidence, to give it up, beats the other hollow.

It seems now to be pretty generally understood among the parties directly interested that the Democrats in the Legislature do not desire any change in the Excise Law. They have been seeking only to put themselves on record as favoring its repeal, for political effect; and that effect, they think, will be greater if the law is not actually changed than if it is. The hostility of liquor dealers against the law will be kept at fever heat, whereas if the law is changed their indignation will die away for lack of fuel. The political capital of the Democrats is invested in that indignation, rather than in the actual interest of the liquor dealers.

Letter writers from New-York for distant newspapers are giving gorgeous descriptions of gambling-houses said to be in existence up town, frequented exclusively by ladies. Of course these female gamblers are among the most beautiful, accomplished and influential ornaments of fashionable society. We need hardly say that these stories are pure inventions.

The Philadelphia *Age* is discussing what will happen if the bill requiring City railroad managers to divide the seats in their cars, and to make them convenient for passengers, is passed. The *Age* may spare itself any such trouble. The law will not be passed. The Railroad Companies are opposed to it. This is a free country and no laws (of this sort) are passed without the consent of the companies to be affected by them,—unless somebody else bids higher than they do.

In the investigation of certain political frauds in the Pennsylvania Legislature, Rev. Thomas Tracy, a priest of Clearfield, testified that he paid a man named O'Meara $500 to leave the State while the inquiry was going on, in order that he might not appear as a witness; and that he did this at the instance of Senator Wallace, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee. There are several disgraceful features of this transaction—not the least of which is that a *Priest* should have been found willing to make himself a party to so base an act.

The *Herald* of yesterday had a very startling double-leaded special dispatch from Washington, announcing a dreadful conspiracy for the overthrow of the Government. It may allay the public alarm, which such an announcement is calculated to excite, to know that the "dispatch" originated here in New-York, in the fertile brain of a well-known literary gentleman, more celebrated for flights of fancy, and for fine imaginative talents, than for political wisdom or for accurate information on any subject.

Violations of common decency have ceased to be rare occurrences with politicians and partisans. But one of the most flagrant instances we have recently noticed is the action of the Republican members of the Pennsylvania Legislature, in getting up an application for the appointment of Mr. Stanton to be Secretary of the Treasury under the Presidency of Mr. Wade. We have heard of getting up raffles for the clothes of a man on trial for murder,—and this is the only parallel we can think of to the transaction of which we speak. It assumes a good many things which anybody but Pennsylvania politicians would hesitate about—the President's conviction and removal from office to begin with; and to make the performance still more repulsive, this application is sent to Mr. Cameron, one of the Pennsylvania Senators,—one of the *jurors* who are to decide the question of the President's guilt!

The nomination of a Presidential candidate is beginning to trouble the Democratic Party, both North and South. The St. Louis *Dispatch*, in an able and sensible article, urges upon the party the absolute necessity of selecting some one who is in harmony with the predominant sentiment of the nation,—who sympathized with the North during the war, yet condemned its excesses,—who has since labored to uphold the Constitution and to restore the Union without imposing new conditions on the old States,—who opposes Congressional usurpation and supports the independence of the several departments of the Government,—who regards the negro as one to be governed, not to govern, and who holds substantially the Pendletonian theory of the finances. It prefers a civilian, and thinks that Gov. English most nearly answers the description. The Macon (Ga.) *Telegraph* thinks Hancock and Adams would make a good ticket;—their "revolutionary names would stir up the popular heart and resurrect revolutionary principles, now trampled in the dust."

In view of the *Tribune's* recent theory and practice regarding the use of such terms as "liar" in public argument, its readers must be edified by its castigation of Mr. Johnson for what it terms his abuse of freedom of speech. "The right to speak," says the *Tribune*, with all the gravity of a censor of polite debate, "implies the responsibility of speaking with measured propriety." How, then, is it with the right to write? Or, perhaps rather, the use of such epithets as "liar" may be the *Tribune's* idea of "measured propriety?" If so, had Mr. Johnson called Congress "a set of liars" he would doubtless have received the *Tribune's* commendation for his charming frankness. As it is, it rebukes, with the air of a courtly precisian, what it calls the "remarkable outpourings of Mr. Johnson," and "his vulgar abuse absolutely unprecedented in the annals of political discussion," and his "thoughts dangerous, *uncharitable* and malignant." Surely the *Tribune*, that fount of charity, should be a judge of uncharitableness in attributing bad motives to public men.

The Petersburgh (Va.) *Index* has a very inflammable sort of an editor. The amount of danger and dishonor which that man snuffs in every Northern breeze is something startling. One of our City papers, which has never been suspected yet of being serious in anything it said, recently advised Jeff. Davis to run away lest Ben Wade should hang him, when he gets to be President. Upon this the *Index* breaks out into a column of dithyrambic woe. It is a Northern plot to bring dishonor on the head of Davis! *He*, Davis aforesaid, would not have it so! He would not be a fugitive. He, "the vicar of our punishment," says the *Index*, "has borne in his own person the torture designed to discipline a nation." "He suffers because he was faithful to the end." "The Southern heart yearns and reaches toward him in respect and gratitude, and yet it had rather hold him dear in memory, watch over his grave with hopeful tears, than purchase his exemption with his shame." And it closes its hymn of sacred grief with this solemn strain:

> "The North has gained the victory, and the South is enslaved. But its people who have offered up their lives and fortunes upon the altar of conviction are *ready to make another sacrifice to conscience*, even though it be the blood of their chosen chief. But woe to the hand which spills it. It becomes us not to threaten. We feel the collar of oppression and know the power of the tyrant. *But the heart is changeless, the mind is chainless.* There is no law to govern thought or to repress determination. Let Mr. Davis be murdered and vengeance shall come—sure, swift and terrible."

We hope the *Index* feels better.

The Augusta (Ga.) *Constitutionalist* reads us a vehement lecture for our "recommendation" that drum-head courts-martial be substituted for all other forms of authority in the Southern States! It finds this counsel in an article on the assassination of Ashburn, and it regards our reference to the experience of Poland, Ireland and Hungary as an endorsement of the efficacy and desirableness of such authority! The people of the Southern States are probably not all fools; but a very large proportion of that class of the population seems to have gone into the business of editing newspapers. If they would attend some of the colored schools a while, they might possibly be made to understand something of what is known in elementary rhetoric as the ironical style of writing.

A writer in a Western paper offers himself as a candidate for a "testimonial." He is moved thereto, not by the consciousness of having done anything to deserve one, but by the fact that everybody he meets, who has done no more than he has, seems to be getting one. We fear he isn't sharp. If he will look a little closer he will understand the matter better. "Testimonials" for what has been done are generally bribes for something expected to be done. When a Revenue officer, for example, gets a handsome "testimonial" from the distilling interest for his discharge of his public duties;—or when a district-attorney gets a magnificent "testimonial" as a token of admiration from a class of men whom he ought to send to State Prison;—or when a judge is honored by a splendid mark of the great respect in which he is held by parties of somewhat doubtful antecedents, there is seldom much difficulty in understanding the precise meaning and motive of such spontaneous tributes to virtue. Unless our Western friend is in some public position, involving power and responsibility, he will not get many replies to his advertisement for a "testimonial."

The Typographical Union of New-York is wasting a good deal of misplaced indignation in regard to the employment of printers in State Prison. It seems to labor under the impression that a law is to be passed making the prison an enormous printing-office, and its members are holding weekly meetings to protest against it. This is all a mistake. By the existing laws of the State the labor of all persons in State Prison is hired out by contract; this is the way in which it is made to contribute to their support. The law applies to labor of all kinds. Carpenters, stone masons, shoemakers,—mechanics of all sorts who are found in State Prison, (and all classes are represented there,) are hired out by the prison officials, to contractors who pay a stipulated price for their labor. There are nearly seventy printers among the inmates of Sing Sing State Prison, and *their* labor has been contracted for just like that of every other class of mechanics. That is the whole story. Is there any reason why printers should not do something to support themselves in prison, as all other mechanics are required to do? Either the whole system of State Prison labor must be given up, or printers must work like every other class of prisoners.

AMUSEMENTS.

Mme. Ristori's Farewell.

The steamship *Columbia*, which sails to-day for Havana, will bring back Mme. Ristori and her dramatic company from that land of doubloons and bananas. Upon her return Mme. Ristori will begin her farewell series of performances in the United States. At the outset she will play but five nights in New-York, begining on the 4th, and at two *matinées*. She will play twice in Brooklyn, also. *Sor Teresa; or "Isabille Suarez"* will be introduced on her *rentrée*. In the personation of this heroine Mme. Ristori is said, by the Press of Havana, to surpass her *Elizabeth* or *Marie Antoinette*. Passage for Mme. Ristori's departure for Europe, early in June, has been secured.

Readings.

Mrs. Kemble's third reading, at the Brooklyn Institute, will take place on Friday evening. It will consist of the "Second part of King Henry V." On Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, Mrs. Kemble will read "As You Like It" at the same place.

The sale of tickets for Mrs. Kemble's series of readings in New-York, commences this morning in the Steinway warerooms, as the usual ticket office is occupied. The readings will begin on Tuesday next, and will be four in number.

Mr. Vandenhoff gives his third and last reading at Dodworth Hall to-night, to consist of selections from Dickens alone.

WASHINGTON.

Washington, Wednesday, April 15.

REGISTRATION.

The registration of voters in Washington is progressing slowly, and thus far indicates a slight increase over the number of voters of both colors at the last registration.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS IN FLORIDA.

Recent advices from Florida announce the nomination of a second Republican ticket in that State for the purpose of dividing the Union vote and securing the success of the Conservative ticket. No doubt exists of the ratification of the Constitution, and, from the fact that the new ticket has been rejected by the Union Party generally, it is safe to predict that the regular nominees will be elected, although by a reduced majority.

RESPECT FOR THE MEMORY OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

As a mark of respect for the memory of the late President Lincoln, and of the sorrow for the national loss, occasioned by his murder, the War Office, and the several Bureaus of the War Department, were closed to-day at 12 o'clock by order of Secretary Stanton. The Commandant of the Washington Arsenal, by the same authority, caused a gun to be fired every half hour, beginning at sunrise, and continuing until sunset. Business is generally suspended in the other Departments, and national flags over all the public buildings are flying at half-mast. As appropriate to the day the "Last Hours of Lincoln," designed by John B. Bachelder, and painted by Alonzo Chappel, was, by invitation, displayed in the Speaker's room, eliciting high commendations, owing particularly to the correct portraits of the distinguished personages present at that scene.

DEDICATION OF THE LINCOLN MONUMENT.

The dedication of the Lincoln monument took place this afternoon in front of the City Hall. The monument consists of a Tuscan pillar thirty-five feet high, surmounted by a colossal statue of Lincoln, all of white marble. It is the work of Lat Flannery, of this city, and was procured by voluntary contributions of citizens of Washington, costing $7,000. Thousands of spectators were present, including masonic orders, sons of temperance and other civil organizations. On the stand, among others, were the President of the United States, Major-Gens. Hancock and Emory, and other military and also navy officers connected with the Executive Department of the Government; members of Congress and a large representation of foreign countries, namely: The Ministers from England, Prussia, Italy, Greece, the Charge d'Affaires from Denmark and the Consul-General of Switzerland, together with their *attachés* and gentlemen connected with other Legations. Gen. Grant and Major-Gen. Howard were near, but not on the stand. During the proceedings there were alternate rain and sunshine. After prayer, and the playing of dirges by the bands, Major B. B. French delivered an address on the life and services of Abraham Lincoln, at the conclusion of which the band played the "Ranz des Vaches," and Col. E. B. Olmstead recited a poem, when the President of the United States was conducted to the front of the platform, and there, pulling at the halyards, unvailed the statue. Shout after shout was given by the dense assembly, the band meantime playing an air while the Star Spangled Banner was waved on the platform. After the introduction of the artist, and the pronouncing the benediction, the ceremonies ended.

VENEZUELA BLOCKADED.

Official information has been received that owing to the revolt in the State of Barcelona, Venezuela, the acting President of that Republic, on the 5th of March declared all the ports of Venezuela from the River Unare to Coroma Point, a distance of about 400 miles, closed and in a state of blockade.

COMMANDER SHUFELDT.

The recent order assigning Commander R. W. Shufeldt, U. S. N., to ordnance duty at New-York Navy-yard, has been revoked, and he has been granted leave of absence.

ISSUE OF PATENTS.

For the week ending on Tuesday, the 21st inst., 293 patents will be issued from the Patent Office. During the past week 495 applications and 65 caveats have been filed.

SPECIAL INDIAN COMMISSION.

The Special Commission appointed by the President, consisting of Hon. N. G. Taylor, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Col. Thomas Murphy, Superintendent of Indian Affairs, Col. N. G. Boone, Major G. C. Swan and Judge A. N. Blacklidge, left Wednesday night for Kansas, for the purpose of making treaties with the Great and Little Osages and other Indian tribes in Kansas. The Osages own eight million acres of the finest lands in Kansas. This is a very important move for Kansas, and will open up a large amount of the finest land in the State for settlement by the thousands of emigrants now on their way, and others preparing to go thither.

TELEGRAMS.

Reception of the Prince and Princess of Wales in Dublin.

The Emperor of Russia on the Payment for Alaska.

A General European Disarmament Probable.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Reception of the Prince and Princess of Wales in Dublin—An Enthusiastic Greeting to the Royal Visitors.

DUBLIN, Wednesday, April 15—Evening.

The fleet bearing their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, entered the bay this forenoon. Its arrival was announced by a royal salute from all the vessels in the harbor.

The fleet came to anchor off Kingstown shortly before noon, and soon afterward the Prince and Princess of Wales landed. They were received by their Excellencies the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland and the Marchioness of Abercorn, and conducted to the special train of cars which was in readiness to convey them to Dublin.

The Lord Lieutenant was accompanied by the officers of State, the Commander-in-Chief of the forces, and a large deputation of the principal local authorities. A guard of honor occupied the pier and lined the approach to the railway station. All the wharves and buildings commanding a view of the scene were thronged with people, and the space near the station was entirely filled by the crowd, who cheered incessantly as the Royal party passed on to the cars.

The train proceeded slowly to Dublin. When it had arrived at Westland-row, the terminus of the road, the Prince and Princess and their attendants alighted. A military guard of honor, under Major-Gen. CUNYNGHAME, was drawn up, forming a hollow square. The Mayor and members of the Corporation of the City of Dublin advanced and presented an address of welcome to the royal visitors on the part of the citizens.

The Prince and Princess and suite, and the Lord Lieutenant and the officers of State, then entered carriages, and a procession was formed, which passed through the principal streets of the city to the Castle.

The streets, windows and housetops along the route of the procession were densely crowded with spectators, who, by their cheers and cries, manifested the wildest enthusiasm. The buildings on the line of march were richly decorated with flags, flowers and tapestry. The day was fine, the sun shone brilliantly, and the display was a complete success.

The procession reached the Castle at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when the Prince and Princess were conducted to the State Departments prepared for their reception.

One of the noticeable features of the decorations was the frequency with which the American banner was displayed with the flags of England and Ireland.

New-Market Races—Third Day.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 15.

At the New-Market races, to-day, *Laneret* was the winner of the Subscription Plate.

RUSSIA.

The Czar Grants a Delay in the Payment for Alaska.

ST. PETERSBURG, Wednesday, April 15.

The *Journal de St. Petersburg*, organ of the Imperial Government, says the Emperor of Russia has consented to grant a delay in the payment by the United States of the sum stipulated in the treaty for the transfer of the territory of Alaska, and the time now assigned for the payment is the 1st of May next. The *Journal* feels confident that the American Congress will vote the necessary appropriation.

The War Fever—A General Disarmament Probable.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 15.

The *Journal de St. Petersburg* to-day has a pacific article on the state of Europe, in which it says that a general disarmament of the European Powers is probable.

FRANCE.

The Army Bill Excitement—Minister Baroche Seeks to Allay the Agitation.

PARIS, Wednesday, April 15.

The *Moniteur*, in its issue of to-day, publishes a speech made at Rambouillet by M. ERNEST BAROCHE, Minister of Justice, in which he endeavors to allay the excitement produced by the frequent rumors of impending war. The Minister says it is well known that the Government is now engaged in actively prosecuting extensive works for the improvement of the entire system of interior and connecting roads of France, in which large sums of money are expended. This fact, he argues, is utterly inconsistent with the idea that the Government apprehends, or is making preparations for an approaching warlike conflict, and should be conclusive evidence to all that France earnestly desires peace. The very reorganization of the military forces of the Empire, which had excited so much needless apprehension, was a pledge for the maintenance of peace, which, he assured his hearers with joy, no European Power now threatened to disturb.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The Capture of Asuncion by the Allies Doubted—The Peril of Lopez's Position Greatly Exaggerated.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 15.

The steamship of the regular mail line plying between Rio de Janeiro and Lisbon arrived in the latter port late yesterday afternoon. The intelligence which she brings from the Brazilian forces operating in Paraguay is several days later, and very important.

The report of the capture of Asuncion by the Brazilian fleet seems to have been unfounded. According to the very latest advices that city was still held by the Paraguayans. After the battle with the Paraguayan gunboats, the Brazilian iron-clad fleet proceeded to Curupaity, where it still remained.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 15—Evening.

The mails brought by the South American steamer have arrived here, and show, as was expected, that the position of Gen. LOPEZ is not so critical as was reported. The Paraguayans claim that in the recent naval fight their gunboats obtained a decided success over the Brazilian iron-clads. The fighting was very sharp, and the casualties on both sides were heavy; but no definite account of their losses are given by either party.

Confiscated Liquors Stolen in Springfield, Mass.

SPRINGFIELD, Wednesday, April 15.

The storehouse of the State Constabulary in this city, containing several thousand gallons of confiscated liquors, was broken open last night and a large portion of the contents removed. The liquors had been accumulating for a couple of years, and was under the charge of Deputy Constable SAMUEL CHAPIN, who shot BROOKS in the Westfield riot last Fall.

The Kuklux Klan in Tennessee—Gov. Brownlow Declines to be a Candidate for Vice-President.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Wednesday, April 15.

Gov. BROWNLOW this morning publishes that he has received threatening letters from the Kuklux Klan, containing pictures of coffins and a gallows. He warns them to disband, unless they want a Northern army to exterminate them. He declines a nomination for the Vice-Presidency.

The Funeral of Senator Cook at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Wednesday, April 15.

The funeral of JAMES M. COOK, to-day, was largely attended. Lieut.-Gov. WOODFORD and the State Senate, which adjourned for the purpose and came in a special train, Thurlow Weed, Thomas H. Hillhouse, Thomas W. Olcott, Charles Van Benthuysen, George Dawson, Isaac Blood, Gen. Joseph B. Swain, Wm. H. Bogart, Hugh J. Hastings and Edward S. Dodd were in attendance. The funeral ceremonies took place in the Presbyterian Church, where an address was delivered by Rev. Dr. WOODBURGH. The body was taken to Ballston, and deposited in the family vault. The Masons and Knights Templar performed the ceremonies at the cemetery.

Boiler Explosion at Danville, Penn.—One Man Killed and Several Wounded.

SCRANTON, Penn., Wednesday, April 15.

At Danville, Montour County, this morning, a boiler explosion in the puddling mill of the Pennsylvania Iron Company killed one man and mortally wounded four, and seriously wounded nine others.

The men in the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company's shops in this city, five hundred in number, have returned to work without any advance in wages, after having been on a strike for about two weeks.

Resolutions Adopted in Virginia—City Officers Appointed for Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., Wednesday, April 15.

The Republican nominating meeting of Hanover County adopted resolutions affirming that, under the present circumstances, more stringent measures than are contained in the Reconstruction acts are neither asked nor desired.

Gen. SCHOFIELD to-day appointed city officers and Councilmen for the City of Petersburg.

The Convention was to-day engaged in the revision of the new Constitution.

The Commissioners of Charities.

ALBANY, Wednesday, April 15.

Senator FOLGER to-day introduced a bill in the Senate to amend the laws relative to the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction, empowering them to appoint an assistant secretary at a salary of $1,800, and abolishing the special qualification of residence required in the original law.

A Propeller and a Schooner Burned at Detroit.

DETROIT, Mich., Wednesday, April 15.

The propeller *Genesee Chief* and the schooner *Republic* were burned to the water's edge, and the schooner *Hartsell* damaged to the extent of $5,000, this morning. The propeller was valued at $30,000, and was insured for $15,000. The schooner was owned and probably insured in Toledo.

A Missing School Teacher Found.

BOSTON, Wednesday, April 15.

Miss ABBY MILLS, a school teacher, whose unexplained disappearance caused much anxiety, has been found among her friends in Brooklyn, N. Y., where she had wandered, it is supposed, under temporary aberration of the mind.

Democratic Gains in Niagara County.

LOCKPORT, Wednesday, April 15.

At the town meetings in Niagara County yesterday the Democrats elected ten Supervisors, and the Republicans six, a Democratic gain of four. On the popular vote the Democrats gain largely upon last Fall.

The Opening of the State Canals.

ALBANY, Wednesday, April 15.

The Canal Board have adopted a resolution to open the canals of the State on Monday, the 4th day of May, except sections two and three of the Genesee Valley Canal.

FOREIGN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE HAMBURG STEAMSHIP HAMMONIA.

The steamship *Hammonia*, which left Hamburg April 1, and Southampton April 3, arrived at New-York yesterday morning, with one day's later intelligence than was at hand by the *City of Paris*.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer had brought in his bill to enable the Postmaster-General to acquire and work the electric telegraphs of the United Kingdom. By a comparison of the proportion of letters and telegraphic messages in Great Britain and the Continental States, he showed that there was great scope here for an increased use of telegraphic communication under an improved system of management.

The London *Star* announces the serious illness of the Pope, and VICTOR EMMANUEL. His Holiness is suffering from an intestinal complaint, and His Majesty from apoplectic fits.

At the sitting of the North German Parliament, April 2, the treaty recently concluded with the United States, settling the nationality of emigrants, passed the final reading almost unanimously, the Polish members, however, dissenting. Count BISMARK said that the treaty would always be carried into effect in a conciliatory spirit. Mr. BANCROFT was present during the sitting, in the Ambassador's box.

It is stated that Prussia, in view of terminating the endless discussion relative to Northern Schleswig, has proposed to abandon to Denmark the whole country lying on the north of Hadersleben and Christiansfeld, with the two towns, on the condition that Denmark shall not insist upon the population being consulted by universal suffrage, as stipulated in the treaty of Prague. As to the guarantees on behalf of the German inhabitants of the retroceded districts, Prussia would accept the offers already made by Denmark.

According to the semi-official *Provincial Correspondenz*, the reports which have appeared in various papers respecting a projected journey of the King, and his meeting with other crowned heads, are premature and devoid of any authority.

The Vienna morning papers correct assertions in circulation to the effect that Baron VON BEUST had addressed a confidential note to the representatives of Austria abroad, containing assurances of future support to the Papacy. They state that the circular dispatch recently forwarded is simply intended to prevent an incorrect interpretation being placed upon the popular demonstrations that occurred on the 21st ult., caused by the vote of the Upper House upon the Civil Marriage bill.

The official *Berlingske Tidende* says: "We have reason to believe that there is no foundation for the statement of some foreign journals that Denmark had proposed to Prussia to enter the North German Confederation on consideration that Schleswig should be settled as defined in the Rescript of 1847."

WEST INDIES AND MEXICO.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP MORRO CASTLE.

The steamship *Morro Castle*, which left Havana April 11, arrived at this port yesterday. Our thanks are due Purser R. W. ALBERT for the prompt delivery of our Cuban and Mexican letters and newspapers.

In Havana the Holy week had been celebrated with all the usual pomp and circumstance.

Letters report that many suicides were occurring among the coolies employed in the island.

The small-pox was raging with great violence at Puerto Principe.

The news from Jamaica was unimportant.

In Mexico the usual rumors of discord between chieftains in different portions of the country were rife; but the general state of affairs was more satisfactory in appearance and of better promise for the future than recent accounts would have led one to suppose.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 15.

APPROPRIATIONS.

On motion of Mr. MORRILL, the Senate took up the bill making appropriations for miscellaneous and impeachment expenses of the Senate. The item of $50,000 for miscellaneous expenses gave rise to considerable discussion.

Mr. HENDRICKS opposed it as being much too large.

Mr. CRAGIN enumerated a great number of expenses which must be met by this appropriation, and called attention to the fact that last year a similar appropriation of $30,000 was made to cover deficiencies, and said many unpaid expenditures had since been necessarily incurred which would create a larger deficiency this year.

Mr. DIXON from his former experience as Chairman of the Committee, thought he knew as much about the matter as the Senator from New-Hampshire, and considered the estimate extravagant.

Mr. BUCKALEW moved to reduce the item to $40,000.

Mr. GRAGIN reminded the Senate that the expenses of fitting up the marble room and other portions of the Senate wing were paid out of this fund, which had also to defray expenditures like that for the lemonade which they had all drank last Summer.

Mr. HENDRICKS contended that the Secretary of the Senate ought to furnish a detailed estimate, so as to show for what purposes the money was needed, and was opposed to placing so large an amount in his hands without it.

Mr. CAMERON referred to current rumors in relation to a deficiency of $40,000 between the accounts of the Secretary and his financial clerk, and to some difficulty between the Secretary and the Sergeant-at-Arms, and thought the whole matter should be examined and the Secretary's method of keeping his accounts explained.

Mr. CRAGIN made a statement that Col. FORNEY had last Fall found a deficit of $40,000, which his clerk admitted to have used, and he knew that the Secretary had raised the money and made the deficit good. He also maintained that the Secretary had no means of defrauding the Senate, nor the power to contract bills for its account.

Mr. CAMERON said the gentleman referred to as a defaulter was a native of his State and a relative of the Secretary, and he would say, in justice to Mr. WAGNER, that he (WAGNER) denied all charges of misappropriating money alleged against him by the Secretary and just repeated by the Senator from New-Hampshire, (Mr. CRAGIN.) Mr. CAMERON was opposed to placing any more money in the hands of the Secretary until this matter was cleared up.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, said the books of the Secretary showed plainly every item of expenditure, and expressed surprise that any Senator should require to be informed what had caused a deficiency, since it was the action of them all. They had continued in office and under pay about seventeen messengers and clerks during the recess; they had employed additional policemen, and had authorized many other extra expenditures.

Mr. CRAGIN said money had actually been borrowed, in order to pay bills contracted for account of the Senate.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, expressed great regret and surprise that such things should have been done by either the Secretary or Sergeant-at-Arms. They had no right to do any such thing.

Mr. DIXON said the deficiencies for messengers, policemen, &c., were otherwise provided for, and had nothing to do with the item of $50,000.

Mr. THAYER desired to say that the financial clerk had made a statement in writing, acknowledging that he had used $40,000 of the money intrusted to him, which statement Col. FORNEY could show to any Senators who wished to see it. He could also show the Comptroller's certificate that the amount had been made good.

Mr. CAMERON insisted that the whole matter should be investigated. He still had confidence in the statements of Mr. WAGNER, who had always borne a spotless reputation.

Mr. HENDRICKS inquired who had authorized the employment of additional policemen, and how there came to be a deficiency of $17,000 in the amount required to pay them. The number of the Capitol Police was fixed by law, and their pay was also fixed. It did not take much to have Policemen anywhere, but he thought still less of the Capitol Police since their action yesterday in refusing to let a soldier with the flag of his country enter a building which he (HENDRICKS) had thought was free to every American citizen.

Mr. HARLAN asked if the Senator knew that what he said was true.

Mr. THAYER suggested that the Senator from Wisconsin (DOOLITTLE) could give a correct account of the affair, as he was Chairman of the Committee of Ceremonies.

Mr. DOOLITTLE said he was not Chairman of the Committee of Ceremonies, and he knew only what he had heard about the matter from Sergt. BATES this morning. He told him that although he had an order from Gen. MICHLER to go to the dome and display his flag, he was stopped at the entrance to the rotunda by the Capitol Police, who refused him admission unless the order was indorsed by the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate. The indorsement was procured for him by some gentleman, but the Police then said the order must also be countersigned by the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House, and this last named officer they were unable to find. In the meantime it was raining heavily and the crowd becoming impatient, and there seeming to be no prospect of an admission, the Sergeant left and put up his flag on Washington Monument. The Police told him he might enter, but he could not bring the flag with him.

Mr. BUCKALEW's amendment was rejected, and the bill was then passed. It appropriates $10,000 for the expenses of the trial, and $117,000 for various deficiencies in contingent expenses of the Senate, published heretofore.

Mr. CAMERON moved that the Committee on Contingent Expenses be directed to inquire into and report upon the condition of the accounts of the Secretary of the Senate.

Mr. BUCKALEW said that while the accounts of their Secretary were being inquired into, he would suggest to his colleague to include in his motion an inquiry into the conduct of the Secretary as Clerk of the Court of Impeachment, in daily commenting in journals under his control on the case.

Mr. CAMERON said he would stick to his original motion now, but after a while he would go with his colleague upon the other point.

The motion was then adopted, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. O'NEILL introduced a bill supplementary to the several acts relating to pensions, proposing to extend their provisions to Acting Assistant Surgeons, &c., disabled by wounds or disease, while performing their duties of Assistant or Acting Assistant Surgeons. Which was referred to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

Mr. FERRIS presented a petition from JOHN H. RYERSON and 150 other citizens of New-York City, in favor of a national railroad between New-York and Washington, which was referred to the Committee on Roads and Canals.

The House then resolved itself into Committee of the Whole, Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, Chairman, and proceeded to the Senate Chamber to attend the impeachment trial, the Speaker having given notice that he would reserve the right, on the occasion of short sessions of the Senate, such as yesterday, to call the States and Territories for bills for reference to the appropriate committees.

The House reassembled at 4 o'clock, and the Speaker proceeded to call the States for bills and joint resolutions for reference.

Under the call bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read twice, and referred as follows:

BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

By Mr. SAWYER—Defining the rights of riparian owners of lands, acquired by purchase from the United States, on the Menomonee River in Michigan and Wisconsin. Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

By Mr. HIGBY—A joint resolution on the subject of Hitchcock's Revolving Iron Fort. Referred to the Committee on Ordnance.

By Mr. MAYNARD—Conferring the franking privilege on Miss DOROTHEA L. DIX. Referred to the Post-office Committee.

Also to aid the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad of Texas in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Mississippi to the Pacific Ocean. Referred to the Committee on the Pacific Railroad.

Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania—I desire the consent of the House to offer a resolution to lie over until to-morrow.

THE SPEAKER—The gentleman may give notice of it, but he cannot offer it now.

Mr. STEVENS—I want to give notice that to-morrow, when the House returns, I will ask to take a recess until 7 o'clock, for the purpose of allowing such members as choose to make speeches, without any reference to action, an opportunity to do so, so that they may have them published, and sent to the country. I will state the reason why I will offer the resolution, so that the House may reflect upon it. It is very plain that the Senate will not allow the House Managers any chance to speak, and to lay before the public the reasons why they go for impeachment, further than those Managers who were appointed for the purpose, and it is believed that there will be some advantage in laying before the country the reasons which they have to furnish. I thought it right to offer this resolution merely that it may be considered not for the action of the House now, but for reflection until to-morrow, so that members may see whether it be expedient to make such an order. I know that there are four or five able speeches written, not by Managers merely, but by others, on the subject of impeachment; but whether or not it will be prudent to have them made in the House, will be a question for consideration. I give the notice now so that I may not be precluded to-morrow.

The Speaker stated that no action could be taken this afternoon except upon calling the States for bills and resolutions, and that the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. WASHBURNE) and the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. BANKS) had given notice that to-morrow, on the return of the House to the hall, they would endeavor to dispose of the pending resolution in reference to the printing of Manager BUTLER's speech, and would then take up for action the bill in reference to the rights of naturalized citizens abroad.

The Speaker therefore suggested to the gentleman from Pennsylvania that probably Friday would be a better day for having the evening session.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, said he should like to know from the gentleman from Pennsylvania if the purpose was to allow the Managers to make speeches in the House instead of in the Senate.

Mr. ELDRIDGE said he was about to make the same inquiry. He should like to know whether the argument is to precede the action of the Senate. If that was the purpose, he gave notice that the resolution should not be passed unless there was a quorum present.

Mr. STEVENS—It looks very much now as if they were running to a close in the Senate. I have already said that I mention this as a precautionary measure, so that I may not be precluded from offering the resolution to-morrow or the next day if I choose to do so. I am not certain that I shall offer it.

Mr. VAN AUKEN inquired whether this was for the purpose of forestalling action on the part of the Senate, and as to how many speeches would probably be made upon it.

Mr. MAYNARD said he supposed that was for the action of the House hereafter.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, called for the regular order of business.

Mr. ELDRIDGE addressed the Speaker.

The Speaker stated that debate was not in order.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—I do not wish to make any debate. I simply wish to ask the Committee on Printing to report the resolution with reference to the printing of Judge CURTIS' address as well as that of Mr. BUTLER.

Mr. WASHBURNE—I did not call the regular order of business for the purpose of cutting of that matter at all.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—I wish the Committee on Printing to report on that resolution, so that we may act on the two together, because otherwise I shall feel it my duty to require at least a quorum of the House to act. If both resolutions are acted on at the same time there will be no opposition on this side of the House.

The matter here rested, and the House, at 4:15 o'clock, adjourned.

NEW-YORK.

Legislative Business—Evening Session of the Senate—The Erie Railroad Bill.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, Wednesday, April 15.

The House was all the day long on the third reading of bills.

The Senate had an evening session, for the purpose of going on with the Erie Railroad discussion.

Senator BRADLEY finished his argument against the Erie Railroad, and was followed by Senator KENNEDY on the same side, who made a bitter speech in opposition to the pending bill. After he had concluded, the amendment offered by Mr. CHAPMAN yesterday to the first section was adopted by a stand-up vote of yeas 15, nays 10. Then Mr. CHAPMAN offered the following as an amendment to the second section:

"Section 2.—The guaranteeing by the Erie Railway Company of the bonds or coupons of any other Railroad corporation necessary and proper to secure a connection of said Erie Railway with other railroads, so as to form a continuous line of communication between New-York and Chicago for the purpose of securing better facilities to such Railroad Company, and such contracts made for that purpose shall be deemed and taken to be within the powers of said Erie Railway Company."

As this amendment was offered, it designated Boston as the easterly terminus. On the suggestion of Senator FOLGER, the word Boston was stricken out and New-York inserted. The suggestion being accepted by Senator CHAPMAN, Senator PIERCE moved to strike out of the amendment all after the words "deemed and taken," and insert:

"Legal and valid when the said contracts shall have been fully reported to the stockholders of said Company, and approved by such portion of said stockholders as hold at least two-thirds of the stock of said Company, which approval shall be obtained in the manner provided in section 7 of the general Railroad act."

Senator MURPHY advocated the amendment last offered, and was proceeding to denounce Mr. CHAPMAN's amendment as *ex post facto*, but was shut off by the suggestion of Mr. CHAPMAN that he would accept an amendment making the section apply solely to contracts to be hereafter made.

There was quite a spirited and interesting running debate between Senators BEECH, MORRIS, CHAPMAN, NICHOLS and FOLGER against the amendment offered by Senator PIERCE, and Senators HALE and MURPHY in favor of the amendment. There had been interest manifested to know the position Senator FOLGER was to take. All through the debates of the last three days he had maintained a reserve that left all in doubt as to what he had determined. When he obtained the floor he soon dissipated all doubt by a broad declaration that he should represent his district, which he believed to be in favor of the pending bill.

The odds still seem to be in favor of the passage of the bill as proposed to be amended by Mr. CHAPMAN. When the Senate began to vote on the amendments, the Assembly abandoned its business, adjourned, and the members crowded the lobbies and floor of the Senate Chamber. Without coming to any decision, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning, at 10 o'clock, when the same bill becomes the special order.

LEO.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, Wednesday, April 15.

The consideration of the Erie Railway bill was postponed until evening.

BILLS REPORTED FAVORABLY.

Incorporating the Schenectady Astronomical Observatory.

Relative to Franklin-avenue, in West Farms.

Amending the act relative to the sale of liquor in Dutchess County.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. NICHOLS—To postpone the operation and effect of certain amendments to the charter of Buffalo until the 1st of January next. It relates to the collection of taxes. The bill was passed.

By Mr. FOLGER—Amending the act providing for the appointment of a Board of Commissioners of the Public Charities, and to define their duties and powers.

BILLS PASSED.

Incorporating the Metropolitan Boat Club.

Relative to mortgages executed by Railroad Companies.

Increasing the rates to fifty cents per folio for advertising the session laws in the several County papers.

Incorporating the White Plains Water Works Company.

Amending the law of the proceedings against the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada.

Appointing Commissioners of Fisheries for the State of New-York.

To prevent encroachment upon graveyards by prohibiting the laying of roads across them, unless the remains have been first carefully removed.

Mr. NORTON moved a concurrent resolution to adjourn *sine die*, which was laid on the table.

Mr. CROWLEY moved that the Metropolitan Fire Commissioners be requested to inform the Senate whether, in their opinion, the pay of the members of that Department ought to be increased, which was laid on the table.

Mr. PARKER made a majority report in favor of the Arcade Underground Railway bill.

Mr. CAMPBELL dissented, and the bill was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. NORTON introduced a bill to extend Heywood-street from Broadway to Marcy-avenue Brooklyn.

The bills incorporating the Security Savings Bank of Buffalo; amending the charter of the North River Savings Bank of Brooklyn, were advanced to the third reading. Recess until evening.

EVENING SESSION.

The Senate reassembled at 7:30 P. M.

THE ERIE RAILROAD BILL.

The Erie Railroad Bill came up at the special order, the question being on the amendments of Mr. CHAPMAN, providing that the money raised on the $10,000,000 bonds, shall be devoted exclusively to the completion and operating of the road.

Mr. BRADLEY spoke at length in opposition to the bill.

Mr. KENNEDY followed in opposition to the amendment, but in support of removing two sections relative to selling stock not held by the seller, and prohibiting officers of the Erie from being officers of the Central, Hudson and Harlem, and *vice versa*.

Mr. CHAPMAN followed in support of his amendment, and it was adopted 15 to 10.

Mr. CHAPMAN moved the following as a substitute for the second section:

SECTION 2. The guaranteeing by the Erie Railway Company of the bonds or coupons of any other railroad corporation, necessary and proper to secure a connection of said Erie Railway with other railroads so as to form a continuous line of communication between Boston and Chicago, for the purpose of securing better facilities for the traffic of said Erie Railway Company, and such contracts, made for that purpose, shall be decreed and taken to be within the powers of said Erie Railway Company.

Mr. FOLGER moved to strike out "Boston" and insert "New-York," remarking that he had voted for the amendment simply because he thought it better than the original section.

Mr. PARKER said he had voted for the amendment for the same reason, without committing himself to the amendment as a whole. He favored Mr. FOLGER's motion, and Mr. CHAPMAN accepted the amendment.

Mr. PIERCE moved to amend Mr. CHAPMAN's amendment by striking out the words "are and shall be deemed and taken to be within the powers of said Erie Railway Company," and adding in lieu thereof the following: "Shall be deemed legal and valid when the said contracts shall have been fully reported to the stockholders of said Company, and approved by such portion of said stockholders as held at least two-thirds of the stock of said Company, which approval shall be obtained in the manner provided in section 9 of the general railroad law of 1850."

Mr. MURPHY supported this amendment, and Messrs. NICHOLS and FOLGER opposed it.

Pending this question, progress was reported and the Senate adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

REPORTS.

To incorporate the Old Guard of the City of New-York.

Fixing the compensation of the Coroners of New-York at $10 a case.

The bill to authorize the establishment of a line of coaches through Central Park, was ordered to the third reading.

BILLS PASSED.

To incorporate the Pawners' Bank, of New-York.

The bill to cede to the United States jurisdiction over David's Island, was lost.

The bills to incorporate the Manhattan Express, and to regulate the fees of Sheriffs, were ordered to the third reading.

Recess to 3:30 P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

BILLS REPORTED FAVORABLY.

To facilitate the construction of a railroad through Allegheny County.

To incorporate the Binghamton and Port Dickinson Railroad Company.

To incorporate the New-York Central Underground Railway Company—(the Brownville.)

On motion of Mr. JACOBS the bill was made the special order for to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

To afford the same facilities to passengers or property transported by steamboats on the Hudson River that is afforded by Railroad.

To provide for paving Atlantic-street, Brooklyn.

For paving Union-street, Brooklyn.

To provide for the widening of Pearl-street, New-York, from Battery-place to Hanover-street.

For the relief of St. Mary's Church, New-York. Read a third time and passed.

The annual Charity bill.

For the relief and support of the Brooklyn Central Dispensary.

To provide for additional Notaries in New-York.

To incorporate the New-York City Cartmen's Protective Union.

J. L. FLAGG, from the Committee of Ways and Means, made a report in relation to the Juvenile Guardian Society of New-York, connected with a resolution that the Society has not, in the judgment of the Assembly, any claim to public confidence, and that no appropriation ought to be made from the State Treasury to aid in its support. Adopted.

Mr. J. L. FLAGG moved that Inspectors of State Prisons be requested to report to the Assembly whether any contract has been made for the employment of convict labor in type setting or printing. Adopted.

BILLS PASSED.

To amend the Metropolitan Excise law, as follows: "Section 1 of Article 14, of Chapter 578 of the Laws of 1866, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

'All persons licensed, as herein provided, shall keep the places at which they are so licensed to keep, sell, give and dispose of strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer, orderly and quiet, and between the hours of 1 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock A. M., and on Sundays completely and effectually closed.'

Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent hotels from receiving and otherwise entertaining the traveling public upon Sunday, subject to the restrictions contained in the section. The act to take effect immediately."

For the further extension of Prospect Park, Brooklyn.

To permit civil and religious societies to parade in the streets of New-York.

The Assembly then took a recess until 7:30 P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

BILLS PASSED.

To amend the act for the improvement of Brooklyn Heights.

To aid in the construction of the New-York and Northern Railroad.

Adjourned.

OBITUARY.—The venerable Gen. GARRITT H. STRIKER died at his residence in this City yesterday afternoon, after a somewhat protracted illness. Some time since he suffered from a severe stroke of paralysis, and from its effects he never entirely recovered. He held during his long life many important offices of public trust and responsibility, and ever discharged the duties thus devolving upon him with zeal and fidelity. At the time of his death he was the oldest Major-General in the service of the State. A member of one of the oldest and most highly respected families of New-York, of sterling integrity and generous impulses, and entering with much zest into the social enjoyments of life, he had endeared himself to a wide circle of friends, to whom the announcement of his death will occasion much regret.

FIRES YESTERDAY.—At 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning a fire broke out on the third floor of GOODKIND & Co.'s grain-mills, in Eleventh-avenue, near Thirty-third-street, the flames originating among the machinery in some unknown manner, probably by friction of the journal in the screw-box. The damage occasioned to stock and machinery is estimated at $6,000, covered by an insurance of $43,200 in the Firemen's Bund, St. Mark's, Commonwealth, Security, Albany City, New-Amsterdam, Mechanics' and Traders', Greenwich, Adriatic, Beekman, Columbia, Williamsburg City, Grocers', Stuyvesant, Newark, Mechanics' of Brooklyn, Hope, Sterling and Bowery Companies. The building is owned by the Browning estate. Loss, $500; insured....At 1:30 o'clock a fire occurred in a small frame stable in rear of No. 136 East Eighty-sixth-street, owned by RICHARD THEAL, the flames extending to the tenement-house adjoining, and also owned by Mr. THEAL, and a frame house on Eighty-sixth-street, owned by P. GOLDEY. Mr. THEAL sustained a loss of $700; fully insured in the Etna. Mr. GOLDEY's loss is $400; no insurance. The flames are believed to be of incendiary origin, and a man named WM. THEAL was arrested on a charge of arson.

THE MEMORY OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN.—Last evening the German Republicans of the Eighth Ward met at their headquarters, No. 100 Prince-street, for the purpose of giving an expression of respect for the memory of ABRAHAM LINCOLN. Speeches in German were made by Dr. SCHRIEVER, Prof. FUSTER, Dr. DORG, Dr. FORSCH, and others.

Why is PHALON's "Flor de Mayo," the new perfume for the handkerchief, like the Croton River? Because it is a well-spring of delight in every house in New-York. Sold by all druggists.—*Advt.*

Card.—The Third-avenue Savings Bank.

The reports which have appeared in the papers having created an erroneous impression in regard to the condition of this institution, the Trustees hereby assure their depositors and the public that this Bank is amply able to meet all its demands and prepared to pay all its drafts as usual.

The prosperity of this institution has been unprecedented. It has over five millions on deposit, and upward of a quarter of a million dollars surplus.

S. K. GREEN, President.
A. G. DUNN, Vice-President.
SAMUEL H. COOPER, Vice-President.
WM. B. BIBBINS, Secretary.
WM. A. DARLING, Auditor.

NEW-YORK, April 13, 1868.—*Advt.*

Ask for the Waltham Watch.

It is the best; it is the cheapest. T. B. BYNNER & CO., No. 157 Fulton-st., New-York.—*Advertisement.*

A New Medical Philosophy.

Yes, we have a new medical philosophy—rational, easy of comprehension, and proven to be true. It is simply this, that the vital principle, in its struggles with disease, and the causes of disease, requires to be fostered and sustained.

Opinions may differ as to the best manner of carrying out this idea, but all enlightened physicians agree that it is sound logic. The surest way to kill an invalid is to make persistent war upon his strength and stamina. Whoever questions the propriety of a precisely opposite course is a half century behind the age.

Many of us can recollect the time when it was considered "good practice" to give violent purgatives during the prevalence of epidemics, as a safeguard against infection. It is now known, however, that to deplete the system severely, under such circumstances, is to invite an attack and to increase the probability of a fatal issue. Within the recollection of persons much younger than the "oldest inhabitant," patients suffering from intermittent, remittent and other malarious fevers, were sometimes freely bled with the lancet. As a matter of course, most of those who were thus treated died. Even yet active purgation is sometimes recommended as the best preparation for a change from a healthy to an unhealthy climate. Such stupidity, however, is fortunately rare—tonic treatment being the approved formula under such circumstances. It is admitted that unwholesome air is eminently depressing and devitalizing; and therefore, any medicine operating in the same way must be considered an ally of malaria, not a protection against its pernicious influence.

But when it is conceded that a genial tonic, and not a fierce cathartic, is the medicine indicated by reason and experience as the best means of preparing the system to resist extraordinary causes of disease, the question recurs, What tonic? Raw spirits, even if it could be pure, which is possible, will not answer. It is an excitant, and nothing more; and its action is inflammatory, not invigorating. In fact, it is not a tonic at all.

What is it that the wise and thoughtful practitioner desires to prescribe as an antidote to infection, when infection is in the air? Simply the best possible combination of vegetable tonics, infused into a pure stimulant—the stimulant being chiefly used as a vehicle for diffusing their effects rapidly through the system. The same tonic juices, incorporated with water, would be comparatively powerless. The alcoholic principle prepares the stomach to absorb them, accompanies them in their progress through the system, and predisposes every organ which they reach to assimilate them.

Here, then, we have the philosophy of the preventive and remedial operation of proper vegetable invigorants when in conjunction with a fine alcoholic stimulant.

The next question is, does such an invaluable compound exist? We claim that it does, in the form of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. In making this assertion we merely place on record, for the consideration of thinking men, the opinions of thousands who have had experimental proof of the fact in their own persons. It is not necessary to enlarge upon this point here. For twenty years the public have been reading testimony on the subject from distinguished citizens in every walk of life; and they are, therefore, as familiar with it as the proprietors of the medicine themselves. The efficacy of the Bitters is a matter that has long since passed beyond the pale of argument, and become a FIXED AND ESTABLISHED TRUTH.

The chief purpose of this article is to impress upon all, and especially the constitutionally feeble, who live in localities subject to the visitations of epidemic and endemic diseases, the necessity of INVIGORATION. The public, with the knowledge it has before it, may safely be left to select the means for the accomplishment of that end.

Perhaps there is no ailment common to all climates and countries in which a WHOLESOME STOMACHIC and GENERAL INVIGORANT is so essentially requisite as in DYSPEPSIA. Without such a medicine the complaint cannot be cured. Regular exercise may do much, dieting may do much, pure air may do much; but we have never yet seen a case of chronic dyspepsia cured by these alone. They are accessories, not specifics. There must be direct action upon the stomach itself, and upon the secretions, to eradicate the malady.

It may be said of medicines as of trees—by their fruits ye shall know them. By this criterion the BITTERS have been tried, and the verdict is before the world. It is not our purpose to comment upon a decision that speaks for itself.

Among all the revolutions that have transpired within the last fifty or sixty years, that which has taken place in the practice of medicine is the most important. The old alliance between the doctor and the apothecary, by virtue of which the former played into the hand of the latter, at the expense of health and purse of the patient, has been dissolved. The Faculty now consists of high-minded men, with too much professional and personal honor to drench the sick and purposely delay their recovery for the pecuniary benefit of a third party and their own; and no druggist of any standing would now-a-days lend himself to such a conspiracy against health and life. "The world moves," and in the right direction.

For sale by druggists, grocers and storekeepers throughout the world.

New-York office, No. 38 Dey-st.

A Miracle.

BY TENNY'S SON.

The comfort of my life
Is my darling little wife,
She is so neat and steady;
She's free from any vice,
She keeps my house so nice,
And always has my linen clean and ready.

She used to wear a frown
When I came home from down town,
Especially upon a washing day;
But now all that is past,
She looks no more harrassed—
Prize Soap drove all her care away.

Then let me you advise,
Go quickly, get the prize
That has this happy miracle now wrought;
No more I see her frown,
She wears a tidy gown,
Because the wondrous Prize Soap I have bought.

Prize Soap is a charm,
Prize Soap does no harm
To clothes—good husbands buy it;
The cheapest and the best,
Excelling all the rest,
Saving housewives won't you "*try it.*"

Good Grocers keep it,
Try it, you'll like it.

Swaim's Celebrated Panacea was Introduced by the elite of the Medical Faculty about fifty years ago. Thousands of our citizens have proven its great value in expelling morbific matter from the blood—in removing taints from the system.

In the Spring of the year nature requires a remedy to assist her in expelling poisonous matter which has been retained during the cold season. SWAIM'S PANACEA fulfills all the indications needed. It is pleasant to the taste, contains no mercurial ingredients, and is very efficacious in Scrofula and kindred diseases.

For sale by all druggists.

Chickering & Sons, Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Piano-fortes, were awarded at the Paris Exposition the First Grand Prize, the Legion of Honor and a Grand Gold Medal, making 63 first premiums during the past 45 years. Warerooms, No. 652 Broadway.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.
SEWING-MACHINES.
No. 458 Broadway, New-York.

Colgate & Co.'s
LAUNDRY SOAP is cut in pieces of ECONOMICAL and convenient size for use. For sale by leading grocers and at the salesrooms of the manufacturers No. 55 John-st.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, 16 Bond, N.Y.

Dr. E. B. Foote, Author of "Medical Common Sense," may be consulted by letter by those who cannot visit his office. Address Box No. 788 New-York Post-office. Personal consultations from 10 A. M. till 4 P. M. at his office, corner Lexington-av. and 28th-st.

A Very Elegant Assortment of Hats for Ladies, Misses and Boys. Prices reduced. GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Money deposited now in the Third-av. Savings Bank will draw interest from April 1. 3d-av., corner 26th-st.

Everdell's, 302 Broadway—Wedding Cards, the most elegant in the City, French Note Paper, &c.

Stimpson's Scientific Gold and Steel Pens. Sold by all stationers, and at No. 111 William-st.

MARRIED.

CORNELISON—LOW.—On Tuesday, April 14, at Grace Church, Jersey City, by Rev. F. C. Putnam, assisted by Rev. Spencer M. Rice, WILLIAM M. CORNELISON to ELLEN A. LOW, all of Bergen, N. J.

DE BRIMONT—PENNIMAN.—At Paris, France, on Monday, March 16, at the Legation of the United States, by Rev. Dr. Lamson, GASTON DE BRIMONT to PAULINE EMMA, daughter of James F. Penniman, of this City.

HANCE—MEEKER.—On Thursday, April 9, by Rev. S. D. Brown, THEO. F. HANCE to MARY E. MEEKER, both of New-York.

JONES—KINGSLAND.—On Wednesday, April 15, at the Church of the Ascension, by Rev. Samuel Cooke, D. D., HERMAN LE ROY JONES to AUGUSTA LOVETT, daughter of Ambrose C. Kingsland.

LYON—DAVIS.—At Bloomfield, N. J., on Wednesday, April 15, by Rev. Charles E. Knox, assisted by Rev. Dr. Thomas S. Hastings, WILLIAM P. LYON, of New-York City, to MARY W. DAVIS, daughter of the late Caleb S. Davis, of Bloomfield.

SMITH—DUNN.—On Wednesday, April 15, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. John E. Gorse, JAMES A. SMITH to HELEN S., only daughter of Wm. C. Dunn. No cards.

SCHUMAN—WORSWICK.—On Tuesday, April 14, at the Franklin-av. Presbyterian Church, by Rev. Samuel P. Halsey, GEORGE F. SCHUMAN to EDITH J. WORSWICK, all of Brooklyn.

DIED.

ANDRES.—On Wednesday, April 15, of disease of the heart, at her late residence in Harlem, in the 62d year of her age, MELINDA STETSON, relict of the late Samuel Andres, Esq., formerly of Chambly, Province of Quebec.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the 125th-st. Harlem M. E. Church, on Friday next at 1½ P. M.

BROWN.—On Wednesday, April 15, ALFRED A. W. BROWN, eldest son of the late Dr. H. Weeks Brown, of this City, aged 19 years.

Notice of the funeral hereafter.

FORBES.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Tuesday, April 14, WILLIAM C. FORBES.

The funeral services will take place this day, (Thursday,) the 16th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., at No. 47 South 6th-st., Brooklyn, E. D.

HODGE.—On Tuesday, April 14, JOHN GRAHAM, son of John G. and Aristine W. Hodge, aged 2 years and 8 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this day, (Thursday,) the 16th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from No. 351 5th-av.

MALLETT.—At Mount Vernon, on Monday, April 13, JANE E. MALLETT.

The funeral will take place from her brother's (W. H. Carr) residence, at Mount Vernon, this (Thursday) afternoon at 2 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MOLTON.—In Providence, R. I., on Saturday, Feb. 22, AARON MOLTON, aged 80 years, father of Mrs. Samuel Mason, Jr., of Newark, N. J.

☞ Newark *Daily Advertiser* please copy.

MUNROE.—In Boston, on Tuesday, April 14, at the residence of A. T. Hall, Esq., ANDREW T. H. MUNROE, eldest son of John Munroe, of Paris, in the 19th year of his age.

PALMER.—On Wednesday, April 15, of pneumonia, FLORIDA, infant daughter of Geo. E. and Susie E. Palmer.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral this day, (Thursday,) April 16, at 2 o'clock P. M., at No. 118 East 19th-st.

REYNOLDS.—At his residence, Lyon's Farms, N. J., on Wednesday, April 15, at 1 o'clock A. M., CHAS. H. REYNOLDS, in his 52d year.

Funeral services on Friday at 2 o'clock, at the Presbyterian Church, Lyon's Farms.

☞ Sullivan and Wayne County papers please copy.

STONE.—At West Farms, N. Y., on Wednesday, April 8, J. COOLIDGE STONE, M. D.

His remains were taken to Newburyport for interment. Dr. STONE, during a residence of several years, had gained the affections of a large circle of friends and patients by his professional skill and kind and amiable disposition, and by his death the community in which he lived and practised has sustained a severe loss.

STRIKER.—On Wednesday afternoon, April 15, GARRIT H. STRIKER.

Due notice of the funeral will appear in the daily papers.

SEER.—Of disease of the heart, on Tuesday, April 14, at his residence, No. 1 South 3d-st., Brooklyn, E. D., ROBERT SEER, aged 46 years.

His friends, and employes of R. Hoe & Co., are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from the Universalist Church, corner of 4th and South 3d sts., this day (Thursday) at 2 o'clock.

STORM.—At Bloomfield, N. J., on Monday, April 13, ISAAC T. STORM, aged 77 years, 1 month and 12 days.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, on Thursday, the 16th inst., at 2 P. M., without further notice. Cars leave foot of Barclay-st. station at 11¼ A. M.

TOMPKINS.—On Wednesday, April 15, after a long and painful illness, FLORENCE M., wife of Capt. Daniel D. Tompkins, U. S. R. S., in the 27th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, 106th-st., second door east of 3d-av., on Friday morning at 11 o'clock.

WATKINS.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, April 14, CHAS. H. WATKINS, aged 60 years, 4 months and 11 days.

His relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral at the Presbyterian Church, 5th-av., corner of 19th-st., at 2½ o'clock on Thursday afternoon. Services by Rev. Dr. Paxton.

☞ Boston papers please copy.

OFFICIAL—[No. 205.]

CORONER'S OFFICE, No. 4 CENTRE-STREET,
NEW-YORK, April 13, 1868.

The body of an unknown man was found at the foot of Gouverneur-street, East River, by Officer Sheridan, of the Thirteenth Precinct, Saturday evening, April 11, 1868; removed to the Thirteenth Precinct Station-house, where an inquest was held, and body ordered to be sent to the Morgue for identification. Description: Height, five feet seven inches; stout build; brown hair, mustache and goatee; gray eyes, good teeth and full face. Dressed as follows: Pink undershirt, with black stripe through it; gray woolen drawers and gray woolen socks; white muslin shirt and collar, with black silk narrow necktie; vest and pantaloons of ribbed material; Congress gaiters, no hat. Some loose tobacco in coat pocket, with leather tobacco pouch.

For further particulars apply at the Coroner's Office.

PATRICK H. KEENAN, Coroner.
WOOSTER BEACH, M. D., Deputy Coroner.

OFFICIAL—[No. 206.]

CORONER'S OFFICE, No. 4 CENTRE-STREET,
New-York, April 14, 1868.

The body of an unknown man was found at the foot of Christopher-street, North River, Monday, April 13, 1868, an inquest held, and the body sent to the Morgue for identification. Description: Height, five feet eight inches, black hair, heavy black mustache and goatee. Dressed as follows: Black overcoat with velvet collar, black frock coat, black silk ribbed vest, brown pantaloons, square pattern, white muslin shirt, black silk necktie, white twilled drawers, Congress gaiters; had on his person silver watch with plated chain, and conductors' badge of the C. P. N. & E. R. Railroad Co.

For further particulars apply at the Coroner's Office.

H. B. ROLLINS, Coroner.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.

This great medicine cured Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, the proprietor, of Pulmonary Consumption, when it had assumed its most formidable aspect, and when speedy death appeared to be inevitable. His physicians pronounced his case incurable, when he commenced the use of this simple but powerful remedy. His health was restored in a very short time, and no return of the disease has been apprehended, for all the symptoms quickly disappeared, and his present weight is more than 220 pounds. Dr. SCHENCK has been equally successful in the treatment of others similarly afflicted. Since his recovery he has devoted his attention exclusively to the cure of Consumption and the diseases which are usually complicated with it, and the cures effected by his medicines have been very numerous and truly wonderful. This Syrup is a safe remedy; it contains no mineral poison and no violent drug of any kind, hence it cannot possibly injure the system.

Its healing effects on the lungs are most remarkable; it permeates those organs, and carries its salutary influence to every part; it soothes the inflamed surface of the bronchial tubes; it promotes expectoration, and thus enables the system to throw off the disease. In short, it is the true remedy, and the only one, for the most fatal of all maladies, as many persons of the highest respectability, who have experienced its benefits, can testify. Numerous certificates to this effect, and full directions, printed in English, French, Spanish and German, accompany each bottle.

Patients can consult Dr. SCHENCK professionally at his Rooms, No. 32 Bond-st., New-York, every TUESDAY, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. All advice free of charge; but for a thorough examination of the lungs with his Respirometer, $5. Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 the half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box. Sold by druggists everywhere. A full supply can always be obtained at his Rooms, No. 32 Bond-st., New-York.

LOW PRICES
FOR CHINA, GLASS AND SILVER-PLATED WARE.

DECORATED DINNER SETS....	$70 00
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WHITE GRANITE TOILET SETS, 11 pieces....	3 75
SILVER-PLATED TEA SETS, 4 pieces....	12 00
SILVER-PLATED TEA SETS, 6 pieces....	20 00
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SILVER-PLATED CASTORS, 6 bottles....	7 00

Also
CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES, BRONZES, CLOCKS, GLASSWARE, &c., &c., in proportion.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
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THOSE WHO SUFFER FROM COUGHS, colds, bronchitis, croup, influenza, or whooping-cough, will find sure relief in DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which has now been in use for nearly half a century, and still maintains its long established reputation as the great remedy for all diseases of the throat, lungs, and chest.

SOLID SILVERWARE.

Fruit-Stands, Card-Receivers, Vases, and other useful and ornamental pieces for Wedding Presents.
HOWARD & CO., No. 619 Broadway, N. Y.
Jewelers, Silversmiths and Importers of Fancy Goods.

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New styles, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

FURNITURE
OF THE LATEST STYLES, CONSISTING OF PARLOR, DINING-ROOM AND CHAMBER SUITES,
Retailing at manufacturers' prices,
AT F. KRUTINA'S
MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st.,
Between Bowery and 2d-av.
All goods warranted.

FURNITURE.

A splendid assortment of new and elegant designs. Also, plain furniture in great variety, at
POPULAR PRICES!
MEEKS, No. 686 Broadway.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Europe will be dispatched from this office on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, closing at 12 o'clock M., and at Station A and B, 11:45; C, O and D, 11:25; E and F, 11:10, and G at 11 o'clock A. M.

Also, on WEDNESDAY notice of the hour of closing, which will be posted at the general office, and the stations on TUESDAY, P. M.

JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

INVALIDS' TRAVELING CHAIRS—from $20 to $40 each, for in or out-door use. Any one having use of the hands can propel and guide one; having no use of the hands, any child of five years can push a grown person about. Invalids' carriages to order. State your cases and send stamp for circular.

STEPHEN W. SMITH,
No. 90 William-st., New-York.

THE VERMONT SPRING WATER IS the most reliable remedy known for Cancer, Scrofula, Kidney Diseases, and all impurities of the blood. Address SAXE & CO., Sheldon, Vt., or No. 417 Broome-st., New-York.

WRAPPING-PAPER FOR SALE.—OLD copies of the *New-York Times* can be had at the counter of the *New-York Times*. Price, $1 per hundred. Also, old exchange papers. Price, 50 cents per hundred.

GO TO MACFARLAND'S BOOK-STORE, cor. of 23d-st. and Broadway, and get a box of beautiful French Note Paper. Five quires for $1, stamped.

BARTLETT MACHINE AND NEEDLE Depot, No. 569 Broadway. Needles for all machines.

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A Story. By Mr. THOM. WHITE.

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By MRS. ELIZABETH KECKLEY.

For thirty years a household slave in the best Southern families, since she purchased her freedom, and during the plotting of the rebellion, Mrs. Jefferson Davis' confidential servant, where "Behind the Scenes," she heard the first breathings of Secession. Since the commencement of the rebellion and up to date, she has been Mrs. Abraham Lincoln's *modiste*, (dressmaker,) confidential friend and business woman generally; a great portion of her time having been spent in the White House in the President's own family. She has much to say of an interesting, not to say startling nature, in regard to men and things in the White House, Washington and New-York. She discloses the whole history of Mrs. Lincoln's attempt to dispose of her wardrobe, &c.

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Sold by all booksellers, and sent by mail on receipt of price, postage free.

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Publishers, New-York.

SILVER TRUMPETS OF ST. PETER'S,
With Harmony in the Dome, as performed at Rome on Easter days, 50 cents; "Trumpet's March," 40 cents; "Wiener Bon Bons," the waltzes of the season, by Strauss, 40 cents. Music mailed.
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BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES, ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF UNITED STATES SECURITIES, and give especial attention to the conversion of SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES INTO THE NEW FIVE-TWENTY BONDS OF 1865 AND 1867.

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We buy and sell at the most liberal current prices, and keep on hand a full supply of GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES, SEVEN-THIRTIES AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES. And execute orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

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	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Registered '81...	111⅛	111⅜	5-20 C. '67......	107⅝	107¾
Coupon, 1881...	111⅝	111⅞	10-40 Registered	101⅜	101⅝
5-20 Regist'd '62	103⅞	104⅛	10-40 Coupon....	101⅜	101⅝
5-20 Coupon, '62	110⅝	110⅞	Gold	138⅜	138½
5-20 Coupon, '64	108⅝	109	June 7.30	105⅝	106
5-20 Coupon, '65	109⅛	109⅜	July 7.30	105⅝	106
5-20 C. '65, Jan July	107⅛	107⅜			

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Issue letters of credit, for travelers' use, on the Messrs. ROTHSCHILD, in Paris, London, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Vienna, and their correspondents in all the principal cities of Europe.

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Issue circular letters of credit to travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also, commercial credits.

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The undersigned offer for sale $40,000 of mortgage bonds of the Houston Gaslight Company, State of Texas. These bonds are part of an issue of $50,000, by the Company, and are secured by a mortgage on their franchise and the entire property of the Company to P. N. Spofford, Trustee.

Interest at 10 per cent. per annum is payable semi-annually at the office of the Company, in Houston, or in this City at the office of the undersigned.

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Orders for British products promptly executed. Liberal advances made on approved consignments. Collections made and drafts retired. Circulars (published weekly) forwarded on application.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO., NO. 59 WALL-ST., ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW-YORK, April 13, 1868.

Schedules of (30) thirty or more 5-20 Coupons, due May 1, 1868, will now be received for examination at the United States Treasury.

H. H. VAN DYCK, Assistant Treasurer.

$10,000 REWARD.—STOLEN FROM THE Canal Bank, this day, a package made up for the "Southern Express Company," addressed M. Morgan's Sons, New-York, containing FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS ($50,000) in Legal-tender Notes of $1,000 each, all of letter C, and dated March 10, 1862, and numbered as follows: 2,775, 3,119, 3,515, 3,907, 4,047, 4,567, 5,227, 5,363, 6,727, 7,265, 8,059, 8,591, 8,903, 10,015, 10,203, 10,219, 11,403, 12,019, 12,147, 13,619, 13,903, 14,235, 15,211, 16,643, 16,731, 16,847, 18,043, 19,131, 19,195, 23,135, 23,723, 26,959, 28,323, 28,415, 28,487, 30,223, 30,463, 31,879, 34,511, 37,639, 38,339, 38,747, 39,307, 39,343, 40,059, 40,619, 40,831, 41,851, 41,999, 45,551. The public are cautioned against trading for the same, and the above reward is offered for the recovery of the money and the arrest of the thief. Apply to M. MORGAN'S SONS, No. 29 William-st., New-York, or CH. JUMONVILLE, Cashier, Canal Bank, New-Orleans.

NEW-ORLEANS, March 26, 1868.

BANK ROBBERY.

The Bills of the Citizens' Union Bank of Scituate, R. I., having been all redeemed by the Scituate National Bank, and a portion of them having been stolen, with other property, March 25, 1868, will not again be redeemed.

All persons are therefore cautioned against receiving the same.

ALBERT HUBBARD, Cashier.

SCITUATE, R. I., March 26, 1868.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 12 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1868.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot 21 bonds numbered as follows: 88, 164, 235, 278, 394, 367, 357, 269, 432, 418, 566, 528, 454, 599, 161, 384, 527, 461, 600, 421 and 280 of $1,000 each for redemption.

According to the terms of the mortgage, interest thereon will cease May 1, 1868.

The undersigned are ready to pay them with interest so far as accrued on presentation and surrender.

S. J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st.
L. H. MEYER, No. 21 Nassau-st.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO., NEW-YORK, April 7, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company, for the election of Managers, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at their office, No. 7 Nassau-st., on TUESDAY, the 12th day of May next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

The transfer book will be closed from the morning of the 4th until the morning of the 13th day of May next.

By order of the Board.

ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, CAMDEN, N. J., March 30, 1868.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Company will be held in the City of Camden, in the West Jersey Railroad office, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of April, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., for the election of seven directors to serve for the ensuing year.

SAMUEL J. BAYARD, Secretary C. & A. R. R. & Tr. Co.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE INterest on the bonds and stocks of the City and County of New-York, due and payable May 1, 1868, will be paid on that day by Peter B. Sweeny, Esq., Chamberlain of the City, at the Broadway Bank.

The transfer-books will be closed SATURDAY, April 4, 1868. RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, March 25, 1868.

C. F. I. & C.—FOR COST, FREIGHT, INSURance and commission, any production of Great Britain can be procured at the lowest market rates through Messrs. BELDING, KEITH & CO., American Bankers and Merchants, No. 80 Lombard-st., London. Orders by cable promptly executed. Circulars issued weekly on application.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS in the Evergreen Bluff Mining Company, (deferred from March 18,) will be held at No. 44 Exchange-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, May 13, at 2 o'clock. By order:

F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

THE

National Trust Co.

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, NO. 336 BROADWAY.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE.

DARIUS R. MANGAM, President.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

RECEIVES DEPOSITS AND ALLOWS FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ON DAILY BALANCES, SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS for six Months, or more, may be made at five per cent.

The Capital of ONE MILLION DOLLARS is divided among over 500 Shareholders, comprising many gentlemen of large wealth and financial experience, who are also personally liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock. As THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY receives deposits in large or small amounts, and permits them to be drawn as a whole or in part by CHECK AT SIGHT and WITHOUT NOTICE, allowing interest on ALL DAILY BALANCES, parties can keep accounts in this Institution with special advantages of security, convenience and profit.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE STUYVESANT BANK, on Saturday, the 27th day of March, 1868:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$432,291 12
Overdrafts	500 00
Due from Banks	25,116 36
Furniture, lease, &c	13,500 00
Specie	34 73
Cash items, viz.: exchanges and checks	32,896 83
United States notes	28,555 00
United States Revenue stamps	1,100 17
Stocks, Promissory and United States 7 3-10 notes and indebtedness certificates	10,000 00
Bills of solvent banks	19,473 00
Loss and expense account	13,702 63
Total	$577,669 84

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$200,000 00
Profits	10,104 73
Due to banks	5,000 00
Due depositors, on demand	362,565 11
Total	$577,669 84

State of New-York, County of New-York, ss.—I, WILLIAM S. CARMAN, President, and JOHN VAN ORDEN, Cashier of Stuyvesant Bank, a bank located and doing business at City of New-York, in said County, being duly and severally sworn, each for himself saith that the foregoing is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said bank before the transaction of any business on the morning of Saturday, the 28th day of March, 1868, in respect to each and every of the items and particulars in respect above specified, according to the best of his knowledge and belief; and that the business of the said bank has been and is transacted at the location aforesaid.

W. S. CARMAN, President.
JOHN VAN ORDEN, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn by both deponents the 14th day of April, 1868. THEODORE HUMBERT, Notary Public for City and County New-York.

WANTED—TO BORROW $15,000 ON BOND and mortgage on dwelling-house property on Monroe-st.; also $30,000 or $40,000 on improved property near East River; security ample; bondsmen, residents and first-class. Address A. M. Z., Box No. 1,820 Post-office.

SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.

Nos. 396 and 398 CANAL-ST., corner of Laight. Open daily from 10 to 3. SIX PER CENT. interest on $5 to $5,000. Money deposited on or before April 20, will bear interest from April 1.

STATEMENT JAN. 1, 1868.

ASSETS.

Loans on mortgage on real estate, worth more than double the amount loaned	$1,762,148 62
Loans on call with Government securities as collateral, 90 per cent. on par value	421,420 00
Invested in New-York State Bonds, and cities of this State	760,000 00
Brooklyn Revenue Bond	35,643 36
United States six per cent. Bonds	1,200,000 00
Banking-house	125,560 00
Deposit in Banks	220,868 55
Cash in vault	81,211 54
Total	$4,546,860 07
Amount due depositors	4,321,566 07
Surplus	$225,284 00

PRESENT ASSETS, $4,711,998 98.

JOHN McLEAN, President.
T. S. ARMOUR, Sec'y. GARDNER S. CHAPIN, Treas'r.

ALL DEPOSITS

Made on or before the 20th of April will draw interest from the 1st of April.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,

Corner of 3d-av. and 26th-st.

Six per cent. interest paid free from Government tax on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8 P. M. SPENCER K. GREEN, President.

WM. B. BIBBINS, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,

Southwest corner of Bowery and Canal street. Open every day for the reception and payment of money, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and also on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings from 5 to 7. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON ALL SUMS FROM FIVE TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS. Deposits made on or before April 20 will bear interest from April 1. Interest payable in July or January.

Bank books in English, German and French.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK.

Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., N. Y., opposite Cooper Institute. DEPOSITS MADE on or before APRIL 20 will draw interest from April 1.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free from tax, allowed on ALL SUMS from $5 to $5,000.

Deposits of $1 received.

ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,

Chatham-square, New-York.

Six per cent. interest allowed On deposits from $1 to $5,000.

DEPOSITS MADE NOW RECEIVE INTEREST FROM APRIL 1.

HARRISON HALL, President.
J. P. COOPER, Secretary.
C. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.

DIME SAVINGS BANK OF WILLIAMSBURG,

Corner Broadway and 1st-st.

Deposits made on or before the 20th draw interest from April 1. Six per cent. allowed from $5 to $5,000, free of tax.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 96 WARREN-ST.

INTEREST ALLOWED AT THE RATE of six per cent. on all sums of $2,000 and under, and five per cent. on all sums over $2,000, not exceeding $5,000. Money deposited now draws interest from April 1. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
V. L. BUXTON, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., corner of 14th-st.—SIX PER CENT. interest, free of tax, paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000; deposits made on or before April 20 will draw interest from April 1.

R. H. MACLAY, President.
R. H. BULL, Sec'y. S. S. CONSTANT, Vice-Pres't.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK, CORNER OF 8th-av. and 42d-st. INTEREST SIX PER CENT., FREE OF TAX. Deposits made before April 21 draw interest from April 1.

SAMUEL NEWEY, President.
JAMES F. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, PITTSBURGH, March 14, 1868.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have declared the regular quarterly dividend (No. 17) of 2½ per cent. free of Government tax on the capital stock, for the quarter ending March 31, payable on and after WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of April, 1868, at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co., Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., to those registered at New-York and at the office of the Treasurer to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The transfer-books will close on the 31st day of March, at 2 o'clock P. M., and reopen the 16th day of April, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON AND DAYTON R. R. CO., NEW-YORK, April 14, 1868.

A STOCK DIVIDEND OF EIGHT (8) per cent. has been declared upon the capital stock of this Company, payable May 1, at American Exchange National Bank, New-York. Fractions to be payable in cash at six per cent. The transfer books will be closed for ten days from this date.

F. H. SHORT, Secretary.

MACON, Georgia, April 9, 1868.

THE MACON AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of Four per cent., free from Government tax, payable to stockholders registered in New-York agency, at the National Bank of the Republic, of New-York City, on and after 25th inst., until which date the transfer books are closed.

MILO S. FREEMAN, Treasurer.

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, April 13, 1868.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. ON the capital stock of this institution has been declared payable on and after the first day of May next, free of Government tax. The transfer-books will be closed from the 20th inst. to May 1. By order,

GEO. W. YOULE, Cashier.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—MATTHEW CLARKSON against WILLIAM L. SKIDMORE, Executor of the last will and testament of Franklin F. Randolph, deceased, Caroline I. F. Randolph, the widow of said Franklin F. Randolph, deceased, Smith Clift and Emma A. Clift, his wife, Elizabeth L. Clift, Edith Clift, William L. Laing, and Elizabeth Laing, his wife, Emma F. R. Merritt, wife of George Merrill, Elizabeth B. Laing, James B. Laing, Edgar Laing, Franklin F. R. Laing, Laura B. Randolph, widow of William B. F. Randolph, deceased, Stuart F. Randolph, H. C. F. Randolph, William F. Randolph, Franklin F. Randolph and Lewis W. Phillips.—To the above-named defendants and to each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated March 5, 1868.

C. J. & E. DE WITT, Attorneys for Plaintiff. No. 88 Nassau-st., New-York.

The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 14th day of March, 1868.

C. J. & E. DE WITT, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

[U. S. 50 cent Rev. Stamp.] ap2-law6wTh*

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY OPENING THIS DAY.—Spring bonnets, hats and millinery goods. Great display this day. All kinds of hats and bonnets. L. BINNS, Millinery Rooms, No. 577 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

PROPOSALS.

NAVAL SUPPLIES.

PAYMASTER'S OFFICE, U. S. NAVY, No 29 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 16, 1868.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS OFfice until 1 P. M., the 20th inst., for the following supplies, *which must be of the very best quality*, delivered free of expense at the New-York Navy-Yard, *and subject to the usual inspection thereat*, viz.:

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR.

24,000 pounds Wrought Iron Spikes, 4½x5-16 to 7x¾; 6,000 pounds Whiting; 43 dozen Ship Augers, without screws, 9-16 to 28-16; 2,000 pounds Square Iron, 4 inches; 13 dozen Fine Taper Saw Files, 4 to 8½; 16 dozen Cabinet Files, ½ round, 8 and 12 inches; 7,000 pounds Boiler Iron, 5-16 and ⅜ thick, 38 inches wide, 10 feet long; 800 pounds Cotton Waste; 11 tons Round Iron, 11-16 to ⅞, American Refined; 12,000 pounds B. Lead Pipe, ⅜ to 2 inches; 45,500 pounds Flat Ulster Iron, 1¾x1⅛ to 6x2¾; 2,900 pounds Round Cast Steel, ⅜ to 1 inch. Responsible security required for the prompt and faithful delivery of supplies awarded. Further particulars, with blank-forms for bidders, to be had at this office.

GEORGE PLUNKETT, Paymaster U. S. Navy.

DRAINAGE OF THE TOWN OF FLUSHING.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Proposals will be received by the Drainage Commissioners, Town of Flushing, at the office of OSCAR DARLING, Engineer, until THURSDAY, April 30, 1868, for the construction of sewers and appurtenances, and open ditch in Drainage District No. 4, Map A, Town of Flushing.

Plans and specifications are on file at the office of said Engineer, where requisites of bids and form of proposals may be found.

BENJ'N TATHAM, Chairman of Commissioners.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT—TO CONTRACTORS.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work or supplies to which it relates, the name of the bidder and the date of offering, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. of April 25, 1868, for the construction of stone-block pavement, as follows, viz.: In 3d-av., between 86th and 110th sts.; Lexington-av., from 57th to 66th-st.; 3d-av., from 14th to 44th-st.; 42d-st., from Madison to 5th-av.; 47th-st., from 7th to 10th-av.; 8th-st., from 1st-av. to Avenue A; 46th-st., from 2d to 3d-av.; 42d-st., from 8th to 10th-av.; 57th-st., from 1st to 2d-av.; 57th-st., from 1st-av. to East River. Also, for a "Stafford pavement" in 7th-av., from 14th to 59th sts., excepting where Belgian pavement is now laid, and also the space within rail-tracks. Also, for the laying and relaying of crosswalks in streets for which Nicholson pavements have been ordered. Also, for the construction of sewers, as follows: Specification 11—In 1st-av., from 125th-st. to and through 124th-st. to 3d-av., and in 125th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.; specification 12—In 10th-av., between 59th and 61st sts., with branches in 60th and 61st sts.; specification 13—In Madison-av., between 59th and 70th sts.; specification 14—In 9th-av., between 55th and 57th sts., and in 57th and 58th sts., between 9th and 11th avs.; specification 15—In 5th-av., between 70th and 74th sts.; specification 16—In 55th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway; specification 17—In Broadway, between Park-place and Warren-st. and between Worth and Leonard sts.; specification 18—In Forsyth-st., between Rivington and Stanton sts.; Columbia, between Stanton and Houston sts., and Avenue B, between 6th and 7th sts.; specification 19—In 50th-st., between 1st-av. and East River; specification 20—In 66th-st., from Hudson River to 9th-av., to 65th-st., to Broadway, to 62d-st., to 8th-av., with branches in 8th, 9th and 11th avs. and in 60th, 61st, 62d, 63d and 64th sts.; specification 21—In 7th-av., between 110th and 137th sts., and also for the supply of 600 cast-iron sewer manhole frames and covers.

Plans for the above works may be seen and specifications and forms for the bids obtained, on application at this office.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBERT L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

NEW-YORK, April 13, 1868.

No. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, April 14, 1868.

PROPOSALS (IN DUPLICATE) WILL BE received by the undersigned until 10 A. M. THURSDAY, 16th inst., for

500 barrels PORK—MESS OR PRIME MESS—of the new crop, Western packed, in full-hooped oak or ash barrels, with two iron hoops.

5,450 pounds first quality THOROUGHLY SMOKED new clear-ribbed BACON SIDES, in tierces.

1,000 barrels of first quality extra superfine Southern, St. Louis, or other brands of FLOUR, *suitable for keeping in a warm climate.*

1,484 barrels first quality kiln-dried yellow CORN MEAL. The brands and place of manufacture to be stated in the bids.

HOMINY, first quality white flint corn, No. 4. Such quantities as may be required during the months of April, May and June, 1868.

SPLIT PEAS, first quality. Such quantities as may be required during the months of April, May and June, 1868.

50,000 pounds of clean dry BROWN SUGAR, in barrels full head-lined.

Bids for sugar to be made duty paid.

5,000 gallons of the best quality of PURE VINEGAR, in half-barrels of twenty-two gallons each.

20,000 pounds good hard SOAP.

25,000 pounds of good, clean, dry, fine SALT, in strong, tight barrels, full head-lined.

The manner of making bids, requirements of bidders, &c., same as stated in previous advertisements from this office.

C. L. KILBURN, Brevet Brig.-Gen. and A. C. G. S.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL, NO. 17 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK CITY, April 13, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS ARE INVITED and will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., SATURDAY, April 18, 1868, for the delivery to this Department:

Four (4) draft horses; dark color, kind and gentle in harness, not less than 15½ hands high, weight not less than 1,150 pounds, to be sound and from six to ten years old.

The United States reserves the privilege of rejecting any or all of the bids if deemed advisable.

The inspection of the horses will take place on the Battery grounds, at the time and date above stated.

Proposals should be indorsed, "Proposals for Horses," and addressed to the undersigned.

RUFUS INGALLS, Brevet Major-Gen. and Asst. Quartermaster-Gen.

TO CONTRACTORS.

A little good earth and rockwork on the Lebanon Springs Railroad will be let to responsible parties if applied for within one week. The work must be commenced immediately.

Apply at the Engineer's office, New-Lebanon Springs, Columbia County, N. Y.

D. C. LINSLEY, Engineer.

NEW-LEBANON SPRINGS, April 15, 1868.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Seventy-second-street, from the Fourth-avenue to the East River, in the City of New-York.—We, the undersigned Commissioners of estimate and assessment in the above entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner, or owners, occupant, or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit: *First*—That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to JAMES H. COLEMAN, Esq., our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, number 82 Nassau-street, (Room No. 42,) in the said City, on or before the eighteenth day of May, 1868, and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week days, next after the said eighteenth day of May, 1868, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days at 1 o'clock P. M. *Second*—That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also all the affidavits, estimates and other documents which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's office of the City of New-York, there to remain until the 30th day of May, 1868. *Third*—That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid, are as follows, to wit: All those pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being on Seventy-second-street, in the City of New-York, between the Fifth-avenue and the East River, and extending on either side of said Seventy-second-street, half the distance to the next street thereto; and, *Fourth*—That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a general term thereof, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 2d day of June, 1868, at the opening of the court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

JAMES H. COLEMAN,
WILLIAM V. BRADY,
JAMES B. NICHOLSON,
Commissioners.

Dated NEW-YORK, April 14, 1868.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS, NO. 32 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1868.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—NOTICE IS hereby given that the Assessment Rolls of the Real and Personal Estate of the City and County of New-York, for the year 1868, will be open to inspection and revision on and after MONDAY, Jan. 13, 1868, and will remain open till the 30th day of April, 1868, for the correction of errors and the equalization of the assessments of the aforesaid real and personal estate of the City and County of New-York. All persons believing themselves to be aggrieved, must make application to the Commissioners during the period above mentioned, in order to obtain the relief provided by law. The act of 1859 provides that "during the time the books shall be open to public inspection, as hereinbefore provided, application may be made by any person considering himself aggrieved by the assessed valuation of his real or personal estate, to have the same corrected. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of real estate, it must be made in writing, stating the ground of objection thereto, and thereupon the Commissioners shall examine into the complaint, and if, in their judgment, the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of personal estate, the applicant shall be examined under oath by the said Commissioners, who shall be authorized to administer such oaths, or any of them; and if, in his or their judgment, the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected, and fix the amount of such assessment as they may believe to be just, and declare their decision thereon within thirty days after such application shall have been made to them. No reduction shall be made by the Board of Supervisors of any assessment on real or personal estate imposed under this act, unless it shall appear, under oath or affirmation, that the party aggrieved was unable to attend within the period prescribed for the correction of taxes, by reason of sickness or absence from the City."

JONATHAN W. ALLEN,
IRA G. MILLER,
JAMES M. RAYMOND,
Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF WILLIAM D. VEEDER, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings.—Notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against GEORGE F. WHITNEY, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the administratrix, at the store of A. M. Sweet, No. 4 Fulton-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 24th day of September next.—Dated March 17, 1868.

AUGUSTA P. WHITNEY, Administratrix.

Th19-law6mTh*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—THAT ALL persons having claims against ROBERT L. TAYLOR are hereby required to present a statement of the same, and to exhibit the original vouchers thereof, to Charles E. Butler, (of Evarts, Southmayd & Choate,) at his office, No. 49 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of April inst., in order that such claims may be examined preparatory to the making of a dividend among the creditors under the assignment to us.—New-York, April 10, 1868.

JOHN R. GARDNER,
ALEX. P. IRVIN,
CHARLES A. SHERMAN,
Assignees of Robert L. Taylor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, at reasonable prices, at the Brush Factory, No. 329 Pearl-st., New-York, Harper's Building.

JOHN K. HOPPEL.

HERRING SAFE FOR SALE.—A MEDIUM-size burglar-proof safe in perfect order. No. 47 Wall-st., second floor.

FOR SALE.—BOX FOR GARDEN HEDGING. Inquire of WILLIAM SMART, Flushing, N. Y., or P. A. VAN BERGEN, No. 54 William-st., New-York.

WANTED—THIRTY-FIVE OR FORTY SECond-hand school desks, which are in good order. Apply to JASPER E. CORNING, No. 34 Platt-st.

FOR SALE VERY LOW—FAIRBANK'S Platform Scales, in good order, which will weigh 2,000 lbs., by DAVID FELT, Stationers' Hall, No. 61 Cedar-st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

HOUSE FOR SALE—FURNISHED OR UNfurnished, in Clinton-place, between 5th and 6th avs.; 25x103 feet, four-story, in excellent condition, newly painted, with every improvement and convenience; no agents need apply. Address, personally or by letter, A. S., Exchange Office, No. 680 Broadway, under the East River Bank.

A NICE SMALL FOUR-STORY AND basement brown-stone high-stoop house for sale or rent, No. 132 East 27th-st., near Lexington-av.; all improvements and in good order; possession immediately; may be seen without permit from 11 to 3.

JOHN FOLEY, No. 169 Broadway.

FIFTH-AVENUE.—FOR SALE, THE ELEgant brown-stone house, No. 528 5th-av., corner of 44th-st., 28.4x84; lot 125 feet; with stable on 44th-st.: both house and stable are equal if not superior to any heretofore built in this City. For permits inquire of JOHN H. SHERWOOD, No. 522 5th-av., from 8 to 11 A. M.

A—TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT brick dwelling-house, in complete order, all modern improvements, gas fixtures, &c.; ten rooms; 20x40x100; 118th-st., Harlem; three minutes from boat or cars; $7,500; terms easy. J. A. DELANOY, Bowery Insurance Company, No. 124 Bowery.

FOR SALE—A NEW FOUR-STORY HIGH-stoop brown-stone house No. 446 Lexington-av., near 45th-st.; finished complete with all modern improvements; plumbing work done with Colwell, Shaw & Willard's patent block tin lined lead pipe; possession immediately. CORNELIUS O'REILLY, Builder.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT FOUR-STORY high-stoop brown-stone house, 24.4x62x98.9, with the elegant furniture; location, 36th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON MURRAY HILL, THE LARGE and elegant basement house No. 224 Madison-av., 25 feet wide, with three-story back building, in fine order; immediate possession. Permits of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN 38TH-ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6th avs., a very fine four-story English basement house, very tastefully decorated and expensively furnished; offered very low. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TWO SUPERIOR-BUILT BROWN-stone houses on Park-av., between 36th and 37th sts., 25x65, lots 105 feet deep. Also, one smaller house between 37th and 38th sts. Apply to T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 4 Pine-st.

A STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS EXTRA well-built brown-stone three-story h. s. 21.6 house; all improvements; thorough order; very low if sold immediately. Apply to owner on premises, No. 225 49th-st., near Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON 47TH-ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6th avs., a handsome brown-stone house, now being finished. Inquire of W. H. HUME, 127 Clinton-place.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED FOR HOUSEKEEPING—ON moderate terms, by an American family, in some genteel and accessible part of Brooklyn, a floor of about four rooms, with conveniences. Preferred where a thorough and comprehensive instruction in French and music would be accepted in part payment of rent. Address W. H., Box No. 126 *Times* Office.

A FAMILY ABOUT LEAVING TOWN for Europe or the country, for the Summer, and wishing their house well taken care of by a responsible party, who can give the best reference, may address E. D. B., office of Special Commissioner of the Revenue, Custom-house, New-York.

HOUSE WANTED.—A GOOD RESPONSIBLE tenant wants a three-story and basement house, (unfurnished) with all modern improvements, between Amity and 17th sts., in a good neighborhood; rent not to exceed $1,200. Address G. W. W., Box No. 1,832 Post-office.

WANTED—BY A FAMILY OF FOUR ADULTS, four unfurnished rooms, (three bedrooms and parlor,) without board, in the upper part of the City. Address Post-office Box No. 1,974.

DRY GOODS

AT GAYNOR'S.

TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE in both stores.

500,000 PAIRS OF PARIS CORSETS MUST BE SOLD BEFORE THE 1ST OF MAY.

Also, WALKING DRESSES and GABRIELS, In SILK, POPLINS, and VELVETS, OUR OWN LATE IMPORTATIONS.

In consequence of a change in business, we offer our elegant stock of the best Paris made coutille and woven Corsets and Walking Suits, &c., 50 per cent. below cost.

Also, a miscellaneous lot of slightly-soiled Corsets at the following comparatively low prices:

CORSETS at $1, originally $3 50.
CORSETS at $1 50, originally $5.
CORSETS at $2, originally $8.

As we have made Corsets a specialty, ladies may rely on getting all whalebones, and best shapes.

No. 765 Broadway, between 8th and 9th-sts.
No. 824 Broadway, corner 12th-st.

AT W. JACKSON'S, NO. 551 BROADWAY.

MOURNING GOODS FROM AUCTION.

FINE TAMISE CLOTHS, $7 50 PER DRESS, WORTH $12.
FINE HENRIETTA CLOTHS, $7 50 PER DRESS, WORTH $12.
FINE PARISIENNE CLOTHS, $10 PER DRESS, WORTH $15.
FINE CRAPE CLOTHS, $5 PER DRESS. WORTH $7 50.
MUCH FINER CRAPE CLOTHS, $6 PER DRESS, WORTH $9.
FINE MOHAIR AND POPLIN ALPACAS, 50c., 62½c., 75c. AND 87½c., JUST ONE-THIRD BELOW THEIR REAL VALUE.
GRAY CHENE POPLIN DE PARIS, NEW DESIGNS. $4 50 PER DRESS. WORTH $7.
PURE MOHAIR CHECKS, $4 PER DRESS, worth $7.
FINE TAMARTINES, 37½c. WORTH 62½c.
A SPLENDID LINE OF CANVAS AND IRON HERNAINES, all widths, at less than gold prices.
HANDSOME FLUTED AND TRIMMED BALMORAL SKIRTS AT $3 AND $4 50.
BALMORAL SKIRTINGS, 37½c. AND 50c. PER YARD.
FINE SCOTCH GINGHAMS, 31c. WORTH 50c.

W. JACKSON, IMPORTER OF MOURNING GOODS, NO. 551 BROADWAY, OPPOSITE TIFFANY & CO'S.

D. A. D'ANCONA (FROM BROADWAY) has on exhibition at his new salesroom, No. 82 6th-av., all the latest Broadway styles of gents', youths' and boys' hats and ladies' misses' and infants' round hats, at 25 per cent. below Broadway prices.

N. B.—Ladies' furs packed on condition to be kept through Summer free of charge.

MACKENZIE'S MANTILLAS.—THE VICtoria, $30; Argyle, $25; Duchess of Sutherland, $20. At STORMS, THURBER & CO., 751 Broadway.

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CARPETS AND OIL-CLOTHS, RICH DESIGNS.

SPRING SALES, 1868.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

VELVETS, TAPESTRY, BRUSSELS, three-ply and ingrain, from the best foreign and domestic manufactories, suitable to every style of furnishing.

SMITH & LOUNSBERY, NO. 456 BROADWAY, NEAR GRAND.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.

Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.

Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, 129 Liberty-st., N. Y., or sent by mail, free of postage.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR MARRIED ladies, with or without medicine, by Mme. RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery; over 30 years' practice. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, specially prepared, price $5, which can never fail, are safe and healthy. Sold only at her office, No. 1 East 52d-st., first door from 5th-av., and at Druggist's No. 152 Greenwich-st., or sent by mail. Caution—All others are counterfeits. Her Circular to the Married, sent free.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IMMEdiately by Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st. A cure in from one to five days of gonorrhoea, gleet, strictures, syphilis, and all venereal diseases, without mercury. Be wise in time. Dr. POWERS' are the only medicines on earth to cure private diseases; all others drive the virus in the blood. Confidential consultation free.

LADIES REQUIRING MEDICAL ASSISTance should consult Dr. ALLEN, No. 119 Greenwich-av., a regular, long-established and successful practitioner; elegant rooms provided; consultation letter free.

DR. LARMONT, NO. 173 BROADWAY.—Treatment from 11 to 4. Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, on his special treatment of local, constitutional and nervous diseases, strictures, fistula, piles, &c.; mailed free, $1 50.

A LADIES' PHYSICIAN.—H. D. GRINDLE, M. D., No. 6 Amity-place, having over eighteen years' successful practice, guarantees immediate relief to all ladies requiring special treatment. Elegant rooms for ladies requiring nursing.

UNFORTUNATES, CONSULT DR. GRINDLE, No. 6 Amity-place, between Bleecker and Amity-st. A speedy cure guaranteed without the use of mercury.

LADIES MAY BE CERTAIN OF RELIEF in twenty-four hours, with or without medicine, even after all others fail. Consult Dr. GRINDLE, No. 6 Amity-place.

LADIES' PHYSICIAN IN NEED.—DR. GRINDLE, No. 6 Amity-place. Sure and immediate relief to all in trouble. Elegant rooms for nursing.

LADIES' SURE ASSISTANT IMMEDIATELY—Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st., with or without medicines. Can return same day. Certain at one trial.

YOUTHFUL VIGOR AND MANHOOD REgained by using Dr. Powers' Elixir, and unfortunates cured without mercury positively. Office, 191 Stanton-st.

RELIEF TO LADIES IN TROUBLE, BY DR. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st. His medicines act immediately. Confidential circular sent by first post.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of certain diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages and advice free.

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DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; gives health and strength to the most debilitated; $5 per bottle. No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility, 60 pages, gratis.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

PINE AND FARMING LANDS IN MICHIGAN.

10,000 acres choice farming land, from $2 to $20 per acre. 56,000 acres selected pine lands, from $3 to $25 per acre. Inquire of RALPH C. SMITH, Detroit, Michigan.

AT HARRISON, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—Executors' sale of valuable farm. Will be sold at public auction on sixth day, (FRIDAY,) the 24th or fourth month, (April,) 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M., on the premises, that valuable farm, containing 87 acres, the property and late residence of Samuel Burling, deceased, situated on Purchase-st., (the road leading from Rye Depot to Rye Lake,) 4½ miles from Rye Depot and 3½ miles from the depot at White Plains, and about one mile from the contemplated depot near Rye Lake, on the New-York, Housatonic and Northern Railroad, now partly constructed, to connect Brookfield, Conn., with White Plains. The above farm is very pleasantly situated in a healthy and excellent neighborhood. The dwelling-house is large and comfortable, with good barn and other necessary outbuildings. It will be sold as one farm, or divided into two parts to suit purchasers, each part commanding an extensive and uninterrupted view of Long Island Sound for a distance of over 30 miles, and furnishing splendid building sites. The soil is good and very productive; a good orchard on the farm, and it has a front of near half a mile on Purchase-st., and is considered one of the best in the neighborhood. A part of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage on the premises. Title indisputable. If the 24th should be stormy, the sale will take place on the first fair day. For further particulars, inquire of JOSHUA SUTTON, No. 43 Johnson-st., Brooklyn; or MELLIS S. TILTON, on Purchase-st., near the premises, Executors.

AT RYE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—Distant from City one hour by New-York and New-Haven Railroad, and by steamboat.

Four new built frame houses, with fifty to seventy lots each; delightfully located in select neighborhood, near to and overlooking the waters of Long Island Sound. Free from musketoes; perfectly healthy; and offered for sale on very easy terms.

Also two houses directly on the shore, and overlooking the Sound for miles.

Altogether one of the most delightful places on the Sound. All the houses within ten minutes of two depots, eight churches, and good schools.

Grocers and marketmen come to the premises daily.

The great improvements now being made on the New-Haven Railway, securing at an early day the best road and cars in the United States, avoiding all ferries, makes this property worthy of especial attention. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York.

SPLENDID RESIDENCE AT PEEKSKILL, on the Hudson, for sale.—First-class mansion and about 15 acres; house double brick, 45x50; two stories, basement and attic; heated by steam; hot and cold water, gas, all modern improvements; about 20 rooms with finish equal to 5th-av. houses; magnificent view of the Hudson; three minutes' walk from the depot; grounds artistically laid out; every variety and abundance of well-selected fruit; barn, carriage-house, cowhouse, porter's lodge, &c.; location perfectly healthy; no musquitoes or other nuisance; everything in perfect order, and to be sold for less than it cost in gold, if disposed of immediately; owner going to Europe. Apply for price and permits to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., where photograph can be seen.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE, seventeen rooms, all the modern improvements, outbuildings complete; for beauty of scenery and healthiness of location this home is unsurpassed; abundance of choice fruits, large fish and skating pond, excellent well of water; $50,000 have been expended upon the grounds alone, on which are extensive lawns, delightful groves of pine and forest trees, beautiful evergreens, hedges, shrubs, flowers, &c.; house magnificently furnished; horses, carriage, pigs, cow, fowls and farming utensils complete, with from 10 to 40 acres of land, at a decided bargain; time from New-York to residence, 75 minutes. Apply to WM. CAMERON, No. 152 Broadway. Room No. 5.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE for sale, within driving distance of New-York; the house is new, very large, and finished in the most expensive and perfect manner, having every modern improvement; grounds comprise twelve acres, all improved and handsomely laid out in lawn, walks, drives, gardens, &c., &c., with a very fine shrubbery and choice variety of fruit. Everything appertaining to house and grounds is of the most modern and elegant description. Will be sold for very much less than cost, and on easy terms.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BROTHER, No. 26 Pine-st.

A SPLENDID COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE BY EXECUTORS.—It is situated on North Hempstead Harbor, L. I. The house is large and commodious, is heated with hot air, and contains gas and water conveniences throughout. On the premises are a farmhouse, all the necessary outbuildings, in good order, a greenhouse, grapery and trout pond. In front of the mansion is a fine lawn and a beautiful grove of locusts, evergreens and other choice trees; there is an abundance of fruit of many varieties on the place. Communication with the City easy and quite frequent by steamboat and rail. For particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE NEAR TARRYTOWN—A DEsirable country seat with the furniture, horses, carriages and everything complete and in perfect order; house double, two-story and attic, with a wing; all the modern improvements; large carriage-house and stable; about four acres in garden and lawn; abundance of fruit of all kinds; large shade and ornamental trees; neighborhood first-class; near cars and steamboats; will be sold at a bargain; terms easy; immediate possession given. For price, terms and permits apply to KENYON & STEPHENS, No. 83 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE, NEAR SING SING—A FURnished country residence, commanding a beautiful view of the river; a fine roomy house, cool and healthy, furnished throughout; crockery, glass, &c., and all in perfect order; has a bath-room and laundry; large garden, fruit trees, gardener's cottage, stables, two cows, garden implements, &c.; 36 acres of land, half wood.

EDMUND COFFIN, No. 13 Cedar-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE WITH HALF ACRE land on line of Staten Island Railroad; near church and schools, and but short distance from sea shore; desirable location, one hour from City; parlor, dining-room and kitchen on first floor; 5 bedrooms and open attic with large cellar; price $4,000, half or two-thirds on mortgage; immediate possession; permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

TARRYTOWN.—$8,250.—FOR SALE—A double house, two story and attic, 40x30 ft., fourteen rooms, filled in with brick, gas, range, &c.; fine views, pleasant street; lot 80x100; now rents for $1,000 per annum; possession 1st May. The cheapest place in the village. Apply to J. W. OLIVER, corner Ann and Nassau sts.

ANY PERSON WANTING A GOOD, cheap and healthy country residence or farm, one hour's ride from the City, may see descriptions of some fine property by calling on Otis Chickering, drainage, landscape and civil engineer, No. 18 Wall-st., New-York. J. SAMMIS, Surveyor and Real Estate Agent, Babylon, L. I.

FOR SALE IN FLUSHING, L. I.—A VERY desirable country residence, pleasantly located on Clinton-av., is now offered for sale upon favorable terms, for the purpose of closing an estate. For particulars apply to G. EDWARD CARL, Real Estate Agent, Flushing, or of ISAAC PECK, No. 33 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—AT MONTCLAIR, N. J., A COUNtry seat; 2 acres of land with a first-class house; 12 rooms and cellar; 10 minutes' walk from depot. Apply to C. C. WILCOX, No. 48 Cortlandt-st., or WM. JACOBUS, Montclair, N. J., or WM. B. HAYSE, No. 326 Spring-st.

A VERY DESIRABLE AND WELL-located residence for sale at Plainfield, New-Jersey; house contains 11 rooms, with pantries, bathroom, &c.; good barn; lot about 1½ acres with fruit and ornamental trees. For particulars inquire of GEORGE D. MERRILL, No. 47 Walker-st., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—IN THE VILLAGE OF WEST Farms, a beautiful corner of nearly one acre, with nice cottage, eight rooms, carriage-house; plenty of fruit, shade, and fronting the river; price $7,500. Apply to F. R. HITCHCOCK, on the premises.

HUDSON CITY, N. J.—FOR SALE—A FIRST-class house in fine order; 8 rooms, gas, water, 2 lots of ground; healthy location; 15 minutes from Jersey City and Hoboken ferries, by horse cars. Apply on the premises, Van Reipen-av., of A. H. DEMOTTE.

AT GARRISONS—OPPOSITE WEST POINT.—For sale, a beautifully situated house and five acres of land, three-fourths of a mile from the depot. Inquire of CULBERT BROTHERS, No. 777 Broadway, or of G. F. & W. D. GARRISON, at Garrisons.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—A FINE RESIDENCE, with 2½ acres; ornamental and fruit trees in great abundance and variety; commodious stables and modern conveniences; to be sold with or without furniture. Call on J. H. PRATT, No. 86 Chambers-st.

SPLENDID FARM AND COUNTRY-SEAT on Long Island, with trout pond and trouting privileges thereon unequaled; a rare chance for a gentleman for a select sporting club. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT TENAFLY, N. J., SIXTEEN miles from City, 12 trains daily; new house, 8 rooms; new stable; splendid location; about 2½ acres; five minutes from depot. If not sold prior to May 1, will be let. Apply at No. 116 Wall-st. Price $8,250.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AN ATTRACTIVE country seat at Clifton, Staten Island, handsome modern dwelling, outbuildings and about 8¾ acres ground, fruit and shade trees; price $16,000; rent $1,500 per annum. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

A COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE ON THE Hudson River, near Hyde Park; about 120 acres of land; half a mile river front; lodge, billiard-house, brick barns, &c. For particulars apply to POTTER BROTHERS & BELLAMY, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN GROVE-ST., East Orange, a small cottage, with nearly an acre of ground, with plenty of fruit, &c. Apply to P. H. LEONARD, Nos. 36 and 38 Barclay-st.

FOR SALE—A NEW GOTHIC COTTAGE, A short distance from Tappan Station, on line of Northern Railroad, ¼ acre ground; price, $3,500. Apply to CONCKLIN & MARKS, No. 156 West-st.

A COTTAGE AT LAKE GEORGE FOR SALE—finely situated, with garden, outbuildings, improved grounds and farm of 50 acres; 1½ miles from hotels and village. Apply at No. 78 Madison-av.

FOR SALE—A RESIDENCE AT NEW-BRIGHton, S. I.; on Fort Hill; price $6,500. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

WESTCHESTER.—PROPERTY ON HARlem River, Central-av. and Southern Boulevard. Inquire of CHARLES W. BATHGATE, Fordham.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

EXTRA FINE HORSES.—THE FINEST pair of large carriage horses in the City is now offered for sale by a private gentleman about leaving the City; parties in want, and who have taste for fine horses, would do well to see them. Call at private stable, No. 97 West 17th-st., in Court, between 6th and 7th avs.

CARRIAGES—GREAT BARGAINS.—NOW ON hand several carriages on consignment, which must be sold; several second-hand at great bargains; all styles harness. CALVIN WITTY'S Carriage Depot, No. 638 Broadway, near Bleecker-st.

FOR SALE—A STYLISH PAIR OF DAPPLE gray horses, nearly sixteen hands high. Can be seen during the morning at stable No. 5, in the court of No. 13 East 27th-st.

ARMY WAGONS, CARTS, AMBULANCES, top buggy, McClellan saddles, mule collars, harness, canvas covers, army clothing, new blankets $2.

W. A. CARTER, No. 52 Cortlandt-st.

TO LET—A PRIVATE STABLE IN 27TH-ST., near Broadway. Apply to J. ROMAIN BROWN, No. 1,279 Broadway, near 34th-st.

IRON WORKS.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORKS,

14th-st., between Avenues B and C, New-York.

D. D. BADGER, President. N. CHENY, Vice-Pres't.

Fire-proof buildings of every description, and every kind of iron work for building purposes, also for bridges.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET—IN JERSEY CITY, FRONT BASEment and two front rooms up stairs, in neat cottage house, No. 369 South 4th-st., suitable for housekeeping for man and wife; rent $15. Apply on premises.

TO LET.

No. 14 St. Mark's-place, 3-story, &c., h. s.
No. 19 St. Mark's-place, 3-story, &c., h. s.
No. 149 East 27th-st., 3-story, &c., h. s.
No. 8 East 22d-st., 3-story, &c., h. s.
No. 52 Crosby-st., 2-story and attic h. s.
No. 10 4th-st., near Broadway, 2-story and attic.
2d floor, No. 49 John-st.
2d and 3d floors, Nos. 859 Broadway.
Cottage, garden, &c., East Chester.
Floors Nos. 48 and 50 Cortlandt-st.
Offices Nos. 5 and 7 William-st.

Apply at No. 192 Broadway from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 147 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—TO LET, FOR one or three years, a newly-furnished dwelling-house, with about four acres of land; location high; size of house, 50x50; gas in every room, water, dumb-waiter, &c.; icehouse filled; good garden spot, plenty of shade trees, apples and grapes; large barn and carriage-house; stable accommodations for five or more horses; half a mile from depot, sixteen trains daily. For further particulars apply to GEO. W. FORSYTH, Esq., at Morristown, or at No. 128 Broadway, Room No. 1.

AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—A FINE RESIdence, with 14 acres of land, to let or for sale. The house is well furnished, 15 rooms beside bath-room, &c., fine garden, large and small fruits in very great abundance, including apple orchard, large stable and carriage room; icehouse filled, gardener's cottage and other necessary outbuildings. Possession immediately. A gardener now upon the place. Address or apply to SPENCER TRASK, at office of H. G. Marquand, No. 43 Wall-st.

TO LEASE, FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for improved City property, a handsome country residence, three-quarters of a mile north of the village of Westchester, 1¾ miles from Williamsbridge depot, Harlem Railroad, and one hour's ride from 26th-st. depot; a fine two-story and attic stone house, 46x50, built in modern style, with about 27 acres of ground; barn, outhouses, excellent garden and water; grounds well laid out, and contain a large number of fruit and shade trees. Apply to JAMES CONNER'S SON, corner Centre and Reade sts.

TO LET AT RYE, WESTCHESTER County, one hour from New-York by the New-Haven Railroad, a furnished house, containing about twenty rooms and all the modern improvements, and commanding an extensive view of Long Island Sound and surrounding country; lawn of about 15 acres; carriage-house and stabling for six horses. Will be let to a responsible private family for two years or longer; rent $2,000 per annum. Photographs and particulars of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—NEAR MORRISTOWN, NEW-JERSEY, a cottage containing seven rooms and kitchen; stable room for three horses and carriage; garden and small fruit, consisting of four kinds of grapes, currants, raspberries, blackberries, cherries, apples, &c.; rent, $600. Inquire of P. V. W. BISHOP, at Sutton's furniture store, South-st., Morristown, New-Jersey.

TO LET—AT NORTH NEW-YORK, CORNER OF 3d-av. and Westchester road, all the second story, consisting of two parlors, and seven large bedrooms; dining-room and hall on first floor; basement, with water and dumb waiter; cellar and coal vault; garden, with large fruit and shade trees. Rent $500. Possession immediately. Inquire at Purdy's grocery store, on next block.

SUMMIT, N. J.—TO LET—A NEW, CONVEnient and desirable house, containing 12 rooms, large pantries, furnace, range, &c., &c.; location elevated, view fine, and within five minutes' walk of the depot of the Morris and Essex Railroad. Apply to J. BONNEL, Summit, N. J., or FRANCIS TOMES, Jr., & S. HASTINGS GRANT, No. 194 Broadway.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A LARGE DOUBLE house, with garden, lawn, carriage-house and stable, and three acres of pasture, in the town of Yonkers, 1½ miles from Williamsbridge, and half a mile from Woodlawn Station, Harlem Railroad; half an hour from 26th-st.; will be let for the season; rent $200 per month. Apply to S. M. VALENTINE, No. 165 Front-st.

TO RENT—AT NEWARK—PART OF A HANDsomely-furnished house, within 5 minutes' walk of New-Jersey Railroad depot, and 30 minutes from New-York; with modern improvements and beautiful location; occupied by a couple without children. Address M. WORTHINGTON, Newark Post-office.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone house in 55th-st., near Broadway; all improvements and furnished in the best possible manner; fourteen rooms; rent $3,000 per annum. Apply to McCAHILL & SMYTH, No. 454 6th-av., or No. 692 3d-av., corner 47th-st.

TO RENT—FLUSHING—FINE RESIDENCE, thoroughly furnished; 16 rooms, gas throughout; hot and cold water, bath-room and closet, laundry, two very large cisterns and deep well; two acres in fruit and vegetable garden and ornamental ground; situation excellent. Apply to JAMES B. PARSONS, 79 Cedar-st.

A.—TO RENT ON LEXINGTON-AV. A three three-story high-stoop brown-stone; Mansard roof; all the improvements; in good order; $2,000 each. Also house in Prince-st., $1,200. Also cottage in Harlem, $800. ABNER L. ELY, No. 637 4th-av., or No. 22 Pine-st.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED, IN 42D-ST., BEtween 5th and Madison avs., a first-class Nova Scotia stone front house, 22x60 feet, tastefully decorated and in perfect order; all improvements; lot full depth; possession May 1. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

NEWARK, N. J.—HOUSE TO LET AND FURniture for sale; the house contains eight rooms, and is located centrally on Broad-st.; the furniture was new one year ago, and is of the best quality; rent only $300 per annum; value of furniture $4,500. Apply to ROBERT A. HAGGERTY & CO., No. 11 Pine-st.

TO LET—FLUSHING—SPACIOUS, MODERN house, 44x60, with every city convenience; piazzas on three sides; five acres abundantly fruited; pears, cherries, plums, apples, and all small fruits; situation elevated and unsurpassed in beauty; flagged walk to depot. JAMES B. PARSONS, No. 79 Cedar-st.

TO LET—AT MANHATTANVILLE, WITHIN one minute's walk of 8th-av. cars, the upper part of a house; house has fine grounds; stable and vegetable garden if desired; rent reasonable to a responsible tenant. For terms, &c., address A. B. C., Box No. 149 *Times* Office.

TO LET—THE NEW FOUR-STORY HOUSE, No. 416 West 29th-st., in sides through, to respectable small families only; also, several other floors and parts of houses, from $15 to $40 per month. Apply to JOSEPH CORBIT, No. 231 9th-av.

TO RENT—COUNTRY SEATS IN LONG Island for the Summer season or the year; accessible in thirty-five minutes from Wall-street; situation most agreeable, and houses well furnished and very commodious. Apply to J. M. PHELPS & CO., 5½ Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE—FIRST-CLASS four-story brown-stone, 25x55, lot 103 feet, 18 rooms, No. 308 East 15th-st., near 2d-av., Stuyvesant-square and Historical Building; rent moderate. MEIGS D. BENJAMIN, No. 8 East 9th-st., or No. 37 Walker-st.

TO LET—IN RIVER TERRACE, HOBOKEN, first-class houses, in good order, with all modern improvements; have a fine view of the river, within five minutes' walk of the ferry. Inquire at Hoboken Land and Improvement Company's office, near the ferry.

AN ELEGANT HOUSE, IN 44TH-ST., near Broadway, will be rented, with or without the furniture, for one or two years, to a small family. If desired, the owner will occupy the second floor. Address HOME, Station G.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE AT NEWTOWN, Long Island, suitable for a large family; very conveniently situated, and within easy access of New-York by two lines railroad; large garden, &c. Apply to

FRANCIS T. WALKER, No. 18 Wall-st.

TO RENT—A HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED house, 20x50, in South Brooklyn, near Henry-st.; convenient to Court-st. cars; eight minutes' walk from Hamilton-av. Ferry; terms low to a good tenant. Address V., Box No. 270 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—AT FLUSHING—FURNISHED COTtage and garden; ten rooms; beautifully shaded; ten minutes' walk, on flagging, from depot; rent, $600. Inquire (near cottage) of WM. SMART, Flushing, or P. A. VAN BERGEN, No. 54 William-st., New-York.

TO LET—THE LARGE HOUSE NO. 814 GREENwich-st., corner Jane, will be let to two families for a boarding-house, or altered for a store; rent $1,650 per annum. WM. MATTHEWS, No. 54 Catharine-st., second floor.

NYACK, N. Y.—TO LET OR FOR SALE, THE Clarendon House, thirty-two rooms, three acres of land and pleasantly situated near the river; terms favorable. Inquire of H. G. PRALL, Nyack, or W. F. GOODWIN, No. 170 Broadway, New-York.

FORT HAMILTON MANSION TO RENT—An elegant residence situated on the river bank at the Narrows, near steamboat landing. Photographic picture at H. & J. HOPKINS', No. 140 Reade-st.

TO LET—THE SECOND FLOOR OF THE TWO-story and attic house No. 93 Henry-st., consisting of three rooms on second floor and one attic room if required, with privilege of washing in basement.

TO LET—AT TARRYTOWN, SEVERAL FURnished and unfurnished houses for the Summer months or the year. Apply to KENYON & STEPHENS, No. 83 Nassau-st.

TO LET—AT HARLEM, ON 5TH-AV. AND 132d-st., a comfortable house, with water and gas and a large garden; steamboat and cars within a few minutes' walk. For terms apply at No. 285 5th-av.

TO RENT—TO A SMALL FAMILY OF GROWN persons, a cottage house on the New-Jersey Railroad, 20 minutes from foot of Cortlandt-st. Apply to A. GROSS & CO., No. 58 Broad-st.

TO LET—A DESIRABLE HOUSE, PARTIALLY furnished, for the Summer months or for a year, at Fairfield, Conn., near the depot. For particulars, apply to JONATHAN STURGES, No. 125 Front-st.

TO BE LET, FURNISHED—ONLY TO A small and careful family, one of the Oneisea cottages; in complete order; rent $125 per month. Apply upon the premises, No. 464 West 24th-st.

A HOUSE TO LET—NO. 325 EAST 41ST-ST., near 2d-av.; stone front; all improvements; three stories, high basement; in good order. Apply this day to owner on premises from 11 to 2 o'clock. Rent $1,500.

5TH-AV., NEAR 30TH-ST.—A FOUR-story high-stoop house to let or lease. For particulars apply to Dr. J. G. POHLE, northwest corner of Broadway and Broome-st., up stairs.

NYACK.—TO LET, ONE ELEGANT HOUSE, 15 rooms, and one of 10 rooms; modern improvements; beautiful view of river. Inquire of J. V. UNDERDONK, Nyack, New-York.

TO LET—THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, high stoop, next to the corner of North 9th-st., on 3d, Williamsburg; 12 rooms. HARRISON & PRIDHAM, No. 102 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO LET—A SNUG ENGLISH-BASEMENT house, with the furniture; location central and desirable; rent $1,500. Apply to STANLEY DAY, No. 319 4th-av.

A FURNISHED COTTAGE PLEASANTLY situated at Oscawana Lake, near Peekskill; eleven rooms; rent $100 per month. WM. H. FALCONER, No. 21 2d-st., near Bowery.

TO RENT FOR SIX MONTHS OR LONGER, a handsomely-furnished three-story house in 21st-st., near 4th-av. For terms and permit apply from 10 to 11 to H. M. WHITEHEAD, No. 35 Wall-st.

TO LET—HOUSE AND STABLE, WITH EIGHT lots, on West 14th and 15th sts., between 9th and 10th avs.; stable on 15th-st. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—PART OF A COTTAGE-HOUSE NO. 323 East 26th-st; five rooms and a store-room. Rent $35 per month. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET—UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS, NO. 20 Union-place, corner of East 15th-st. Apply at the bank on the premises.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—LARGE BROWN-stone dwelling, 10 rooms, all the modern improvements; lot 25x133; No. 74 1st-place, between Clinton and Court sts., Brooklyn. CHAS. H. SMITH, Room No. 11, No. 171 Broadway, New-York, or WYCKOFF & LITTLE, Montague-st., near Court-st., Brooklyn.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING.

A portion of the room now occupied by the Surrogate, which will be divided to suit applicants, or rented entire.

Also offices in Nos. 38, 39, 40 and 41 Park-row, Times Building, on the second, third and fourth stories, large and spacious, being splendidly lighted from front and rear. Further improvements will be made at the expiration of the Surrogate's lease, the 1st of May next. These buildings are thoroughly fire proof, thereby saving all charges of insurance and hazards incident to fire.

Inquire of JOHN IRELAND, Cashier, *Times* Office.

TO LET—IN THE ELEGANT NEW FIRE-PROOF MARBLE BUILDING NOS. 59 AND 61 WALL-ST., OFFICES ON THE SECOND, THIRD AND FOURTH FLOORS, SUITABLE FOR BANKERS, BROKERS OR LAWYERS, AT LOW RENTS. APPLY TO THE JANITOR, NOS. 59 AND 61 WALL-ST.

TO LET—NO. 423 BROOME-ST., NEAR BROADWAY, ENTRANCE TO PIANO FACTORY IN REAR FROM CROSBY-ST.; WILL LEASE FOR FIVE YEARS OR MORE. INQUIRE OF S. F. COWDREY, NO. 67 WALL-ST., OR A. S. CAMPBELL, FISHKILL-ON-HUDSON, NEW-YORK.

EAST BROADWAY AND DIVISION-ST.—No. 238 East Broadway and No. 227 Division-st., one lot about 25x100 feet; ground rent $300 per annum on a Rutgers lease, 13 years to run, with renewals; East Broadway house, three-story high-stoop brick; Division-st., English basement, three-story; early possession; price asked, $18,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

NO. 194 FULTON-ST.—TO LET—FIRST loft, 25x80, half of second loft, 25x40, basement and sub-basement, 25x80 each, together or separately, with or without steam power; first-rate business location, and newly painted, &c. Apply to the New-York Economical Printing Company, No. 98 Nassau-st.

PARTIES SELLING TO THE DRY OR fancy goods jobbers, desiring to hire part of a first or a second or third loft, between Murray and Chambers sts., can do so at a cheap rate by addressing Box No. 3,514 Post-office.

TO RENT—THE LOFTS OF BUILDING NO. 20 Vesey-st., together or separate; possession 1st May. Apply to R. HOE, No. 31 Gold-st., or ABNER L. ELY, No. 23 Pine-st.

BROOKLYN STORES TO RENT LOW—three on Fulton-st.; one, an elegant corner-store, best part of Fulton. Apply to WYCKOFF & LITTLE, No. 151 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

LOFTS TO LET.—THREE LARGE LOFTS well lighted, with steam and patent hoist. At Nos. 15 and 17 1st-st.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT OF THE BUILDING No. 18 4th-av.; also two lofts for storage of furniture. Apply on the premises to CONKLINS & BAYLES.

TO RENT—THE ENTIRE STORE NO. 826 Broadway; possession from 1st May. For particulars apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—FIRST-CLASS STORE, NO. 41 DEY-st., containing 3,000 square feet. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO RENT—THE STORE AND BASEMENT NO. 522 Broadway; possession from 1st May. For particulars apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO RENT—THREE ROOMS, VERY LIGHT and desirable for manufacturing purposes. No. 40 West 18th-st.

TO LET—STORE UNDER ST. NICHOLAS HOtel, part of No. 519 Broadway. Inquire on the premises of R. WARNOCK.

TO RENT—THE SPACIOUS PRIVATE STABLE No. 51 Great Jones-st. For particulars apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—A LARGE HALL, 75 x116 feet, over Upper Washington Market, corner of Washington and Bank sts. Apply to Stand No. 2.

TO LET—SPLENDID LIGHT LOFTS IN NO. 21 Fulton-st., near Fulton Ferry, with steam power. Apply at No. 209 Water-st.

TO LET—NO. 207 WATER-ST., NEAR FULTON Ferry, with steam power. Apply at No. 209 Water-st.

DESK-ROOM TO LET—IN OFFICE NO. 8 No. 5 Beekman-st., first floor over Park Bank.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

MRS. F. W. PUTNAM HAVING TAKEN the elegant large double mansion, NO. 6 MADISON-SQUARE, (23D-ST.,) one door east of Broadway, is prepared to make engagements with parties for rooms en suite, with private table.

The location of this elegant mansion cannot be surpassed, being in the immediate vicinity of the first-class hotels. Applications may be made for a few days at No. 140 5th-av.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET A handsomely-furnished first or second floor, with or without private table; also, two rooms for gentlemen with board; house modern and pleasantly situated, near Broadway and 5th-av., within a block of Coleman House: highest references given and required. Address M., Station E. 8th-av.

A WELL-FURNISHED FRONT ROOM second floor, with first-class board for gentleman and wife for $25 per week; also, two well-furnished rooms, parlor floor; children not objectionable; no moving. Call at No. 238 West 25th-st.; best of references given and required.

GENTLEMAN AND WIFE AND A FEW young gentlemen can be accommodated with first-class board in Jersey City, seven minutes' walk from Cortlandt-st. Ferry. Terms moderate. Address Mrs. E. E., Jersey City Post-office.

A FURNISHED ROOM TO LET TO A gentleman, without board, in a private family, with gas, hot and cold water, in 21st-st., near 6th-av.; none need apply without real name and references, which will be exchanged. Address S. R., Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, PLEASANTLY and conveniently located, would like to meet with a family of not over three or four grown persons who would be willing to board the advertiser's family. Address F., Box No. 141 *Times* Office.

A SUITE OF FURNISHED ROOMS TO let, with private table or without board; none but first-class families need apply; to such the rent will be moderate. Apply at LYPHER & CO.'S, No. 557 Bowery.

FURNISHED ROOMS IN MODERN BROWN-stone house, to gentlemen, or to a family for housekeeping; desirable location; no moving at May. Apply at No. 319 West 28th-st.

BOARD AND WASHING AT $3 25 PER week for females only, can be had in the spacious home, 45 Elizabeth street, one door above Canal.

S. B. HALLIDAY, Supt.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms without board; house has all the modern improvements; good reference required. Apply for three days at No. 1,168 Broadway, between 27th and 28th sts.

TO LET—PARLOR FLOOR, WITH EXTENsion, unfurnished, with more room if required. No. 20 East 14th-st.; possession immediately. Also, brick stable on 13th-st. to let.

NO. 13 EAST 16TH-ST.—FURNISHED apartments, on second floor, to let to a gentleman, without board, by the year; consisting of parlor, sleeping-room, dressing-room, bath, &c.

NO. 106 EAST 23D-ST.—FOR RENT, WITH private table, a parlor floor, consisting of three rooms. Also, second floor, after the 20th of April, consisting of five rooms; references exchanged.

THIRTY-FOURTH-ST. AND 5TH-AV.—Elegantly-furnished second and third floors to let, with private table, if desired; possession immediately. Apply Everett Library, No. 72 West 34th-st.

163 EAST 17TH-ST.—A BEAUTIFUL LOcation on Stuyvesant-square, elegant house, desirable rooms, first-class board, moderate prices, and no removal in May.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET WITHOUT board, on second, third and fourth floors; reference given and required. Apply to No. 1,168 Broadway, between 27th and 28th sts.

A SECOND FLOOR—FOUR ROOMS, HANDsomely furnished, all well lighted, to let, without board. First-class restaurant within half a block. No. 54 East 23d-st.

AT NO. 34 WEST 21ST-ST.—THREE NICEly furnished rooms, with first-class board in a private family. References exchanged.

PLEASANT ROOMS, WITHOUT BOARD, for gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen, No. 34 West 29th-st.

HANDSOME APARTMENTS TO LET, with board. No. 315 West 14th-st., second and fourth stories.

BOARD WITH HANDSOMELY FURnished rooms, suitable for families or single gentlemen. No. 73 West 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

NO. 134 WEST 4TH-ST., NEAR WASHINGTON-SQUARE.—Pleasant rooms to let, with board.

PLEASANT ROOMS TO LET, WITH board, in a small family. Apply at 40 West 21st-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR SIX months, from May 1; within hour and half of Wall-st.; farm-house with no other boarders preferred; family, three adults, two infants (2 or 3 months) and nurse; require three rooms. Address, stating terms, &c., T. H. E., Post-office Box, No. 2,900, New-York.

MUSICAL.

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., manufacturers of the MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS, fifty styles, $110 to $1,000 each; also, METROPOLITAN ORGANS; also, MASON & HAMLIN PORTABLE ORGANS, $75 to $225 each, offer the best assortment of organs in the country. Organs to rent or for sale, payable by quarter yearly installments. Warerooms No. 596 Broadway, New-York.

HAZELTON BROS.

OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES,

With Full Iron Frame and Agraffe Treble.

Factory and Warerooms, Nos. 147 and 149 Greene-st., corner of Houston-st.

WATERS' FIRST PREMIUM PIANOS, with iron frame, overstrung Bass and Agraffe bridge, melodeons, parlor, church and cabinet organs, the best manufactured, warranted for six years. 100 pianos, melodeons and organs, of six first-class makers, at low prices for cash, or one-fifth cash and the balance in monthly installments, for rent, and rent-money applied if purchased. Illustrated catalogues mailed. Warerooms, No. 481 Broadway, New-York. HORACE WATERS & CO.

MR. C. OTTO MULLER—TEACHER OF the piano-forte and singing, No. 923 Broadway, corner of 21st-st., Room No. 10, has now vacancies for two afternoon pupils. Terms reasonable. Address with residence, or call on from 5 to 7 o'clock P. M., as above.

TAYLOR & DUPUY'S PIANO-FORTE manufactory and wareroom, No. 208 Sullivan-st. Those wishing a first-class instrument will do well to examine our new scale 7 and 7¼ octave pianos before purchasing elsewhere.

ARION PIANO-FORTE.—PATENTED: highest premium awarded over all, even the renowned World's Exposition Pianos. Send for descriptive pamphlet, price list, &c. Manufactory and warerooms, Nos. 187 and 189 Bowery. MANNER & CO.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW AND second-hand Grand, Square and Upright Pianos to let and sold on installments. L. P. CUMMINGS, No. 8 Union-square.

PIANOS.—TWENTY-FIVE SECOND-HAND piano-fortes, of various makers, for sale at low prices by CHICKERING & SONS, No. 652 Broadway. Pianos to rent.

SHIPPING.

REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE TO THE CONTINENT.

The new iron North German Steamship SMIDT, Capt. H. RASCHEN, 2,400 tons capacity, WILL SAIL FROM NEW-YORK ON HER FIRST RETURN TRIP TO BREMEN [illegible] May 15.

PRICES OF PASSAGE.

First Cabin............$75 } Payable in
Second Cabin...........35 } Gold.

An experienced surgeon on board.
For further information, freight and passage, apply to THIELE, SEILER & CO., No. 2 Hanover Buildings, Hanover-square.

LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY.

The following FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, built expressly for the New-York trade, are intended to sail regularly between NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, calling at QUEENSTOWN, viz.:

MANHATTAN, MINNESOTA,
COLORADO, NEBRASKA,

With other first-class steamers building. To sail:

MINNESOTA..........WEDNESDAY, April 29
COLORADO..........WEDNESDAY, May 13
NEBRASKA..........WEDNESDAY, May 20
MANHATTAN..........WEDNESDAY, May 27

From Pier No. 46 North River.
Cabin, (the accommodations being equal to any Atlantic steamer,) $80, gold; return tickets, $160, gold; in steerage, $30, currency.
Tickets to bring out passengers from Europe can be obtained on reasonable terms. For freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Broadway.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND.—The Inman Line, under contract with the United States and British Governments for carrying the Mails, intend dispatching their steamers as follows:

CITY OF PARIS..........SATURDAY, April 18
ETNA (Via Halifax)..........MONDAY, April 20
CITY OF LONDON..........SATURDAY, April 25
CITY OF BALTIMORE..........SATURDAY, May 2
CITY OF CORK (via Halifax)....MONDAY, May 4
CITY OF BOSTON..........SATURDAY, May 9

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate MONDAY, at 1 P. M., from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	50

Passage by the Monday steamers, first cabin, $90, gold; steerage, $35, payable in currency.
Rates of passage from New-York to Halifax: First Cabin, $20; steerage, $10—payable in gold.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN PASSAGE RATES.

Favorite passenger steamers of the ANCHOR LINE sail every SATURDAY with passengers for LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND DERRY.

UNITED KINGDOM, DONALDSON, SATURDAY, March 21.
HIBERNIA, MUNRO, SATURDAY, April 18.
EUROPA, CRAIG, SATURDAY, April 25.
IOWA, HEDDERWICK, SATURDAY, May 2.

From Pier No. 20 North River, at noon.
Rates of passage, payable in currency:
Cabin to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $90 and $75, according to location.
Excursion tickets, good for twelve months, $160.
Intermediate to Glasgow or Derry, $35; Steerage, $30.
Prepaid certificates from these ports, $37.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Havre, &c., at very low rates.
For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York. HENDERSON BROTHERS.
To avoid imposition, passengers will please come direct to the office, as this Company does not employ runners.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.
The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

ST. LAURENT.....BOCANDE.....SATURDAY, April 18
VILLE DE PARIS.SURMONT.....SATURDAY, May 2
PEREIRE.....DUCHESNE.....SATURDAY, May 16
EUROPE.....LEMARIE.....SATURDAY, May 30

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,) TO BREST OR HAVRE,
First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $145; second cabin, $88.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
Medical attendance free of charge.
American travelers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

STEAMER SAINT LAURENT, FOR Brest and Havre, will leave Pier No. 50 North River, foot of Morton-st., on SATURDAY, April 18, at 2 o'clock. Passengers are requested to be on board at 1 o'clock. GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

CUBA leaves..........SATURDAY, April 18
RUSSIA leaves..........WEDNESDAY, April 22
SCOTIA leaves..........WEDNESDAY, April 29
JAVA leaves..........WEDNESDAY, May 6
CHINA leaves..........WEDNESDAY, May 13
AUSTRALASIAN leaves.....WEDNESDAY, May 20

Chief cabin passage..........$130
Second cabin passage..........80
TO PARIS.
Chief cabin passage..........145
Payable in gold.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

CUNARD LINE OF EXTRA STEAMERS. BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN, FROM NEW-YORK EVERY THURSDAY.

PALMYRA..........April 9
TRIPOLI..........April 23

RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin..........$80 Gold.
Steerage..........$30 Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at $40.
For Freight and Cabin Passage, apply at No. 4 Bowling-green.
For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway. E. CUNARD.

STEAM DIRECT TO BREMEN.

Steamship CIRCASSIAN, THOMAS J. ELLIS, commander, will leave direct for Bremen on SATURDAY, April 25, taking passengers at the following rates: First Cabin, $75; Second Cabin, $50; Steerage, $30; payable in gold.
For passage apply to LEXOW & VOIGT, Passenger Agents, No. 2 New-Chambers-st., or CHAS. BUSHOR, No. 88 West-st.

NATIONAL LINE.

THE STEAMSHIP PENNSYLVANIA, HALL, will leave SATURDAY, April 18, at 12 M., from Pier No. 47 North River.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100; Steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.
Apply at the Company's office, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

SAILING EVERY TWENTY DAYS.
The elegant, new steamship NEVADA, W. MEGILL, Commander, will leave Pier No. 17 East River, on FRIDAY, April 24, at 10 A. M.
For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDER & SONS, No. 44 Beaver-st.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:

MERRIMACK, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, April 23.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, May 23.
MISSISSIPPI, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, June 23.

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE BAHAMA GOVERNMENT FOR CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
THE ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the splendid side-wheel steamer MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. Adams, on THURSDAY, April 23, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River. For engagements of freight or passage apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR MOBILE.

FERNANDINA AND FLORIDA PORTS.
The Florida Railroad Company will dispatch The first-class steamship FLAG, Capt. BAXTER, for Fernandina, on SATURDAY, April 25, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting at Cedar Keys, via Florida Railroad, with the fine steamship MARY, for MOBILE.
Cargo delivered, without lighterage, at Mobile in one week.
Insurance guaranteed at 1½ per cent.
Bills lading furnished and goods forwarded free of commissions to all points on line of Mobile and Ohio Railroad.
Also, through passage-tickets and bills lading issued in connection with railroads in Florida to all places in the interior, and with steamers to points on the St. John's River.
Insurance to Fernandina, 1 per cent; to points on St. John's River, 1¼ per cent.
Superior passenger accommodations. Apply to I. K. ROBERTS, Agent, No. 174 Chambers-st.
Mobile agents, A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT and RICHMOND.
New and elegant side-wheel steamships HATTERAS, ALBEMARLE, SARATOGA and NIAGARA.
One of the above first-class ships will be dispatched every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st., for Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, connecting with the Seaboard Inland Air-Line, Virginia and Tennessee Air-Line, South-Side and Petersburg Railroads, and Richmond and Danville and Virginia Central Railroads, taking freight and granting through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest.
Bills of lading signed on the pier up to the hour of sailing. For freight or passage, having elegant stateroom accommodations, apply to N. L. McCREADY, President, No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner Dey-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

MERCHANTS' STEAMSHIP LINE,
Comprising the first-class steamships

GEN. GRANT..........Capt. J. B. HILDRETH
CRESCENT CITY..........Capt. E. W. HOLMES
SHERMAN..........Capt. W. A. PENDLETON
GEN. MEADE..........Capt. A. W. SAMPSON
UNITED STATES..........Capt. GEO. L. NORTON

The steamship GEN. MEADE, Capt. A. W. SAMPSON, Will be dispatched on SATURDAY, April 25, at 2 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 12 North River.
Freight received at through rates for Mobile and Galveston.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations.
Apply to the agent, SAMUEL STEVENS, No. 40 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA AND CHINA, FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon,
FOUR TIMES A MONTH,
On 1st, 9th, 16th and 24th,
except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
APRIL 16—OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. F. T. KING, connecting with GOLDEN AGE, Capt. ——.
Steamer leaving May 9 connects closely with steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, leaving San Francisco June 3 for China and Japan.
For passage tickets and all further information apply at the Company's ticket office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY!
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA, Via Panama Railroad.
NEW SAILING ARRANGEMENT.
THE 5TH AND 20TH OF EVERY MONTH, or the day before when these dates fall on Sunday, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot Warren-st., at noon, at lower rates than by any other line.
MAY 5—Steamship ARAGO, connecting with new steamship NEBRASKA.
MAY 20—Steamship GUIDING STAR, connecting with new steamship NEVADA.
These steamships are expressly fitted for this trade, and are unsurpassed for safety, speed, elegance and comfort, and their rates for passage and freight will ALWAYS BE LOWER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.
For further particulars address the undersigned at No. 177 West-street, New-York.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.
WM. H. WEBB, President.
CHAS. DANA, Vice-President.
No. 54 Exchange-place, New-York.

FURTHER REDUCTION OF RATES OF FREIGHT. TO CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.

By the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer OCEAN QUEEN, sailing on THURSDAY, April 16, at 12 o'clock noon.
Freight will be taken at 90 cents per cubic foot or 1¾ cents per pound.
For further particulars apply at Freight Office, Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.
WELLS, FARGO & CO., Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

BALTIMORE AND HAVANA STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR HAVANA, NEW-ORLEANS, VIA KEY WEST.
The steamship LIBERTY will sail for the above ports on SATURDAY, April 18, at 3 o'clock P. M. Passengers leaving New-York in the evening of the day previous to sailing will connect with the steamer.
For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to HENRY M. WARFIELD & CO., Agents, No. 16 Spear's Wharf, Baltimore.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, SAILING REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY, AT 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
COLUMBIA, Capt. VAN SICE, April 16.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. ADAMS, via Nassau, April 23.
EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, April 30.
For freight or passage, apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR SAVANNAH GEORGIA.

EMPIRE LINE.
EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier No. 13 North River, Punctually at 3 P. M.
The favorite side-wheel steamships
SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, April 18.
SAN JACINTO, Capt. ATKINS, SATURDAY, April 25.
Through tickets to all points in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia and Florida steamers.
For freight or passage apply to WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

EVERY THURSDAY.
New sidewheel steamships
GEN. BARNES, MORTON, THURSDAY, April 16.
H. LIVINGSTON, EATON, THURSDAY, April 23.
From Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M. precisely, giving through passage tickets over the Central Railroad of Georgia, and Atlantic and Gulf Railroad, to points in the interior, and by Florida steamers to points on the coast of Florida.
For freight or passage apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

BLACK STAR LINE—EVERY SATURDAY.
The first-class steamships
MONTGOMERY, LYONS, leaves..SATURDAY, April 18
HUNTSVILLE, CROWELL, leaves..SATURDAY, April 25
At 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.
Through passage tickets given over the Central R. R. of Georgia and Atlantic and Gulf R. R., Florida.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—MURRAY'S LINE. Every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st. The favorite steamships CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS, TUESDAY, April 21. LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, April 28.
For freight or passage apply to MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

THE CROMWELL LINE.
Steamships of this line will leave Pier No. 9 North River, at 3 P. M., as follows:

GEO. WASHINGTON.GAGER.....SATURDAY, April 25
CORTES..........WHITMAN.SATURDAY, May 2
GEO. CROMWELL....VAILL.....SATURDAY, May 9
MARIPOSA..........KEMBLE..SATURDAY, May 16

Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at through rates.
For freight or passage apply to the agents. H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.—REGULAR LINE.—Cabin passage, $15. Measurement goods 10c. per foot, and lower than by any other line. The A 1 fast and reliable steamship SARAGOSSA, M. B. CROWELL, Commander, will sail on SATURDAY, April 18, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st. Bills of lading signed for all points in the interior. Agents in Charleston forward all goods free of commission.
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.
MATANZAS will sail on the following Saturday.

FOR CHARLESTON, BEAUFORT, HILTON HEAD AND THE FLORIDA PORTS—THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
MONEKA, Capt. VALPEY, SATURDAY, April 18.
E. B. SOUDER, Capt. LEBBY, THURSDAY, April 23, from Pier No. 4 North River, at 3 P. M. Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad, and by steamers to Florida ports.
Freight taken as low as by any other line.
WHEELER & LINNARD, Agents, 13 Broadway.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Citizens about to travel abroad may procure passports from A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Passport Agent, No. 41 Chambers-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

AUCTION SALES.

WM. M. LITTLE, Auctioneer.

TO CAPITALISTS.—RARE CHANCE FOR A splendid investment. Fulton-av. Stores at auction. On THURSDAY, April 16, 1868, at 12 o'clock, two four-story brick Stores on Fulton-av., north side, corner of Oxford-st.; elegant plate-glass fronts, and in complete order. To be sold to the highest bidder by WM. M. LITTLE, at City Salesrooms, Phenix Building, No. 16 Court-st., Brooklyn.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, CARPETS, &c.

BENJ. F. THEALL will sell at auction TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, at 11 o'clock, at No. 107 East 31st-st., all the fine rosewood and walnut parlor, bedroom and dining-room furniture, elegant mirrors, etageres, marble-top tables, curtains, extension-tables, dining chairs, palliasses, mattresses, bolsters and pillows, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, enameled suites, kitchen utensils, &c. Catalogues at the house.

BENJAMIN F. THEALL, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL BY AUCTION THIS DAY, (Thursday,) April 16, at 11 o'clock, at No. 155 West 29th-st., near 8th-av., 5 iron looms, 1 spooling-machine, 2 iron looms, Crompton's make, 6 Uhlinger Jaquard machines, 1 warping-machine, and other articles adapted for manufacturing purposes.
Catalogues morning of sale.

LARGE SALE OF BUILDING LOTS AT PUBLIC AUCTION, ON TUESDAY, APRIL 21, 1868, commencing at 12 o'clock, noon, AT BERGEN POINT, N. J., for account of the Central New-Jersey Land Improvement Company, under the direction of Mr. A. D. MELLICK.
LEWIS E. WOOD, Auctioneer.
500 building lots, beautifully located on high ground, near the station at Bergen Point, distant thirty minutes from the City by the Central Railroad of New-Jersey.
For map and full particulars apply at the office, No. 103 Liberty-st., to A. D. MELLICK.

FERRY LEASES AT AUCTION—AT THE City Hall, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder with adequate security, for a term of ten years from the 1st day of May, 1868.
1. The lease of the ferry as now established from the foot of James-st. to Hunter's Point, L. I.
2. The lease of the ferry as now established from the foot of Jackson-st. to Brooklyn, L. I.
Terms and conditions of sale may be had upon application at the Comptroller's Office.
By order of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.
RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, April 1, 1868.

PUBLIC AUCTION SALE BY ASSIGNEE IN BANKRUPTCY.—The steam propeller D. GEZLEY, 90 feet keel, 17 8-10 feet beam, 9 feet depth of hold, carrying capacity about 200 tons, built in 1862, boiler one year old.
Will be sold at public auction at Nyack, Rockland County, N. Y., where the vessel can be seen, on THURSDAY, April 2, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Terms made known on day of sale by DANIEL D. DEMAREST, Assignee in Bankruptcy of J. P. & J. Smith.
NYACK, March 16, 1868.
The above sale is postponed until FRIDAY, April 17, 1868, at 12 o'clock M. D. D. DEMAREST, Assignee in Bankruptcy of J. P. & J. Smith.
NYACK, April 2, 1868.

JAMES CAGNEY, Auctioneer, office No. 515 Washington-st., near Spring.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—THIS DAY, at 10:30 o'clock, at the third-story dwelling, No. 4 Thompson-st., near Canal, comprising 6¾ octave piano; rosewood parlor suit in satin brocade; rosewood, marble top, center table; rosewood, mahogany and walnut bedsteads, bureaus, and washstands; Brussels and three-ply carpets; pure curled hair mattresses, fine feather beds, bolsters and pillows; enameled cottage suits; mahogany dining table; kitchen furniture, &c.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

FRIDAY, APRIL 17, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., at the Central Salesrooms, Willoughby, corner Pearl-st., Brooklyn—Seven excellent rosewood pianos, pier mirrors; also, a large assortment of handsome parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, bedding, mattresses, fancy goods, rich china, plated ware, &c., &c.

OLD BUILDINGS AT AUCTION.—THE buildings occupying the circle at Broadway, 8th-av. and 59th-st. will be sold at public auction on THURSDAY NEXT, 23d inst., at 10 A. M. For particulars inquire at the office of the Commissioners of the Park, No. 31 Nassau-st., or at the old arsenal on the Park.

AUCTION SALES.

By HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

SPECIAL SALE OF COSTLY PAINTINGS.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction, at the "LEEDS ART GALLERIES," Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, corner 12th-st., on FRIDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, April 17 and 18, at 7½ o'clock each evening, the ENTIRE COLLECTION OF PICTURES belonging to the well-known house of Messrs. BAILEY & CO., of Philadelphia, consisting of upward of 150 choice specimens of art, selected abroad during the past year by an experienced member of their firm, aided by the advice and counsel of Mr. J. R. TAIT, the resident American artist of Dusseldorf. The collection contains one of the most important examples of Modern Christian art that has ever been executed, "Christ and his Two Disciples at Emmaus," by Prof. Carl Muller of Dusseldorf; a grand example of landscape painting by the illustrious Andreas Achenbach, "Grace Before Meat," by A. Guillemin of Paris, one of his finest works, together with many other rare and important specimens of the art. This exhibition will be found unusually interesting, as all the various schools of European art, the Italian, French, Flemish, Dutch, German, English, &c., are represented, viz.:

MEYER VON BREMEN,
KRAUS,
VAUTIER,
W. AMBERG,
ESCOSCURA,
E. J. COBBETT,
ACHENBACH,
SAUVAGE,
L. HARTMAN,
GESELSCHAP,
DE NOTER,
CARL MULLER,
W. SOHN,
HERZOG,
VERBOECKHOVEN,
KOEK KOEK,
TSCHAGGENY,
TEN KATE,
O. ACHENBACH,
LITSCHAUER,
RABBE,
SALENTIN,
SCHLESSINGER, and others.

They will be open for inspection on and after MONDAY, April 13, day and evening till sale.

By HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, NEARLY NEW, MADE TO ORDER BY MEEKS & ROUX.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction on THURSDAY, April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 23 West 38th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., the elegant furniture in said house, nearly new, all made to order—parlor suite in ebony, mounted in ormolu, covered in blue satin damask, inlaid; cost $3,000; rich silk curtains, lace curtains, inlaid cornices, canopy etagere, inlaid, large mantel and pier glasses, oil-paintings and engravings, valuable bronzes, clock and vases, ormolu pedestals and figures, do. inlaid cabinet, chandeliers, fancy camp chairs, rosewood piano.
DINING-ROOM—Oak-carved buffet, chairs, extension table, green silk curtains, velvet and Brussels carpets, richly-carved centre-table, inlaid. HALL—A superb inlaid, carved hall-stand, with figures, &c.
BEDROOMS—Superb suite of maple, inlaid with rosewood, richly carved; cost $1,250; rosewood, marble-top dressing bureaus, bedsteads, &c.; amoir plate glass, chairs, silk reps curtains, carved black walnut suite, china and glassware, and other furniture—property of a family leaving the City—a first-class sale.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSEWOOD PIANO, MIRRORS, in good order, **OIL PAINTINGS, &c.**

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 17 at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 53 West 33d-st.:
Parlors—Elegant household furniture, consisting of Axminster, velvet and Brussels carpets; superb rosewood suite in figured brocatel, elegant rosewood seven-octave piano, cover and stool; gilt frame French-plate pier and mantel mirrors, elegant decorated china vases, gilt marble-top console tables, superb figured silk-brocade window curtains, &c.
Library—Velvet carpet, carved black walnut library-table, library bookcase, black walnut library chair in morocco.
Bedrooms—Rosewood bedsteads, mahogany bedsteads, rosewood and mahogany marble-top dressing-bureaus, brocade window curtains and lambrikins, hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, Palliasses, &c.
Dining-room—Oak extension dining-table, oak dining chairs, oak lounge in figured reps, window-curtains, oak-case regulator, superb case stuffed birds, together with other elegant furniture, all in good condition, embracing china crockery and glass-ware, with which the sale will commence. We would call especial attention of purchasers to the above.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEES SALE IN BANKRUPTCY.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction on SATURDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at their Salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st.:
The show cases, counters, jeweller's iron safe and valuable store fixtures of the firm of Hungbuhler & Linhier, now in bankruptcy.
By order of JOHN SEDGWICK, Esq., Assignee.

By HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on SATURDAY, April 18, at 10½ o'clock, at their Salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st.:
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

S. P. AVERY'S COLLECTION OF WATER-COLOR DRAWINGS AND OBJECTS OF ART, by distinguished artists of the French and Continental Schools.

All of which were executed for, or purchased by, Mr. Avery during his residence in Europe as agent for the American Art Department at the "Paris Exposition." They number over 200 works, by the hands of 112 different celebrated artists, embracing many who are now for the first time introduced here, as well as the following well-known names:

Bouguereau,
Troyon,
Calmelet,
Anastasi,
Hamon,
Herson,
Giradet
Morlan,
Flandrin,
Vernet,
David,
Giradin,
Duvieux,
Camino,
Miday,
Chouppe,
Cabanel,
Fichel,
Marohn,
Mozin,
Vibert,
Dumas,
Ouvrie,
Martin,
Coomans,
Achenbach,
Gus. Dore,
Ten-Kate,
Tourny,
Autrav,
Wissant,
Hubert, &c., &c.

All mounted in tasty passe-partouts, and framed in elegant frames of most novel and varied styles.
Also, the remainder of the beautiful OBJECTS OF ART bought out of the great "Paris Exposition" of 1867—works in Bronze, Silver, Glass, China, Iron, Terra-cotta, &c., &c.
From the French, Austrian, Russian, Spanish, Venetian, English, India, and other sections.
TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION on the evenings of TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, April 21 and 22, by ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, at his Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av.
Open day and evening until time of sale.

By ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

RICH AND COSTLY CITY AND PARISIAN MADE FURNITURE.

Of most beautiful design and finish. Also, quantities of material for chair coverings, remnants of brocatelle and other elegant goods, being the stock of the well-known house of LEON. MARCOTTE & CO.
To be sold at auction by ROBERT SOMERVILLE, THIS DAY, THURSDAY, April 16, at the Warerooms Nos. 3, 5 and 7 East 4th-st., near Broadway, in consequence of their removal to Union-square. Goods on exhibition with catalogues, WEDNESDAY.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, Office No. 29 Nassau-st. Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av.

By ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, PIANO, &c.,

At No. 147 East 52d-st.,
FRIDAY, APRIL 17, AT 10½ O'CLOCK.
ALL THE ELEGANT FURNITURE contained in the private residence as above, rich velvet and Brussels carpets, superb rosewood piano, parlor and chamber furniture, lace and brocatel curtains, mattresses, pillows and bolsters, together with a general assortment of kitchen furniture.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer office, No. 39 Nassau-st.; Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av.

By ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

ALL THE RARE AND VALUABLE HOT-HOUSE AND GREEN-HOUSE PLANTS, SHRUBBERY ornaments, garden furniture, &c., contained in the conservatories and grounds of the LORILLARD MANSION, BRONXDALE, WESTCHESTER, near Williams' Bridge, a short distance from Fordham horse-cars, will be sold at auction on MONDAY, April 20, at 11 o'clock. By order of the Executor, P. LORILLARD, Jr.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, office No. 39 Nassau-st., Art Gallery No. 82 5th-av.

J. COLE, Auctioneer.

THURSDAY, APRIL 16,

At 12 o'clock at the City Salesroom, Phoenix Building No. 16 Court-st., near Montague, Brooklyn.
POSITIVE SALE OF 75 SPLENDID BUILDING LOTS on New-York and Hudson avs., Warren, Baltic and Butler sts., and St. Mark's-place, Ninth Ward, Brooklyn.
This sale offers inducements to those wishing to build elegant private residences in the cosiest part of the city, which cannot be surpassed, as the character of the neighborhood is already well established.
Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers, No. 369 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

J. COLE, Auctioneer.

PARTITION SALE OF 160 VALUABLE lots on Fulton-av., Stone and Hopkinson avs., and on Herkimer, Truxton, Somers and Hall sts.
This sale offers great inducements to capitalists, as well as those wishing to purchase for their own residences, embracing as it does lots on or near Fulton-av. for nearly a mile of its length. To be sold on TUESDAY, April 21, At 12 o'clock, at the City Salesroom, No. 16 Court-st., near Montague, Brooklyn.
Maps, &c., are now ready at the office of the Auctioneer, No. 369 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY T. R. MINTURN, BROWN & CO.

THIS DAY, (Thursday,) April 16, at 12 o'clock, on Pier No. 11 East River:
1,425 boxes fresh Sicily oranges.
2,097 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.
Cargo schooner *Giulia*, from Palermo.

AUCTION SALE.—DESIRABLE BUSINESS property at Nyack, Rockland County, N. Y. The property corner of Broadway and Burd-st., occupied for thirty years as a country store for dry goods, hardware, groceries, &c.
ALSO, the property bounded by Broadway, Church and South sts., heretofore occupied as a lumber-yard.
ALSO, the dock property at the foot of 3d-av., heretofore occupied as a coal, lumber, brick and stone yard.
ALSO, the dwelling-house and lot on the corner of 2d-av. and Broadway, known as the private residence of John P. Smith.
The above property will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, April 2, 1868, at 12 o'clock M. Conditions made known on the day of sale.
D. D. DEMAREST, Assignee in Bankruptcy of J. P. and J. Smith.
NYACK, March 5, 1868.
The above sale is postponed until FRIDAY, April 17, 1868, at 12 o'clock M. D. D. DEMAREST, Assignee in Bankruptcy of J. P. and J. Smith.
NYACK, April 2, 1868.

LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Auctioneers.

OIL-PAINTINGS AT AUCTION.—BY LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Clinton Hall Art Galleries, Astor-place: Mr. W. Holbertson's annual sale of oil-paintings by American artists, comprising over 100 pictures, desirable subjects, by Messrs. W. Holbertson, G. W. Waters, J. W. Culverhouse, James M. Hart, J. F. Cropsey, A. Wust, J. R. Brevoort, A. H. Wyant, Homer Martin, W. Blackman, Mrs. Beers, Van Ingen, Heckking, Ruggles, &c.; all elegantly framed, and to be sold by auction THURSDAY EVENING, April 16, at 7½ o'clock. Catalogues ready and pictures on exhibition day and evening.
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 18, at 7½ o'clock P. M.,
A LARGE AND CHOICE COLLECTION of books from public libraries, comprising many valuable works on Botany, History, Travels, Biography, Fine Arts, &c.; also a number of illustrated works handsomely bound. &c., &c. Catalogues ready and books on exhibition.

ISLE ROYALE MINING CO.,
No. 44 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, March 6, 1868.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH A RECENT law of Michigan prescribing the method for sales of real estate belonging to mining companies, the Isle Royale Mining Co. will offer for sale, at their business office in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, May 27, 1868, certain parcels of land, with the buildings thereon, lying in the village of Houghton, north and south of Sheldon-st., including dock on Portage Lake. Said property not being needed for the use of the Isle Royale Mining Co., the stockholders of said Company have authorized the directors to make a sale of it, in accordance with law, and all parties disposed to bid for the whole or any part of said property are requested to appear at the time and place above named.
By order of directors, F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

500 BUILDING LOTS
At Bergen Point, New-Jersey.
AT AUCTION,

under the direction of A. D. Mellick, Esq.
For account of the Central New-Jersey Land Improvement Company.

LEWIS E. WOOD, AUCTIONEER,

WILL SELL, ON TUESDAY, 21ST APRIL, 1868, COMMENCING AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON,

500 BUILDING LOTS,

BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED ON HIGH GROUND, NEAR THE STATION, AT BERGEN POINT; DISTANT 30 MINUTES FROM THE CITY BY THE CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.
For maps and full particulars apply to A. D. MELLICK, at office of Central Railroad Company of New-Jersey, or No. 103 Liberty-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PREMISES ON EAST 14TH-ST., NEAR UNION-SQUARE AND 5TH-AV.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 21, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
EAST 14TH-ST.—The lease of 2 lots, together with the first-class four-story brown-stone house thereon, situate on the north side of East 14th-st., between 5th-av. and Union-square, and known as No. 11 East 14th-st. The lease is a Van Buren lease, has 21 years to run from May 1, 1867, at an annual ground rent of $2,500, taxes and assessments, with covenants for renewal, or buildings to be paid for. Lots 50 by 103 feet 3 inches. This property is very desirably located for business purposes, and the buildings can, at a moderate cost, be converted into stores. For more full particulars, apply to the auctioneers.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF FIRST-CLASS HOUSE AND LOT ON WEST 37TH-ST., AND LOTS ON 117TH-ST.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 17, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
WEST 37TH-ST.—The handsome four-story high-stoop brown-stone front house and lot situate on the south side of 37th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., and known as No. 54. The house is 21.6x55 feet, has marble hall, first and second floors frescoed, water, gas and everything in good order; lot 21.6x98.9.
117TH-ST.—The two two-story basement and cellar brick houses and lots on south side of 117th-st., 275 feet west of 3d-av.; houses 17x40 feet, have marble mantels, contain 9 rooms and are in good order; lots each 17x100 feet.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

BROWN-STONE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 311 WEST 18TH-ST. AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 16, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
WEST 48TH-ST.—The three-story brown-stone front high-stoop house and lot, situate on the north side of West 48th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., and known as No. 311. The house is 54 feet deep, and contains the modern improvements. The carpets, oil-cloths, mirrors and shades will be sold with the premises.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

"CENTRAL PARK" LOTS AT AUCTION,

TO CLOSE A PARTNERSHIP.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 16, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the eight valuable lots comprising the entire westerly front on 4th-av., between 67th and 68th-sts. Also four lots on north side of 67th-st., immediately in the rear of the 4th-av. lots.
Also four lots on the south side of 68th-st., also in the rear of the 4th-av. lots.
Terms of sale very liberal.
THE SALE WILL BE PEREMPTORY.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

IN BANKRUPTCY—ASSIGNEE SALE.—BY virtue of the authority vested in me as assignee of the estates of EDWARD BIGELOW, DAVID BIGELOW and NATHAN KELLOGG, bankrupts, I will offer for sale at public auction on the 22d day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by Adrian H. Muller, P. R. Wilkins & Co., all those two lots of land in the City of New-York, described together as follows: Lying on the southerly side of 46th-st., 225 feet westerly from the corner of 9th-av., and being each 25 feet front and rear, and 100 feet 4 inches deep. Also house and lot on the southerly side of 45th-st., commencing 125 feet west of the 11th-av., in the City of New-York, being 16 feet 8 inches front and rear, and 100 feet 5 inches deep. Also, one undivided fifth part of lots Nos. 179, 180, 181 and 182, on Depeyster's tract in New-York City, known collectively on the map of said tract as parcel No. 43, lying between 11th and 12th avs., and 113th and 114th sts. Also, lease for 10,000 years, made by the City of Brooklyn to E. & D. Bigelow & Co. for lot No. 25 on the assessment maps, for grading and paving Flushing-av., from Bedford-av. to the city line, on file in the office of the Street Commissioners.
ELIJAH DU BOIS, Assignee of E. & D. Bigelow & Co., Kingston, Ulster County, N. Y.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT NO. 72 WEST 49TH-ST. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 17, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
49TH-ST.—The four-story brown-stone high-stoop house and lot, situate on south side of 49th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., and known as No. 72. House 21x50 feet, with basement and sub-cellar; modern improvements. Lot 100 feet.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT NO. 5 THOMAS-ST. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 16, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
THOMAS-ST.—The lot of land, together with the three-story brick house thereon, situate on the southerly side of Thomas-st., 50 feet 2 inches westerly from Church-st., and known as No. 5. Lot 25 by 50 feet.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT NO. 319 WEST 31ST-ST. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 16, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
WEST 31ST-ST.—The three-story high-stoop brick house and lot situate on the north side of West 31st-st., between 8th and 9th avs., and known as No. 319. The house is 20x54, has been recently overhauled and is in good order; has furnace, range, water-closets, bath, &c. Lot 98.9.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

LOT ON MADISON-AV. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 16, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
MADISON-AV.—One lot situate on the west side of Madison-av., 25.5 south of 45th-st.; 25x55.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

FIRST-CLASS HOUSE ON WEST 28TH-ST., NEAR 8TH-AV., AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 17, 1868, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:
WEST 28TH-ST.—The first-class three-story high-stoop brick house and lot, No. 348 West 28th-st., south side, just west of 8th-av., house 25x55 feet, in perfect order, lately frescoed, and contains all the conveniences. Lot 25x98.9. Possession immediately.
Maps, &c., at auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE, NORTHWEST CORNER CANAL AND LUDLOW-STS.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 17, 1868, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:
CANAL-ST., NORTHWEST CORNER LUDLOW—Valuable lot 21.10 front and rear, x50 feet deep.
Terms of sale—10 per cent. on day of sale; 60 per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage; balance on delivery of the deed.
WM. A. BLOODGOOD, Executor,
MARIA L. COLLINS, Executrix,
ABRAM BLOODGOOD.
Maps, &c., at No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON MANGIN-ST., NEAR GRAND, AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 17, 1868, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:
MANGIN-ST.—The valuable lot with two-story attic and basement brick front, and four-story, double brick tenement rear house, No. 3 Mangin-st., northwest corner Rachel-lane, and 85 feet north of Grand-st.; lot 25x100. Possession May 1.
Maps, &c., at Auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., N. Y.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

NO. 289 GREENWICH-ST. AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, April 17, 1868, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) N. Y.:
GREENWICH-ST.—The lot of land with the 3-story brick building thereon known as No. 289 Greenwich-st., easterly side, near Warren-st.; lot 26.5 front, 25.3 rear, by 72.6 north line, 62.9 south line. Maps, &c., at No. 3 Pine-st., N. Y.

A. M. CRISTALAR, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.

FRIDAY, APRIL 17, AT 10½ O'CLOCK,
At our salesroom, No. 7 Park-place,
Three doors from Broadway.
Large sale by catalogue of
English, Sheffield, Table and Pocket Cutlery,
Silver-plated (Tea, Breakfast and Dinner) ware,
English Single and Double-barrel Guns,
French Gilt 8 and 15 day clocks.
A. M. CRISTALAR & SON, No. 7 Park-place.

LARGE SALE GOVERNMENT CLOTHING, COMPANY & EQUIPMENTS.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 14, 1868.
WILL BE SOLD at public auction, on TUESDAY, May 5, under the supervision of Capt. D. G. THOMAS, M. S. K., at Depot of Army Clothing, Armory Square, this City, commencing at 10 A. M., the following described CLOTHING, &c., to wit:

15,000 pairs Bootees, hand-sewed.	62,000 Knapsacks.
3,000 Trowsers, foot.	17,000 Canteens.
1,500 Trowsers, m't'd.	10,000 Metallic Shoulder Scales.
12,873 Sack Coats, unlined.	6,300 Camp Kettles.
31,816 Felt Hats.	32,000 Mess Pans.
22,000 Hat Cords.	7,859 Ax Slings.
17,000 Leather Stocks.	1,151 Pick Slings.
2,339 Leather Leggings.	2,456 Hatchet Slings.
3,351 Linen Leggings.	4,0.0 Pickaxes.
30,000 yards Worsted Lace.	7,000 Pick Handles.

918 Hospital, Wall and Common Tents and Flies, (worn.)
About 50,000 N. C. Officers' Chevrons, Badges, &c.
About 250,000 numbers and letters. 600 Wall-Tent Poles. 19,900 Common Poles, &c.
Lots of Tent Pins, all sizes.
Terms—Cash, in Government funds.
Every purchaser will be required to make a cash deposit on the day of sale.
Catalogues will be furnished on application.
By order of the Quartermaster-General.
J. C. McFERRAN, Deputy Quartermaster-General, Brevet Brigadier-General, U. S. A.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION—35TH-st. and Madison-av.; pew for sale or lease; one of the most eligible, in the middle aisle; will be sold or leased on desirable terms. Apply to A. F. HIGGINS, Nos. 87 and 89 Wall-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—AT DICKENS' READING, ON MONday evening, a lady's FUR COLLAR. The owner can have the same by paying for this advertisement. J. D. FLINT, Germania Fire Insurance Co., No. 175 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

GRAND OPERA.
CARL BERGMANN..........Musical Director
SATURDAY MORNING, April 18, at 1 o'clock.
GRAND GALA MATINEE.
FRA DIAVOLO.
Miss HAUCK, Mme. TESTA,
Sig. LOTTI, Sig. LORINI,
Sig. BELLINI,
Sig. DUBREUIL, Sig. WEINLICH.
CONDUCTOR..........CARL BERGMAN
Admission to all parts of the house, ONE DOLLAR.
Ticket offices at the Academy of Music, Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and the Theatre ticket-office, No. 114 Broadway.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—JANAUSCHEK.

GERMAN DRAMA.
JANAUSCHEK'S FAREWELL PERFORMANCES.
The public is respectfully informed that FRL. FANNY JANAUSCHEK, on her return from a BRILLIANTLY SUCCESSFUL TOUR through the principal cities of the United States, will give, previous to her departure for Europe, FOUR FAREWELL PERFORMANCES AND A MATINEE under her personal direction, commencing WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 22, 1868.
Further particulars in future advertisements.

STEINWAY HALL.

MORNING AND EVENING READINGS FROM SHAKESPEARE BY MRS. FRANCES ANNE KEMBLE.
The public are respectfully informed that Mrs. KEMBLE will read the FOUR FOLLOWING PLAYS OF SHAKESPEARE:
ON TUESDAY EVENING, April 21, KING HENRY THE FIFTH.
ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, April 22, TWELFTH NIGHT.
ON FRIDAY EVENING, April 24, MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.
ON SATURDAY MORNING, April 25, ROMEO AND JULIET.
The Evening Readings will commence precisely at 8 o'clock P. M.
In consequence of general request, the MORNING READINGS will commence at 2 o'clock P. M.
Admission to each Reading, $1.
Reserved Seats, $1 50.
Tickets for the entire series, with reserved seats, $5.
The sale of tickets for the entire series will begin at the STEINWAY PIANO WAREROOMS on THURSDAY MORNING, April 16, at 9 o'clock. Single tickets, for each reading, may be procured on FRIDAY, April 17, and the following days.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
No more tickets will be sold than the actual number of seats in the body of the hall. To avoid interruption, the audience are respectfully requested to be seated before the commencement of the Readings.

BROOKLYN INSTITUTE.

MORNING AND EVENING READINGS FROM SHAKESPEARE, BY MRS. FRANCIS ANNE KEMBLE.
ON FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 17, THE SECOND PART OF HENRY THE FOURTH.
ON SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 18, AS YOU LIKE IT.
The Evening Readings will commence precisely at 8 o'clock P. M. The Morning Readings at 3 o'clock P. M.

PIKE'S OPERA HOUSE.

GRAND BALL D'OPERA, MONDAY EVENING, April 20, 1868.
Tickets can be had at the office of the Opera House and the principal hotels and music stores. Tickets, admitting gentleman and lady, $5. Extra ladies' ticket, $2. Proscenium boxes, $25. Balcony boxes, $10. Theo. Thomas' Orchestra, also Seventh Regiment Band, have been engaged for the occasion. Supper furnished by R. Christ, of the Marble House, Union-square.

IRVING HALL.

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 17, 1868.
GRAND COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT TO MME. ANGIOLINA GHIONI.
On which occasion the following celebrated artists have, in the kindest manner, tendered their valuable services:
Mme. PAREPA-ROSA, Mme. D'ANGRI,
Sig. ERRANI, Sig. FERRANTI,
Mr. CARL ROSA, Mr. A. H. PEASE,
Mr. G. W. COLBY, Sig. ABELLA.
TICKETS $1.
For sale at Irving Hall and principal music-stores.

GEO. VANDENHOFF'S READINGS.

LAST NIGHT OF THE SERIES.
DODWORTH HALL. COMMENCE AT 8 O'CLOCK.
THIS THURSDAY EVENING, 16TH INST.,
DICKENS'
TRAGEDY AND COMEDY, PATHOS AND HUMOR.
1. THE OLD MAN'S TALE OF THE QUEER CLIENT.
2. OLD WELLER ON WIDOWS and other matters.
3. THE GREAT TRIAL OF BARDELL VS. PICKWICK.
Tickets 50c. Reserved seats $1. For sale at McFarland's, corner 23d-st. and Broadway.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW-YORK.

Grand orchestra, 100 performers. Conductor, Herr CARL BERGMANN. Fifth and last concert, SATURDAY EVENING, April 18, 1868.
Symphony No. 1, in B flat, Schumann; Songs: a, "The King" in Thule Veit; b, "Farewell," Kinkel, Arion Society. Concerto, for violin, (first movement,) Beethoven, Mr. Theo. Thomas. Selections from Mendelssohn's music to the "Midsummer Night's Dream." Roman Triumph—Song, with orchestral accompaniment, Max Bruch, Arion Society. Overture, "Freyschutz," Weber. The general and last public rehearsal, with the entire programme, FRIDAY, April 17, 1868, at 2½ o'clock P. M., at the Academy of Music.
R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M. D., President.
D. SCHAAD, Secretary.

CHARLES DICKENS' READINGS.—Choice seats to be had at the theatre ticket-office, Reading-room, Fifth-av. Hotel.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT—CHANGE OF TIME.
Leave James-slip:
9 A. M., mail train, for Greenport and all way-stations, connecting at Mineola with trains for Glen Cove and Hempstead.
11 A. M., Syosset passenger trains and all way-stations.
3 P. M. Express train for Riverhead.
4 P. M., Syosset and Glen Cove passenger train and all way-stations.
5 P. M., Farmingdale and Hempstead, passenger train, and for North Islip SATURDAYS only.
Sunday excursion train leaves Hunter's Point 9:15 A. M., arrives at Hunter's Point at 4:40 P. M. To take effect Nov. 4, 1867.
I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

PEIPHER'S DAILY LINE OF TRANSPORTATION.

On and after Nov. 1, 1867, the Peiphers' Daily Line will receive and transport goods and merchandise to Harrisburg and stations beyond, from the depot of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, Pier No. 26 North River. All goods received up to 4 o'clock P. M. will be forwarded the same day. Freight taken at lowest rates and forwarded with dispatch.
Mark goods "Via Peipher daily line to Harrisburg, Penn."
J. B. MONTGOMERY, Proprietor Peipher Line.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:
8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
8:30 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville and intermediate stations.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M.—Way Express, stopping only at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and stations west of Turner's, to Port Jervis, Newburgh and Warwick.
5 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points South and West.
6 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South. By this train sleeping-coaches will run through to Cincinnati without change.
8 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.
Also, Way Trains for Boiling Spring, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M. and 1:45, 4, 6:45 and 11 P. M. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock for Suffern and intermediate stations.
SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Otisville; 12 M. and 3:30 P. M. for Paterson; 6:30 P. M. Night Express for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca and all points West and South; 8 P. M. Emigrant and Way Train; 11 P. M. for Paterson and Port Jervis.
Express Trains run through to Salamanca, Dunkirk and Buffalo without change of coaches, and in direct connection with all South and Western lines.
Perfectly ventilated and luxurious sleeping coaches accompany all Night Trains.
Tickets can be obtained at the Company's offices, No. 241 Broadway; depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York, also at Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.
An illustrated Guide to the principal suburban places on the line of the Eastern Division of this Railway has been prepared, and can be obtained at the office of the Company, free of charge, by those wishing to personally examine the region referred to, with the view of settlement.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent. H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 25, 1867, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
8 A. M. Express train, via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
10 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with trains for the West, and at Troy with trains for the North.
11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.
4:30 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., and at Albany with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.
6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection for Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.
11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North.
A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:40.
Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 26th-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:40 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 4:30 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12 M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5:30 and 9:25 A. M.; 1:22, 4:22, 5:23 and 6:32 P. M. The 5:30, 1:22 and 4:22 run to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. Lester Wallack
Doors open at 7¼—To commence at 8 o'clock.
SERIES OF STANDARD COMEDIES.
THURSDAY EVENING, April 16, 1868, will be presented, for the last time this season, the elegant five-act comedy by Mrs. Cowley, authoress of "A Bold Stroke for a Husband," entitled THE BELLE'S STRATAGEM.
Characters by Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Mr. E. L. DAVENPORT, Mr. JOHN GILBERT, Mr. J. B. POLK, Mr. B. T. RINGGOLD, Mr. C. B. ROCKWELL, Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON, Mr. E. MILTON, Mr. E. CASHIN, Miss ROSE EYTINGE, Miss FANNY MORANT, Miss ANNIE WARD, Miss M. BARRETT, Miss E. MONELL, Miss J. DAY.
FRIDAY, April 17, last time—THE HONEYMOON.
SATURDAY, April 18, last time—A NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS.
In reply to a very great number of inquiries and applications, Mr. Wallack begs to announce that a second ROSEDALE MATINEE will be given on SATURDAY, April 18, for which seats may now be secured.
Doors open at 12¾. Performance commences at 1.
Mr. Wallack has much pleasure in announcing that the favorite and accomplished artist, MR. CHARLES FISHER, will make his first appearance this season on MONDAY next, in his original character of the Major, in Tom Taylor's drama of HENRY DUNBAR.

FRENCH THEATRE.

H. L. BATEMAN..........Lessee and Director
THE MOST UNQUESTIONABLE SUCCESS EVER ACHIEVED IN OPERA.
Fourth week of OFFENBACH'S CHEF D'ŒUVRE, LA BELLE HELENE.
Opera Bouffe in 3 acts, produced with the utmost splendor.
ENTIRELY NEW SCENERY.
GORGEOUS AND CHARACTERISTIC COSTUMES.
RICH AND ELEGANT PROPERTIES,
and the following powerful cast, embracing nearly all the great artists composing BATEMAN'S PARISIAN OPERA COMPANY.

CHARACTERS.
Helene, Queen of Sparta..........Mlle. Tostee
Paris, son of King Priam..........M. Guffroy
Menelaus, King of Sparta..........M. Leduc
Agamemnon, King of the Kings..........M. Duchesne
Calchas, Grand Augur of Jupiter..........M. Lagriffoul
Achilles, King of Phthiotis..........M. Valter
Ajax I., King of Salamis..........M. Benedick
Ajax II., King of the Locrians..........M. Monier
Orestes, son of Agamemnon..........Mlle. De Felcourt
Bacchis, attendant of Helene..........Mlle. Juhani
Parthoenis..........Mlle. Marguerite
Lœna..........Mlle. Mathilde
Philocomes, servant of Calchas..........M. Hamilton
Euthycles, a blacksmith..........M. Fleury
A slave..........M. Perrigueur
Princes and Princesses, courtiers, mourners of Adonis, Helene's attendants, guards, people, slaves, &c.

LA BELLE HELENE will be performed EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK except Saturday.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 18, AT ONE O'CLOCK.
Positively last time of LA GRANDE DUCHESSE DE GEROLSTEIN.
Seats ready one week in advance.

STEINWAY HALL.

FINAL FAREWELL READINGS.
Mr. CHARLES DICKENS WILL READ THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, April 16, (last time but two,) his DAVID COPPERFIELD and MR. BOB SAWYER'S PARTY, (from Pickwick.)
On FRIDAY EVENING, April 17, (last time but one,) his DOCTOR MARIGOLD and MRS. GAMP.
On MONDAY EVENING, April 20, (last time,) his CHRISTMAS CAROL and THE TRIAL FROM PICKWICK.
The Readings will commence at 8 o'clock.
Reserved Seats $2 each.
Second Balcony, $1.
May be obtained at Steinway Hall daily from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and from 7 to 8 P. M.

MR. CHARLES DICKENS' FAREWELL READINGS.

In compliance with requests that have been made to Mr. DICKENS, the price of tickets for the Second Balcony on these occasions will be ONE DOLLAR EACH. Tickets may be obtained at Steinway Hall daily from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and from 7 to 8 P. M.

MR. CHARLES DICKENS' FAREWELL READINGS.

Reserved seats for any of the above readings can be procured at No. 114 Broadway.
THEATRE TICKET OFFICE.

THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

NEW-YORK: { *No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., and No. 830 Broadway.*
BROOKLYN: Nos. 128, 130 and 132 Court, corner State-st.
Subscriptions now received for the Spring Term.

IRVING HALL.

GEO. W. MORGAN'S ANNUAL CONCERT, THURSDAY EVENING, April 16.
The following artists have kindly volunteered: Miss Adelaide Phillipps, Mr. S. B. Mills, Mr. Theo. Thomas, Mr. Geo. Simpson, Mr. J. K. Thomas, Mr. Alfred F. Toulmin, Mr. Wm. Dressler.
Tickets $1 50.
Can be obtained at the Hall, the principal music-stores and hotels.

WATER-COLOR DRAWINGS.

By celebrated French artists, and "Objects of Art." The collection of S. P. Avery, now on free exhibition, day and evening, at No. 82 5th-av., and to be sold at auction on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY NIGHTS, April 21 and 22.

METROPOLITAN POLICE DISTRICT, PRECINCT No. 26, NEW-YORK, April 16, 1868.

NOTICE.—CARRIAGES BRINGING COMPANY to the reception of the Union League Club, this evening, at their Club-house, corner Madison-av. and 26th-st., will approach from the south through Madison-av. In taking up, coaches will form in the same order established for the delivery of their company. Gentlemen will please take the coach at the door and not wait for each particular coach. Fare in all cases will be $1 for each passenger, without regard to distance in the City. No coach will be allowed in line but such as are passed by inspection.
CHAS N. BRACKETT, Captain and Inspector Hackney Coaches.

THE NATIONAL CONSERVATORY OF Music, No. 63 Madison-av., will receive pupils for the Spring term, at No. 141 8th-st., (Steck's Building,) between Broadway and 4th-av., after the 18th inst.

DICKENS' TICKETS.—SEATS IMMEDIately fronting Mr. Dickens' stand, in Rows B, G and O, for sale at No. 94 Warren-st., up stairs.

LECTURES.

JOHN B. GOUGH WILL DELIVER HIS lecture on "Eloquence and Orators" at Cooper Institute on THURSDAY EVENING, April 16, 1868, at 8 o'clock. Tickets 50 cents; reserved seats, $1. To be had at A. D. H. Randolph's, No. 770 Broadway, Foster & Palmer, Jr., and American Tract Society, Astor-place, and at the door of the Institute.

LECTURE.—"THE LAND OF THE ICEBERGS," by Dr. I. I. HAYES, the distinguished arctic discoverer, in the hall of St. Francis Xavier's College, on THURSDAY EVENING, April 16, 1868; commencing at 8 o'clock P. M. Entrance on 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Tickets 50 cents.

STEAMBOATS.

BRISTOL LINE.

FOR BOSTON VIA BRISTOL.
For PROVIDENCE, TAUNTON, NEW-BEDFORD, CAPE COD and all points of railway communication East and North.
The new and splendid steamers BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE leave Pier No. 40 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 5 P. M. daily, Sundays excepted.
Connecting with steamboat express at Bristol at 4:30 A. M., arriving at Boston at 6 A. M., in time to connect with all the Eastern and Northern morning trains from that city.
Tickets and staterooms obtained at office on the pier, (40,) and Westcott's Express office, No. 1 Park-place; also, tickets sold and baggage checked through at the offices of Westcott's Express Company in New-York and Brooklyn.
Freights taken at the lowest rates. Freight express train leaves Bristol at 6 A. M., arriving in Boston at 8:30 A. M. H. O. BRIGGS, General Manager.
G. W. TIERS, Agent.

STONINGTON LINE.

GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON VIA STONINGTON AND PROVIDENCE.
The new and elegant sea-going steamers
STONINGTON, Capt. WILL M. JONES, } MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.
NARRAGANSETT, Capt. GEO. B. HULL, } TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY;
leaving Pier No. 33 North River, foot of Jay-st., at 5 o'clock P. M., connecting with the Stonington and Providence and the Boston and Providence Railroads.
NO CHANGE OF CARS.
These splendid steamers are unsurpassed for safety and comfort, and passengers will be landed in Boston in ample time for all the early trains.
For passage, or for freight at the lowest rates, apply at Pier No. 33 North River. SAMUEL DEVEAU, Agent.
D. S. BABCOCK, President, Stonington Steamboat Company.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

The steamers ST. JOHN and DREW leave Pier No. 41, near foot of Canal-st., North River, daily, (Sunday's excepted,) on alternate days, at 6 o'clock P. M.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH.—The SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave pier foot of Chambers-st., N. R., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, April 14, 11:30 A. M.	Monday, April 13, 10 A. M.
Thursday, Apr. 16, 1:20 P. M.	Wednesday, Apr. 15, 12 M.
Saturday, Apr. 18, 3 P. M.	Friday, April 17, 1:30 P. M.

FOR ALBANY AND TROY, FARE $1 50, and proportionate reduction to all points West and North. The steamers C. VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT leave Pier No. 44 North River, (near foot of Spring-st.) daily, Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M. This is the cheapest and pleasantest route to the great West. Fare on Sunday evenings, $2.

THE STEAMBOAT D. R. MARTIN HAVing resumed her trips, will leave Pier No. 34 East River at 3 P. M. daily for Lloyd's Dock (Huntington) and Oyster Bay; for Bayville on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, and for Northport on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS.

FOR SAUGERTIES, LANDING AT TIVOLI.—The steamer ANSONIA, Capt. OSTERHOUDT, will leave the pier foot of Franklin-st. every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 5 o'clock. Returning, will leave Saugerties TUESDAY and FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at the same hour.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—SIXTH WEEK.

EASTER FESTIVALS.
G. L. FOX'S Spectacular Ballet Pantomime.
Ballet. Pantomime. } "HUMPTY DUMPTY." { Spectacle. Burlesque.
G. L. FOX..........as..........CLOWN.
Funniest Pantomime, | Best Ballet,
Brightest Spectacle, | Happiest Burlesque,
Prettiest Scenery, | Cheeriest Music
of the season. Crowded houses. Throngs turned away. Reserved seats sold out days ahead. Uproarious fun. Mlles. RITA SANGALI, BETTY RIGL, Mons. BAPTISTAN, LA PETITE RAVEL, E. T. GOODRICH, Champion Skater.
MATINEES, 1½ WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS. Admission, 75c.; family circle, 50c.; orchestra and balcony chairs, $1 50. To matinee—Balcony chairs, $1; children's admission, 50c. Begins at 8; closes at 10½.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager..........WM. WHEATLEY
EASTER HOLIDAYS.
GREAT HIT OF THE NEW ATTRACTIONS!
Twelfth week of the Great Spectacle,
THURSDAY, APRIL 16, at 7¾, will be presented the WHITE FAWN,
in which will appear Jarrett & Palmer's celebrated PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE.
THE FARRAGUT MATELOT.
THE LOVES OF MARTHA AND LIONEL.
JEALOUSY.
THE CHILD PREMIERE.
THE NEW SONGS AND MARCHES.
THE DWARFS AND THE GIANTS.
NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTERS AT THE BATH, &c. &c.
Received with acclamations of delight.
GRAND MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY.
Seats secured six days in advance.

WORRELL SISTERS' NEW-YORK THEATRE.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION OF THE SISTERS,
SOPHIE, IRENE and JENNIE,
In Molineaux St. John's adaptation from the great burlesque of "LA BELLE HELENE," entitled PARIS AND HELEN; OR, THE GRECIAN ELOPEMENT.
All the original music arranged by Mr. H. Tissington.
MATINEE, SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock.

BROADWAY THEATRE.

ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
CROWDED AND DELIGHTED AUDIENCES.
STANDING ROOM ONLY GREET
THE MOST POPULAR ARTISTS OF THE DAY.
MR. and MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS
THIS EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
THE FAIRY CIRCLE.
MR. BARNEY WILLIAMS....as..........Con. O'Carolan
MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS...as..........Moleshe
THE CUSTOMS OF THE COUNTRY.
MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS, with songs, as Melissa.

GRAND PANORAMA

OF THE WAR FROM FORT SUMTER TO ITS CLOSE, EVERY EVENING at 8 o'clock, No. 954 BROADWAY, corner 23d-st., Graphically delineated by Miss SALLIE BROWNSON GOODRICH. MATINEES WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 2 P. M.
Tickets 50 cents. Reserved seats 75 cents.

BOWERY THEATRE.

Last night but two of Miss FANNY HERRING. Albertini. The Dumb Boy of Ancona. The Irishman's Home. Peggy Green.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

Fourteenth-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT..........Director
MATINEES AT 2½.
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF THE SEASON.
LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF THE SEASON.
A SUPERB BILL OF EXCITING ARENA SCENES will be presented at every entertainment.
THE WONDERFUL CYNOCEPHALUS.
THE WONDERFUL CYNOCEPHALUS.
THE WONDERFUL CYNOCEPHALUS.
THE WONDERFUL CYNOCEPHALUS.
unquestionably THE GREATEST CURIOSITY OF THE AGE, will be introduced at every performance.
NEW AND BRILLIANT ACTS bringing into requisition the best talent of the UNEQUALED CIRCUS TROUPE.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

NOW OPEN,
THE FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF PICTURES AND SCULPTURES.
DAY AND EVENING. Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.

7TH REGIMENT N. G.

COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT TO BAND-MASTER C. S. GRAFULLA, ACADEMY OF MUSIC, APRIL 16, 1868.
Doors open at 7¼ o'clock P. M. Concert to commence at 8.
The comfort of all demands a strict observance of the following regulations:
HAT AND CLOAK ROOMS.
For field, staff and line officers, and the committees, the green room in rear of the stage.
For active members and veterans of 1st and 3d Companies, the first arch (in the basement.) For active members and veterans of 2d and 5th Companies, the second arch (in the basement.) For active members and veterans of 4th and 6th Companies, the third arch (in the basement.) For active members and veterans of 7th and 9th Companies, the fourth arch (in the basement.) For active members and veterans of 8th and 10th Companies, end of right hand lobby on second floor. For citizens, the saloon on third floor. A dressing-room and attendants will be found on the third floor adjoining the saloon.
FLOOR.
Entrance to the floor only through main or middle door. Exit by the side aisles and doors.
No person admitted to the floor except in full dress. Hats and bonnets positively prohibited.
The stairs on the south side must be used to ascend, and the north side to descend. No checks will be issued.
Members in uniform are expected to appear in full dress coat, grey pants, shoulder-knots and white body-belt. Veterans with their badges.

METROPOLITAN POLICE DISTRICT, PRECINCT No. 26, NEW-YORK, April 16, 1868.

NOTICE.—COMPANY TO THE SEVENTH Regiment Reception this evening at the Academy of Music, will be admitted at the main entrance on Irving-place. Coaches will approach from the north through Irving-place, passing out through 14th-st. to 4th-av. In taking up, coaches will form in the same order established for the delivery of their company. Gentlemen will please take the coach at the door, and not wait for any particular coach. Fare in all cases will be one dollar for each passenger, without regard to distance in the City. No coach will be allowed in line but such as are passed by inspection.
CHAS N. BRACKETT, Captain and Inspector of Hackney Coaches.

"PULLING HARD AGAINST THE STREAM."

New song. "Nelly's Gone Forever." The Cuckoo's Notes, with "Cuckoo" call; each 30c., mailed; flute or violin arrangements, 15c. FREDERICK BLUME, No. 1,125 Broadway. Second door above 25th-st.; branch, No. 208 Bowery.

"The old oaken bucket, the iron-bound bucket,
The moss-covered bucket which hung in the well."

NOW ON FREE EXHIBITION IN THE parlors of the Fifth-av. Art Gallery, corner of 14th-st., Jerome Thompson's charming picture, "THE OLD OAKEN BUCKET," Representing the early home of Samuel Woodworth. Open from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

FINE ARTS.

THE BEAUTIFUL OBJECTS OF ART Collected by S. P. AVERY at the "Paris Exposition," and over 200 WATER-COLOR DRAWINGS by 112 celebrated artists of the FRENCH AND BELGIAN SCHOOLS, including the names of GUSTAVE DORE, HORACE VERNET, TROYON, CALMELET, HAMON, CABANEL, COOMANS, ACHENBACH, MARDEN, DAVID, MOZIN, FICHEL, TOURNEY, VIBERT, &c.
Also, TWO VERY FINE DRAWINGS BY F. O. C. DARLEY, N. A. And among the other various objects is a plaster model reduced by scale and colored after a portion of the ALHAMBRA.
A cast in bronze, taken from the face of NAPOLEON I, after death by his surgeon, Dr. Antommarchi.
And many articles of taste in the way of SILVER, GLASS, CHINA, BRONZE, &c.
All to be sold at auction on the evenings of TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, April 21 and 22, by ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING UNTIL TIME OF SALE, at his gallery No. 82 5th-av.

FURNITURE.

DEGRAAF & TAYLOR,
NOS. 87 AND 89 BOWERY,

Have the largest assorted stock of FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND SPRING BEDS, of any house in the City, and owing to the general decline in material and repeal of tax, we will, until FURTHER NOTICE, TO REDUCE THE PRICE 30 PER CENT.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE—AT G. W. SNEDEN & CAMPBELL'S, No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. We manufacture and sell all kinds of furniture, in suites or single pieces.
RETAIL AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.
Also, Mattresses, Bedding, Looking-glasses, &c. Goods warranted and delivered free. Self-rocking and other cradles. Furniture made to order. Goods boxed for shipping. Note the number.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE, AT BARGAINS FOR CASH.—Magnificent French satin brocatel parlor suite, made to order for $325, will be sold for $200; one do. $185; one walnut medallion-back rep suite, $155; one do. $85. Also, a great variety of parlor, bedroom and dining-room furniture, Turkish chairs, lounges, mattresses, cheap. ERNEST ROTH'S Furniture Warerooms, No. 58 Bleecker-st., near Broadway.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE—AT LARGEly reduced prices. BRAUNSDORF & METZ, manufacturers, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Norfolk and Essex sts., offer their large and well assorted stock of first-class furniture, consisting of sitting-room, parlor, library, bedroom and dining-room suites of the latest styles, to the public at wholesale prices. N. B.—All goods warranted.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME SUIT OF BROCAtel, nearly new, at a low price, at No. 311 East 4th-st., near Av. C.

SINGER'S REVERSIBLE SPRING BED is unequaled for comfort, cheapness and durability. Sold everywhere. Warerooms, No. 215 Centre-st.

MARBLE MANTELS.

THE PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY,

Manufacturers of MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS, BILLIARD TABLE BEDS, PLUMBERS' SLABS, Cisterns, Baths, Sinks and shelving of all kinds. MARBLEIZED SLABS for piers, tables, bureaus, what-nots, &c. Wainscoting and paneling for rooms and halls. Every description of slate work made to order. The trade supplied on favorable terms.
ELEAZER JONES, Manager, Middle Granville, N. Y.
Warehouse, No. 40 West 18th-st., New-York.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels, of the latest designs, at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBLE MANTELS.—A FINE SELECTION at reduced prices, at S. KLABER'S manufactory, No. 53 1st-av., near 3d-st. Call before buying elsewhere.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS— Half the price of marble. Send for a circular. T. B. STEWART, 605 6th-av. bet. 35th and 36th sts.

STATIONERY.

DAVID FELT,
STATIONERS' HALL, NO. 51 CEDAR-ST.
Blank Books and Stationery at lowest prices.

RAILROAD SLAUGHTER.

Four Cars of the Erie Railroad Thrown Down an Embankment.

Twenty-four Persons Killed Outright and Fifty Badly Injured.

A Sleeping Car Burnt—Names of the Dead and Injured—Statements of the Survivors.

Another railroad catastrophe, similar to, but more horrible if possible than that of the Lake Shore Line Road at Angola, which so startled the country a few weeks ago, occurred yesterday morning on the Erie Railroad, at a place called Carr's Rock, thirteen miles above Port Jervis, and about 100 miles from New-York. The night express train which left Buffalo at 2:20 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, was thrown off the track about 3 o'clock yesterday morning at the place above mentioned, and four of the rear cars, two of which were sleeping cars, went over an embankment and rolled down the precipice, a distance of 50 feet or more. The accident occurred on a curve of the road which runs along the edge of a bluff, the slope of which consists of jagged rocks, terminating at the bottom in a small stream that empties into the Delaware River. The cause of the accident is supposed to have been the breaking of a wheel, or of the journal of one of the cars. The train consisted of an engine, tender, three sleeping cars, two first-class cars, one second-class and one postal car. The four rear cars went over the precipice, turning several somersets in the descent, and breaking to pieces before they reached the bottom. One of the sleeping cars took fire from the upsetting of the stove, and added greatly to the horror of the scene. Seven persons are supposed to have been consumed by fire in this car, and several others were rescued badly burned.

The passengers in the cars that remained on the track used the most strenuous exertions to rescue the sufferers, but owing to the darkness and the difficulty of reaching the foot of the precipice, it was some time before any assistance could be rendered. The dead bodies that were taken from the wreck were left for the time being on the ground, while all hands assisted in conveying the wounded to the cars that were left on the train. This occupied several hours, and as there are no dwellings near the scene of the accident, the sufferers were obliged to be conveyed to Port Jarvis before they could receive surgical aid. The train reached Port Jarvis at 9 o'clock, when the physicians of the place were summoned, and all the alleviation possible under the circumstances was rendered. Mr. GUDD, the conductor in charge of the train, was in one of the cars that went over the embankment is among the injured. A gentleman, who came over the road in the next train following the accident, and who past Port Jarvis at 12:30 o'clock, states that the list of the dead numbered twenty-four at that time, and that several more were not expected to live. The following are the names of the killed and injured, so far as they have yet been made known:

KILLED.

Ephraim Hoyt and Mrs. E. Hoyt, Chenango Forks, New-York.
Unknown man.
Mary E. Cobb, Hornellsville, N. Y.
Enos Blossom, saloon Susquehanna depot.
Child of Mrs. Fiedell, Ithaca, N. Y.
H. B. Corwin (supposed,) Urbana, Ohio.
Woman. Unknown.
Boy. Unknown.
I. S. Dunham, Binghamton, N. Y.
C. K. Loomis, Buffalo, N. Y.
Eli J. Knapp, Jamestown, N. Y.
Thomas Pierinton, No. 102 Broadway, New-York.

WOUNDED.

Henry Haention, Dansville, N. Y.; body, legs broken.
S. B. Fairman, Elmira, N. Y.
G. W. Harris, Cochran, Ind.; badly.
Lewis Barker, Bates, N. Y.; head.
S. W. Horten, Salem, Wis.; side and head.
S. P. Snow, Bleaksburg, Iowa; head and breast.
Tobias Aldridge, head.
G. W. Baker, Ithaca, N.Y.; shoulder broken, badly.
G. G. Lapham, Syracuse, N. Y.; back and head.
Mrs. C. R. Beardsley, No. 453 Hudson-street, New-York; arm, shoulder and head.
G. Hartman, Hudson City, N. J.; head.
C. V. Tiffaney, Dansville, N. Y.; badly.
A. L. Oliver, No. 7 West Thirteenth-street, New-York; leg.
A. L. Smith, Hornellsville, N. Y.; badly.
Mrs. C. C. Reynolds, Hornellsville; badly.
Daniel E. Rogers, Corning, N. Y.; head and limbs.
W. Hadge, Corning, N. Y.; head and limbs.
W. P. Decker, Waverly, N. Y.; head and limbs.
A. Palmer, Ripley, N. Y.; back and internally.
L. J. Fitzgerald, Cortlandt-street, New-York; head.
A. T. Kingsley, Scotland, N. Y.
M. Goodman, No. 64 Elicott-street, Buffalo, N. Y.
S. Sweet, Middletown, N. J.; breast.
J. R. Heanan, Louisville, Ky.; badly.
M. R. Reay, Middletown, N. Y.; slightly.
J. Henderson, Ronse, Ohio; breast, badly.
J. Balseir, boy, Cincinnati, Ohio; face and limbs.
R. R. Newton, Corry, Penn.; back, side and breast.
N. W. Gokey, Addison, N. Y.; slightly.
A. S. Gillett, Mercer, Penn.
Mrs. A. S. Gillett, Mercer, Penn.
Mary Stewart, Mercer, Penn.; back and head badly.
J. S. Ranney, St. John, Mich.; head and back.
A. Classin, New-York City; slightly.
Three children of S. P. Snow, hurt seriously.
C. R. Moncrieff, No. 453 Hudson-street, New-York: badly.
D. Lyon, Binghamton, N. Y.; head and internally.
J. B. Floyd, Chemung, N. Y.; burned and badly hurt.
A. L. Bigelow, boy, Attica, N. Y.; face and limbs.
Edmund Gunther, train porter; head and limbs.
George Furnace, Metropolitan Hotel, New-York; badly.
Misses Maggie and Emma Hoyt, father and mother both killed, Chenango Forks.
D. B. Stevens, Cayuga, N. Y.; back and arms.
Mrs. H. Bailey, Louisville, Ohio; slightly.
J. T. A. Jewett, No. 73 Leonard-street, New-York.
J. Decker, Elmira, N. Y.
C. C. Donahue, Buffalo.
Austin Woodruff, Randolph, N. Y.
John Dubois, boy; unknown.
Woman insensible, aged about 30; baggage check No. 506 New-York.
Addie Snow, child; slightly.
C. W. Douglas, Division Superintendent, Delaware Division; badly bruised—head, shoulders and back.

STATEMENT OF MR. G. B. HOLLENBACH.

Mr. G. B. HOLLENBACH, of Morris, Illinois, left Cleveland Tuesday morning, and while in the first of the three sleeping-cars, was awakened between three and four o'clock in the morning by a violent jerk, with a concussion, and a subsequent rolling of the car down an embankment. On a cessation of the motion screams of fright and pain arose from several women and children occupying the car, who had not held as tenaciously to their berths as the male passengers. He received a few contusions, but was unconscious of them at the moment, and, in company with others, at once left the car and surveyed the scene. The car had rolled on an inclined plane down a bank, and stopped at a distance of a hundred feet from the road. Fearful shrieks arose from the centre and last sleeping cars. The former had fallen perpendicularly fifty feet from a culvert into the small stream below, and the latter had rolled similarly to his own car, but had caught on fire from the cinders of the stove. Both were much shattered, and blows from the fragments, as the cars broke, contributed much toward the injuries sustained. Attention was immediately given to extricating the sufferers, and the engine, baggage-car, smoking-car and one other passenger car, went to Port Jervis, and, transferring passengers, baggage and mails to another train, immediately returned for the transportation of the wounded.

Mr. HOLLENBACH reached this city about 12:30 o'clock yesterday, together with about a dozen others who had been slightly hurt, and whose account corroborated his own. Mr. D. LYONS, one of the wounded, is an Alderman of the City of Binghamton. The Division Superintendent of the Delaware Division of the Erie Railway, was also among the wounded. Mr. FAIRMAN, senior partner of the Elmira *Advertiser*, was among the wounded. He was on his way to this City to attend a meeting of the State Associated Press.

STATEMENT OF MR. M. A. BLAKESLEY.

Mr. M. A. BLAKESLEY, of Olean, N. Y., one of the passengers on the ill-fated train, yesterday made the following statement: I left Olean at 4 o'clock P. M. yesterday, the 14th inst., and took passage at Salamanca in a train that, I think, is called the Cincinnati express, due in New-York about 8 o'clock this morning; the train consisted of about five passenger-cars, besides the smoking-car, engine and tender and baggage-cars; I went to bed last night in the forward sleeping-car, there being altogether three sleeping-coaches. About 3:15 o'clock this morning, at a point about twelve miles west of Port Jervis, the three sleeping-coaches and one passenger-car were thrown from the track, by the breaking of a rail, it is supposed. The forward portion of the train passed safely over the point where the other cars left the track. I was awakened from my sleep by the dragging of the car over the "ties," and as soon as the car had reached the edge of the embankment in which the track is laid, it began to roll over and over on its side until it rolled all the way down the embankment, which I think is from eighty to one hundred feet high. From the place where the cars first left the track to where they lay wrecked was about two hundred feet. The car I was in crushed up as it rolled, like a long paper box, and when it had ceased rolling it was a complete wreck. The sides had folded open, as it were, and lay level with the floor of the coach, and the narrow section of the roof, in which the skylight and ventilators are placed, lay diagonally across the broken body of the car. All four of the cars that went over the embankment were completely demolished, and I think about twenty-five to thirty persons were killed outright. I saw five or six ladies taken from the ruins of the train quite dead and a number wounded. The rear car took fire from the stove a short time after the living persons were removed from it, and I should judge there were about seven dead bodies burned up. There were in addition three dead bodies taken out before the fire reached them. The car ahead of the one in which I was sleeping also took fire, but the flames were speedily extinguished. The catastrophe, of course, took place in the darkness of the night, and the confusion and terror was appalling, and the horror was greatly increased by the agonizing shrieks and groans of the wounded and dying. I was told by Mr. PORTER, a friend of mine, who was traveling with me, and who was awake at the time the train struck the ties as it left the track, that the train was running at a rate of about forty or fifty miles an hour. They were running at that rate of speed to make up time, as I was told at Salamanca when I embarked that the train was then 30 minutes behind time, in consequence of the train having been backed and delayed some time near Corry, Penn., in picking up the body of a man who had been killed by the train passing over him. We left the wreck of the destroyed coaches at 8 o'clock this morning, on a special train that had been sent from the east to our assistance, and arrived in this city before noon to-day.

STATEMENT OF MR. A. E. JOHNSON.

Mr. ALFRED E. JOHNSON, who resides in Buffalo, states that he came through on the train, and was in the first sleeping-car. He observed before retiring to rest that the train was going at an unusual rate of speed, and was informed that they were making up for lost time, a detention having occurred at Salamanca. He was awoke by being thrown violently from his berth—an upper one—and then found that the car was rolling over and over down a steep inclined plane. As it fell the sides and top split open. Mr. JOHNSON crept out from beneath the *débris* as soon as he had recovered his senses, and shortly afterward he observed that the remains of the car were on fire. He found that the car in which he had been, with three other cars, had rolled down an embankment about 80 feet in depth. Mr. JOHNSON assisted to rescue several of the passengers from the burning car, among others a gentleman believed to be Mr. DIKE, of Brooklyn, whose legs were crushed so that he could not use them. As it was quite dark when the accident occurred, Mr. JOHNSON was unable to observe how the passengers in the three other cars had fared. He is of opinion that a broken wheel was the immediate cause of the accident. The four cars that fell down the embankment, he found had left the track about 150 yards before falling over. Mr. JOHNSON came on to this City with the other passengers in the special train sent out for them.

MR. C. C. DIKE'S STATEMENT.

Mr. C. C. DIKE, of Brooklyn, who is seriously injured, and was unable last evening to make any distinct statement, was in the forward sleeping-car in company with a young lady and a little boy. He can recollect only that he was thrown from his berth and found himself unable to rise. Shortly after the car had reached the bottom of the embankment it took fire. Mr. DIKE would inevitably have been burned to death had it not been for the exertions of the young lady in his company, who, with the assistance of a gentleman, dragged him from the burning car. Both of Mr. DIKE's legs were found to be crushed, and it is feared are broken. The young lady and the little boy were fortunately not much injured. Mr. DIKE is of opinion that the accident was caused by a loose rail which was displaced by the car immediately in front of them.

LATEST ACCOUNT.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PORT JERVIS, Wednesday, April 15.

The tragedy is quite frightful, as reported last evening. The dead now lying in the ladies' room at this station number 15. The wounded—and of those probably five or six will not survive—number 54 in all. The excitement is intense and the scenes harrowing in the extreme. Friends arrive by each train either way.

THE ENGINEER'S ACCOUNT OF THE ACCIDENT.

The accident occurred on the Delaware division of the Erie Railroad, fourteen miles west of Port Jervis, to the train due at this place at 3:17 A. M. The scene of the accident is named Carr's Point, and is a rugged bluff, along the side of which, 150 feet above the Delaware, the track was excavated. The theory is that a rail broke about 400 feet west of Carr's Point. The engine and five cars passing over the fracture safely, the forward truck of the sixth car then got off, the coupling parting. This car, followed by the remaining three, went on a distance of 400 feet, when coming in contact with some obstacle, it was thrown down the precipice, dragging the others with it to the river's edge. The train at the time was going at the rate of from 20 to 25 miles per hour. The cars which escaped were three passenger cars, one postal car and one freight car. Those thrown over the cliff were all passenger cars, three of them sleeping cars. It was intensely dark at the time. On reaching the foot of the bluff two cars were found to be in the river, and one, the last car, on fire. Several persons were extricated from the burning car, but it is believed that at least six or seven perished and, as there were over 200 persons in the seven cars, this is a low estimate it is feared. The passengers saved did all they could to rescue the wounded.

At 5 o'clock a special train with five physicians arrived, and, in charge of the wounded, brought them to this place at 8 o'clock.

Another account says that thirteen were consumed in the burning cars. I learn that six charred bodies have been recovered this evening and will be here to-night, but these it will be impossible to identify.

The dead now at the depot are fifteen in number, one only of whom has not been identified, a handsome boy of about 15 years old. He was drowned. The others are now coffined and a ghastly sight they are.

LIST OF KILLED.

Ephraim Hoyt and wife, of Chenango Forks, N. Y.

Ferdinand Sauss, Paris, France; Sixth-avenue and Twenty-second-street, N. Y.

Mary E. Cobb, Honrellsville, N. Y.

E. Blossom, keeper of saloon, Susquehanna Depot.

A little girl of three years, daughter of D. B. Tisdell, of Ithaca.

H. B. Corwin, supposed from a receipt found on his person to be from Urbana, Ohio.

Mrs. Snow, Davenport, Iowa.

C. K. Loomis, Freight Agent Buffalo and Erie Railroad.

Isaac S. Dunham, Binghamton, N. Y.

Elijah Knapp, Jamestown, N. Y.

Thomas Purinton, General Agent of the Guardian Mutual Life Insurance Company, No. 102 Broadway, New-York.

Mr. Strauss, Elmira, N. Y.

LIST OF THE WOUNDED.

The correct list of the wounded is:

G. P. Adams, Randolph, N. Y., wounded in back.

Mrs. Noble, wife of Dan. Noble, of Elmira.

Mrs. C. Graves, of Waverly, slightly; gone home.

Capt. B. Arrowsmith, No. 212 Pearl-street, New-York, slightly.

Gurney Lapham, editor of the Syracuse *Courier*.

G. N. Norton, Salem, Wis.

S. P. Snow, Davenport, Iowa, and seven children; wife killed.

S. B. Fairman, editor of the Elmira *Advertiser*.

C. V. Tiffany, Dansville, N. Y.

Dr. Wm. B. Linsley, No. 22 Lafayette-place.

Lewis Parker, Bath, N. Y.

A. E. Brown, of same place.

John Decker, Elmira, N. Y.

Samuel Comstock, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio.

A. L. Oliver, from Cincinnati, baggage marked Fifth avenue Hotel, New-York.

N. Goodman, No. 64 Elicott-street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Charles Moncrief, New-York.

Maggie Hoyt, Chenango Forks, N. Y., slightly injured; sister injured; father and mother killed.

James R. Heenan, Superintendent of the Commercial News Department Western Union Telegraph, Louisville, Ky.

George Foye, a Frenchman.

Gustave Hartmann, porter of sleeping-car.

J. T. A. Jewett, No. 73 Eldridge-street, New-York.

Aaron Woodroff, Randolph, New-York.

C. W. Douglas, Superintendent of the Delaware Division.

Stephen Sweet, Middletown, N. Y.; taken home.

A. T. Kingsley, Scotland, Conn.

Geo. W. Harris, Cochrane, Ind.

A. Palmer, Ripley, New-York.

J. S. Rainney, St. John, Michigan.

C. C. Donohoe, Buffalo, N. Y.

M. A. Ray, Middletown, N. Y.

Mrs. E. T. Tisdell, daughter killed, Ithaca, N. Y.

Lewis Asher and Mrs. C. Beardsley, both of New-York.

Alvin Sturtevant, of the Binghamton *Standard*.

Conductor J. B. Judd.

George Farness, Metropolitan Hotel, New-York.

A. L. Smith, Hornellsville, N. Y., and Mrs. Reynolds, of same.

P. Reichton, New-York.

Mr. Tryan, Leroy, N. Y.

Jacob Floyd, Waverley, N. Y.

I just learn that Mrs. John Deckers is among the burned, dead. The inquest will be begun to-day.

TRIAL OF CAPT. MILLS.

The Case of the Woman with her Dead Child Detained in a Cell—Capt. Mills before the Police Commissioners.

At the Police trials yesterday afternoon, Commissioners ACTON, BOSWORTH and BRENNAN being present, the case of Capt. MILLS, of the Eighth Precinct, was called. It will be remembered that Thursday evening last, CATHARINE ROBERTSON was arrested by Officer STEVENSON, of the Eighth Precinct, in a state of presumed intoxication, and was sent to the Fifteenth Precinct Station-house, to be held on a charge of intoxication. Capt. MILLS was placed on trial for his action in the case, Superintendent KENNEDY having preferred the charge. Capt. MILLS was defended by Messrs. JOHN GRAHAM and CHARLES S. SPENCER, and a large number of witnesses were examined.

EDWARD CRAPSEY, reporter of the NEW-YORK TIMES, testified that he was present in the Fifteenth Precinct Station-house when the woman was brought in by Officer Stevenson; he did not think the woman was intoxicated; she walked without assistance, and was coherent in her language.

S. N. COHEN, reporter, *New-Yorker Journal*, testified that he visited the woman in the cell a little before midnight, when she did not appear to be under the influence of liquor. She talked to him sensibly. The corpse was then in the cell with her.

P. WEBB, sexton of St. Anthony's Church, where the woman attended on that evening, testified to seeing her there about 8 o'clock P. M., with the child in her arms, which she wished baptized, and of the discovery that it was dead. The witness thought the woman under the influence of liquor, but not sufficiently so to be unable to take care of herself.

JAMES SOMERVILLE testified to a woman coming into his store about 7 o'clock P. M. on the evening of the arrest, carrying a bundle seemingly of something rigid; he believed the bundle to be a child, but did not see it. The woman seemed to be "in liquor" as well as laboring under strong mental excitement. Witness did not know that the woman was the same who was afterward arrested, but was morally convinced she was the same.

Officer STEVENSON, of the Eighth Precinct, testified as to the arrest of the woman. He found her staggering in the street, with a crowd of boys about her hallooing that she had a dead child; he took her to the Eighth Precinct Station-house, and preferred a charge of intoxication against her; Capt. Mills was present and examined the woman, and told witness to take her to the Fifteenth Precinct Station-house; Capt. Mills said to the woman, "You must be a hard drinker, my good woman."

Sergt. CHRISTIE, of the Eighth Precinct, was present when the woman was brought in, and saw she was intoxicated and that she staggered five feet in coming in the door. All the formalities required by the rules and regulations of the Police Department were observed in her case. The woman gave No. 3 Charlton-street as her residence, and witness understood that she also gave some other residence. On cross-examination by Judge BOSWORTH, witness said that no person was sent from the Eighth Precinct to No. 3 Charlton-street to ascertain whether she lived there or was known there; that the distance from the Station-house to the designated place is six blocks, and that it would have taken twenty minutes for the messenger to have gone and returned.

Capt. C. A. CAFFREY, of the Fifteenth Precinct, testified that when he returned to the Station-house about 10:45 P. M., Sergeant HAGGERTY told him there was a woman there with a dead child, and that she was in the men's sitting room. Witness remarked that it was too hot there and directed the corpse to be rolled up and put in some cool place and watched carefully during the night. It was remarked that the woman would not be separated from her child, and witness said they might both go back together upon the suggestion of Mr. ABRAM LENT. Witness did not intend her to be locked up in a cell.

Sergt. HAGGERTY, of the Fifteenth Precinct, corroborated the testimony of Capt. CAFFREY as to the final disposition of the woman for the night. Witness thought she was under the influence of liquor, but that she was able to take care of herself if let alone.

JOHN J. NORRIS, No. 34 East Eleventh-street, was in the Fifteenth Precinct Station-house when the woman was brought in, and saw nothing in her manner that would indicate that she was intoxicated, and thought that she was laboring under great mental excitement.

Officer BOWKER, of the Fifteenth Precinct, acting as doorman on Thursday night, saw that the woman was in an excited state at first, but did not notice as to intoxication. She was given the most cheerful cell, and was quiet all night, and sat looking at the corpse; he furnished her a cup of coffee.

Officer KELLY and Doorman HANOVER, of the Eighth Precinct, and Sergeant FIELDS and Roundsman THATCHER, of the Fifteenth Precinct, who had seen the prisoner at different times on the night of the arrest after she was in custody, all testified that she was intoxicated.

Roundsman THATCHER had seen her sitting by the stove in the Fifteenth Precinct Station-house some two hours after the arrest, and, knowing of the circumstances of the case, he thought her intoxicated because she seemed to be drowsy and he was conscious of an odor as of sour beer in the room.

The Commissioners were addressed by counsel for Capt. MILLS, and, as is usual, the decision of the case was reserved.

TENEMENT-HOUSE HORRORS.

The Rivington-street Disaster—Investigation by the Coroner.

An inquest was commenced yesterday by Coroner ROLLINS, at Bellevue Hospital, over the remains of JOSEPHINE MULLER, aged 8 years, who was burned to death on Tuesday at the recent fire, occurring at No. 206 Rivington-street, and those of her father, ROBERT MULLER, aged 38, whose death was the result of injuries sustained by a leap from one of the upper windows of the burning buildings, as already reported in the TIMES. Owing to the absence of witnesses the case was not concluded yesterday. The following is the evidence elicited before the jury yesterday afternoon:

Herman Silver, of No. 206 Rivington-street, testified that he lived on the top floor of the above premises; deceased, with his wife and child, lived on the same floor; I have only lived in that house for six weeks; it is a frame building with flat roof; the adjoining houses on each side are peaked roofs; there was no scuttle to No. 206; I have gone on the roof by going through a window on the gable end of the building, and by walking or crawling up the slanting roof of the adjoining building gained access to our roof; the side window referred to was about midway between the peak of the roof and the gutter; I think it impossible for any woman or child to save themselves by gaining the roof in this manner, or even a man when under any excitement; there were four families on the top floor of No. 206, and three families on the floor below, and two families in the rear of the two stories, making nine families in all; I retired to bed at 11:30 o'clock on Monday night; soon after I heard foot-steps going down stairs and in a few moments the footsteps returning; my wife desired me to get up and see who the person was, but I didn't do so; in less than ten minutes after I heard the breaking of a pane of glass, apparently on the next floor; again my wife asked me to get up, but I did not, and fell asleep; I was suddenly awoke by a young man who was sleeping in my room calling "fire;" I jumped up and ran to the door, and on opening it found flames running up the stairs, rendering it impossible for me to make my escape by the stairs; I raised the front window; the young man referred to above jumped out to the awning below; I then threw my child to him; the flames by this time had reached the rear of my room; I picked up my wife and threw her out of the window, and then jumped out myself; did not see deceased or his family, but heard them shouting; know nothing as to how they made their escape.

Robert V. Mackey, District Engineer in the Metropolitan Fire Department, testified: I was present at the fire at No. 206 Rivington-street on Tuesday morning, and arrived about four minutes after the alarm was given; I found the fire in all three buildings, Nos. 206, 208 and 210; all of the inmates seemed to be out by the time I arrived; the fire was soon extinguished, after which I went through the buildings, and upon going over the top floor of No. 206 I discovered the body of a child, severely burned, lying on a bed in the front room, occupied, as I have since learned, by Robt. Muller; I removed the body to the sidewalk, and handed it over to the Police; I examined the roof of the building for a scuttle, but could not find any.

John T. Disbrow, an officer of the Eleventh Precinct, testified: I was on duty on Monday night, and passed No. 206 Rivington-street at ten minutes after twelve M.; everything appeared quiet at that time, so I walked up to Clinton-street, then turned down and walked as far as Ridge-street; I then heard some one throwing open shutters, and on looking up saw smoke coming from the windows of No. 206; I rapped for assistance and alarmed the inmates; on entering the hall I found the stairs all on fire, making it impossible for me to ascend; I heard a female voice calling for help, who I think was Mrs. Muller; I was getting a wagon on the sidewalk when Mrs. Muller jumped down; she was much hurt and burned; I had her and Mrs. Silver taken care of.

In adjourning the case until to-day, the Coroner informed the jury that among other witnesses he intended to produce was Mr. MACGREGOR, Superintendent of Buildings, who was making some necessary examinations in the burned building.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 15—11:15 A. M.

Consols open at 93⅝ for both money and account.

American Securities open at the following rates:

United States Five-twenty Bonds......72⅝@72¾
Erie Railway Shares......46½
Illinois Centrals......94
Atlantic and Great Western......34½

Despatches from Frankfort quote United States Five-twenty Bonds quiet and steady at 75 for the old issue.

LIVERPOOL, Wednesday, April 15—11:15 A. M.

COTTON—The Cotton market opens firm, but prices are without quotable alteration. The market is quite animated, and the sales, under the favorable trade report will aggregate about 12,000 bales.

Uplands......12⅛d.@12¼d.
Orleans......12⅜d.@12½d.

BREADSTUFFS—The market opens quiet and dull. Corn, 40s. 3d. ₩ quarter for new Mixed Western. Wheat, 16s. ₩ cental for California White, and 14s. 3d. for No. 2 Milwaukee Red. Barley, 5s. 1d. ₩ bushel. Oats, 4s. ₩ bushel. Peas 47s. ₩ 504 lbs. Flour, 37s. ₩ bbl. for Western Canal.

PROVISIONS—The market opens steady. Beef 125s. ₩ bbl. for Extra Prime Mess. Pork 85s. ₩ bbl. for Eastern Prime Mess. Lard 61s. 3d. ₩ cwt. for American. Cheese 53s. ₩ cwt. for the best grades of American Fine. Bacon 47s. 6d. ₩ cwt. for Cumberland Cut.

PRODUCE—The market for articles of American Produce opens without material alteration. Sugar, 26s. 6d. ₩ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch Standard. Resin, 7s. ₩ cwt. for common North Carolina, and 12s. for medium. Turpentine, 33s. ₩ cwt. Tallow, 45s. 6d. ₩ cwt. Linseed Oil, £36 ₩ ton. Refined Petroleum firm at 1s. 3d. ₩ gallon. Spirits Petroleum, 10d. ₩ gallon. Linseed Cakes, £10 15s. ₩ ton for thin oblong for feeding.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 15—1:20 P. M.

Consols are somewhat firmer and a fraction higher, and are now quoted at 93⅝@93¾ for both money and account.

United States Five-twenties are active and in good demand. Prices are advancing. The last sales just made were at 72⅞@73 for the issue of 1862.

Atlantic and Great Western consolidated bonds have advanced ⅝ since the opening, and are now quoted at 35. Illinois are quiet at 94; and Erie at 46½.

LIVERPOOL, Wednesday, April 15—1:20 P. M.

COTTON—The market is firm and quiet.

BREADSTUFFS—The market is quiet and steady. Corn, however, is easier, though quotably unaltered.

PROVISIONS—The market is quiet, and there are no changes to note in prices.

PRODUCE—Refined Petroleum is firm at 1s. 3d. ₩ gallon. Naval Stores dull and unchanged. Tallow is firmer and 3d. higher. American, 45s. 9d. ₩ cwt.

ANTWERP, Wednesday, April 15.

The market for Petroleum is flat, and prices are nominal at 42 francs 75 centimes ₩ bbl. for Standard White.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 15—5 P. M.

Consols closed at 93⅝@93¾ for money and the account.

American Securities close at the following quotations:

United States Five-twenty Bonds......72¾
Erie Railway Shares......46½
Illinois Centrals......94⅛

FRANKFORT, Wednesday, April 15.

United States Five-twenty Bonds close active at 75⅝@75¾ for the issue of 1862.

LIVERPOOL, Wednesday, April 15—5 P. M.

COTTON—The market closes easier. The following are the closing quotations:

Middling Uplands......12⅛d.
Middling Orleans......12⅜d.

The sales of the day foot up 10,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS—The market closed quiet and steady. Corn, 40s. 3d. ₩ quarter for new Mixed Western. Wheat, 16s. ₩ cental for California White, and 14s. 3d. for No. 2 Red Western. Barley 5s. 1d. ₩ bushel. Oats, 4s. ₩ bushel. Peas, 47s. ₩ 504 lbs. Flour, 37s. ₩ bbl. for Western Canal.

PROVISIONS—The market closes quiet and dull. Beef, 125s. ₩ bbl. for Extra Prime Mess. Pork, 85s. ₩ bbl. for Eastern Prime Mess. Lard, 61s. 3d. ₩ cwt. Cheese, 53s. ₩ cwt. for the best grades of American fine. Bacon 47s. 6d. ₩ cwt. for Cumberland Cut.

PRODUCE—The market closed steady. Sugar is firm at at 26s. 6d. ₩ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch Standard. Resin 7s. ₩ cwt. for common North Carolina, and 12s. for medium. Turpentine, 33s. ₩ cwt. Tallow, 45s. 9 d. ₩ cwt. Linseed Cakes, £36 ₩ ton. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 3d. ₩ gallon. Spirits Petroleum, 10d. ₩ gallon. Linseed Cakes, £10 15s. ₩ ton for feeding.

ANTWERP, Wednesday, April 15.

PETROLEUM—The market is nominal, and Standard White is quoted at 42¾f. ₩ bbl.

Domestic Markets.

ST. LOUIS, Wednesday, April 15.

TOBACCO firm and unchanged. FLOUR dull and unchanged; Superfine, $7@$8 25; Low to Choice Extra, $8 50@$9 25; Double Extra, $9 50@$11 25. WHEAT firm; Winter, $2 55@$2 85; Spring, $2 05@$2 15. CORN dull at 86c.@87c. for Mixed and Yellow; 89c.@90c. for White, 91c. for Fancy do. OATS heavy at 69c.@70c. RYE, $1 65. BARLEY firm $2 60@$2 80 for Prime to Choice. PROVISIONS dull. PORK, $27. Loose dry salted SHOULDERS, up the river, 14c. BACON dull at 13c. for Shoulders; 16½c. for Clear Rib; and 17c. for Clear Sides. LARD, 17½c. for keg. CATTLE, $5@$8 50, gross. SHEEP, $3@$8 ₩ head. RECEIPTS—Flour, 2,200 bbls.; Wheat, 25,000 bushels; Corn, 8,000 bushels; Oats, 16,000 bushels.

CHICAGO, Wednesday, April 15.

There was no regular meeting on 'Change to-day. No. 2 Spring WHEAT in good demand and excited at an advance of 9c.@11c.; sales 100,000 bushels at $2@$2 02; it subsequently weakened and declined to $2@$2 01½; other grades were neglected. New CORN opened with a good demand at an advance of 3½c.@4c.; sales at 83c.@83¾c., closing at 81¾c.@82c. There was no movement in other grains nor in Provisions. BEEF CATTLE active and firm; receipts to-day, 2,400 head common Cows; light stock Steers, $5 20@$6 25; good to prime Steers, $8@$9. LIVE HOGS in good demand and a shade better at $7 50@$9 80.

BUFFALO, Wednesday, April 15.

FLOUR steady; sales 700 bbls. City Ground Spring at $10 25, and 50 bbls. Western bakers' at $11 25. WHEAT quiet; sales 5,600 bushels Minnesota Spring at $2 20, and three cars No. 2 Chicago Spring at $2 15. CORN steady; sales 6,900 bushels New Toledo at $1 04, and two cars Old Western at $1 07, deliverd, and two cars New at $1 05, on track. OATS quiet; sales 1,800 bushels Western at 75c., in store. SEEDS dull; sales 75 bushels Timothy at $2 57. MESS PORK weaker; asking $26 50 @$27 for heavy. LARD dull at 17c.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, April 15.

FLOUR firm; Family, $10 75@$11. WHEAT firmer at $2 55 for No. 1. CORN dull at 85c.@86c. for ear and shelled. OATS firm and in demand at 76c. for No. 1. RYE firm at $1 90. BARLEY dull; Fall, $2 60. COTTON dull and weak at 29½c. PROVISIONS dull and held firmer; there was but little demand for any article; small sales of LARD at 17c. Country MESS PORK, $26 50; City held at $27. BULK MEATS, 12½c.@14¼c. BACON—13½c.@13¾c. for Shoulders, 16¼c.@17¼c. for Clear Rib and Clear Sides. Gold 138. Money quiet.

OSWEGO, Wednesday, April 15.

FLOUR unchanged, with a moderate demand; sales 1,000 bushels at $10 75@$11 for No. 1 Spring, $12 70 for Red Winter, $13 50 for White, $14 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT quiet; sales of 900 bushels No. 2 Chicago Spring at $2 35. CORN unchanged; sales of 1,400 bushels No. 1 at $1 24. CORN MEAL $2 70 ₩ cwt. MILL FEED steady; Shorts, $35; Shipstuffs, $40; Middlings, $42@$48 ₩ ton. RAILROAD FREIGHTS—Flour, to Boston, 8c.; to Albany, 60c.; to New-York, 70c. LAKE IMPORTS—13,400 bushels Wheat.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, April 15.

PETROLEUM—quiet; Crude, 15½c.; Refined, 25c. COTTON 31½c.@32c. for Middling. COFFEE—dull; Rio, 12c.@18½c., gold. SUGAR—less active; Cuba, 10¾c.@11¼c. for fair and good refining. FLOUR—steady; sales 1,000 bbls. Pennsylvania and Ohio Extra Family $10 75 @$12 50; Spring Wheat do., $10 50@$11 50; Extras, $9@$9 75. WHEAT—Red, at $2 85@$2 87½; White, $3 20@$3 25. RYE—steady, at $1 90. CORN in good demand; sales 4,000 bushels Yellow, $1 22; Mixed Western, $1 18. OATS—steady, at 85c.@90c.

MEMPHIS, Wednesday, April 15.

COTTON firm; receipts, 252 bales; exports, 323 bales. FLOUR unchanged. BACON—Shoulders, 14c.; Clear Sides, 18½c.; Bulk Shoulders, 13c.; Clear Sides, 16½c. LARD unchanged. CORN scarce at $1. OATS, 75c.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, April 14.

FLOUR dull and unchanged; to-day's steamer carries 2,800 bbls. for New-York. WHEAT quiet; good shipping, $2 40@$2 45. Legal-tenders, 72.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, April 15.

Stocks dull. Pennsylvania State Fives, 100. Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 25¾; Reading Railroad, 44⅝; Pennsylvania Railroad, 56. Gold, 138⅝.

[Advertisement.]

LACE CURTAINS,
A SPECIALTY,
at KELTY'S, No. 447 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

WINDOW SHADES,
GILT, PLAIN, PAINTED AND HOLLAND.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO., No. 447 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

The tone of society is maintained by the heads thereof, and the heads are regulated by the hatters, in whose front rank stands KNOX. The inference is obvious. Visitors to his establishment, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st., will be convinced that the Hats of KNOX are, par excellence, the most recherche ever made in this country.

[Advertisement.]

Great bargains in all the latest novelties in English carpets at HIRAM ANDERSON'S, No. 99 Bowery. Velvets, Brussels, Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Matting, Shades, Hollands and Oil-cloth at greatly reduced prices.

[Advertisement.]

The burglar compelled to be his own informer. The opening of each window and door rings a bell in your sleeping-room. Burglar-Alarm Telegraph Office, No. 201 Broadway. E. HOLMES.

[Advertisement.]

Use GLEASON'S NOISELESS PATENT LEVER ARGAND GAS BURNER, with azure glass, pleasant and still as daylight. E. P. GLEASON, No. 135 Mercer-st.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Bremen	April 16	New-York	Bremen.
Cuba	April 18	New-York	Liverpool.
City of Paris	April 18	New-York	Liverpool.
Pennsylvania	April 18	New-York	Liverpool.
Wm. Penn	April 18	New-York	London.
Hibernia	April 18	New-York	Glasgow.
St. Laurent	April 18	New-York	Havre.

FOR ASPINWALL AND HAVANA.

Ocean Queen	April 16	New-York	Aspinwall
Columbia	April 16	New-York	Havana.
Bienville	April 18	New-York	Havana.

Departure of Foreign Mails.

THURSDAY.

Mails for South Pacific, Central America, California, &c., by the *Ocean Queen* close at the General Post-office, at 10:30 A. M.

Mails for Havana and West Indies, by the *Columbia*, close at 7 P. M.

Mails for Europe via Southampton and Bremen, by the *Bremen*, close at 12 M. Supplementary mail for paid letters, on the pier foot of Third-street, Hoboken, to 1:45 P. M.

FRIDAY.

Mails for Europe via Portland, by the *Nestorian*, close at the General Post-office at 1:30 P. M.

Mails for Havana via Baltimore, by the *Liberty*, close at 6 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at......5 A. M. 1:20, 3:20 and 6 P. M.
Western Mails......5 A. M., 3:20, 4:30 6:30 and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island......5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River......5 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad......5 P. M.
North Mails......5 A. M. and 4 P. M.
North Mail, Way......5 A. M. and 4 P. M.
South Mail at......5 A. M., and 4:30 P. M.
On Sundays all mails close at......1:30 P. M.

Passengers Arrived.

APRIL 15.—*In steamship Hammonia, from Hamburg*—W. Worwerk, Gust Amsinck, Marie Theissen and 2 children, Henriette von Mahlen and servant, Henry Bolzer, Aug. Schnaderbach, G. Heye, Alfred Alvey, Nautie Collins, Laura Jones and 3 children.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 5 20 | Sun sets...... 6 40 | Moon rises... 2 07

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 3 32 | Gov. Island. 3 41 | Hell Gate.... 5 03

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, April 15.

Cleared.

Steamship Fairbanks, Hunter, Wilmington, N. C., J. Hand.

Ships Queen of the Mersey, (Br.,) Reed, Liverpool, Arkell, Tufts & Co.; Admiral, (N. G.,) Haesloop, Bremen via Philadelphia, H. Baetjer.

Barks Zingarella, Bates, Belize, F. Alexandre & Sons; Fred. Ludwig, (N. G.,) Fretwart, Rotterdam, H. W. O. Edye.

Brigs George, (Br.,) Graham, St. John's, N. F., Hutton, Watson & Co.; Udola, Whittemore, Neuvitas, Thompson & Hunter; San Giavanio, Trapani, Trieste, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Amazon, (Br.,) Branscomb, St. John's, N. F., Bowring, Archer & Co.; Thomas Turrell, Thompson, Mayaguez, L. W. & P. Armstrong; Abstainer, (Br.,) Elderkin, Parrsboro, N. S., Crandall, Umphray & Co.; Annie Whiting, Hutchinson, Demerara, E. Rowe & Co.

Schooners Queen of the South, Carson, Mobile, E. D. Hurlbut & Co.; Two Marys, Willetts, Washington, N. C., Van Brunt & Slaght; E. Richardson, Thompson, Arroyo, P. R., Simpson & Clapp; Jason, Sawyer, Elizabethport; Lugano, Johnson, Demerara, A. H. Solomon & Co.; D. W. Sanders, Hicks, Washington, N. C., Thomas & Holmes; F. Bell, Brewster, Beaufort, N. C., Thomas & Holmes.

Arrived.

U. S. steamship Sabine, ——, New-London.

Steamship Fulton, Merry, Aspinwall, April 8, at 2 A. M., with mdse., treasure and passengers to North American Steamship Company. Left at Aspinwall United States Steamship Penobscot and North German war steamer Augusta. 8th inst. at 5 P. M., signalled steamship Arizona hence for Aspinwall; 11th, at meridian, signalled steamship Guiding Star hence for Greytown.

Steamship Hammonia, (N. G.,) Meier, Hamburg April 1, and Southampton 3d, (passed the Needles 4 P. M.,) with mdse. and passengers to Kunhardt & Co. Experienced heavy westerly gales nearly all the passage. April 7, lat. 48 31 N., lon. 30 20 W., passed the steamship Allemannia, hence for Hamburg. The H. was detained by the fog off Sandy Hook for 8 hours.

Steamship Morro Castle, Adams, Havana April 11, at 1 P. M., with mdse. and passengers to Atlantic Mail Steamship Co. April 12, at 5 P. M., lat. 29, lon. 79 40, signalized ship Vanguard, bound N. 15th, 9 A. M., off Absecom, passed a bark with a Panama Railroad signal.

Steamship Charleston, Berry, Charleston, with mdse. and 28 passengers to H. R. Morgan & Co.

Steamship Glaucus, Waldron, Boston, with mdse. and passengers to W. P. Clyde.

Steamship Galatea, Nye, Providence, with mdse. and passengers to Isaac Odell.

Steamship Chesapeake, Bragg, Portland, with mdse. and passengers to J. F. Ames.

Steamer Shetucket, Clark, Norwich.

Ship Harry Warren, (of Liverpool,) Jones, Calcutta Dec. 27, and Sands Head Jan. 1, with mdse. to order.

Bark Falke, (Old.,) Kassebohm, Singapore 127 ds., with mdse. to Hennings & Gosling. Passed Cape of Good Hope Feb. 11, St. Helena Feb. 25; crossed the equator March 11, in lon. 34 34. Jan. 19, lat. 27, lon. 60 40, had a hurricane; stove cabin and bulwarks, long boat and split two staysails. The F. is bound to Boston; put into this port with loss of rudder.

Bark Doris, (Norw.,) Anderson, Zante 73 ds., and 51 ds. from Gibraltar, with currants to Baring Bros. & Co.—vessel to Funch, Meincke & Wendt. For the last 21 ds. has had continual N. W. gales; lost and split sails.

Bark Fannie, (of Searsport,) Carver, Matanzas 12 ds., with sugar to Pavenstedt & Co.—vessel to Walsh, Field & Way. Sld. in co. with bark Admiral Dupont, for New-York. The F. the latter part of the passage had northerly gales.

Bark Meridian, (N. G.,) Lence, Licata 55 ds., with sulphur to Ruger Bros.

Bark Paginnia, (Ital.,) Pelegro, Genoa 60 ds., with marble, &c., and 85 passengers to order.

Bark Bolivia, Whitberry, Aspinwall 16 ds., with mdse. to J. F. Joy.

Bark Albert George, (Pruss.,) Ballasyce, Antwerp 65 ds., with mdse. to H. W. O. Edye.

Bark Patra, (Russ.,) Soderman, Sagua 12 ds., with sugar to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Bark Angenora, (of St. John, N. B.,) Olson, Cardenas, 11 days, with sugar to P. I. Nevius & Sons.

Bark Commodore Dupont, (of Searsport,) Clifford, Matanzas, 11 days, with sugar to R. P. Buck & Co.

Brig Ponvert, Allen, Sagua, 11 days, with sugar to Thompson & Hunter. Sailed in company with bark Topeka for Philadelphia.

Brig Lima, Hill, Cienfuegos, 17 days, with sugar to Tucker & Lightbourne. April 13, off the Highlands, Henry Slatter, a seaman of New-York, aged 23 years, fell from the deck overboard and was drowned.

Brig Melrose, (of Boston,) Griggs, Bermuda 7 ds., with mdse. to J. N. Harvey.

Brig Mozart, (Lubeck,) Tietchens, Rio Janeiro 56 ds., with coffee to Funch, Meincke & Wendt. Had light winds up to lat. 28; since then has had very heavy weather.

Brig Water Lilly, Horton, Rio Grande del Sud 60 ds., with hides to Joseph Bento. Has had heavy westerly gales the entire passage.

Brig St. Mary, (of Sandy Cove,) Morehouse, Barbados 32 ds., with sugar and molasses to Jones & Lough. 7th inst., lat. 36 30, lon. 71, saw a bark lying to, with maintopmast and foretopgallant-yard gone; on the same day had a S. S. W. gale, in which split foretopsail and carried away cathead.

Brig Ramirez, Barnard, Cienfuegos 20 ds., with sugar to Maitland, Phelps & Co.—vessel to Moss & Ward.

Brig Challenge, Farnham, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. Mantano, Park, Leghorn, 58 days, and 30 days from Gibraltar, with marble, &c., to Bentley, Miller & Thomas.

Schr. Magellan, Nugent, Indianola, 26 days, with cotton and hides to Tupper & Beatty.

Schr. Madura, (Br.,) Webster, Para, 21 days, with rubber and nuts to James Bishop & Co.

Schr. Matilda, (Br.,) Stevens, Nuevitas, 13 days, with sugar to C. Ludmann & Co. Sailed in company with schr. Calmar for New-York.

Schr. J. Clark, Powell, Providence. In Flushing Bay was run into by an unknown schr., stove bulwarks, &c.

Schr. Veho, (tern. of Brookhaven,) Bradley, Palermo 44 ds., and from Gibraltar 30 ds., with fruit to Lawrence, Giles & Co. From lon. 40 had westerly gales and calms.

Schr. A. B. Crabtree, Gordon, Fall River, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Annie E. Carll, (of Northport,) Tyler, Cienfuegos 14 ds., with sugar to Jonas Smith & Co.

Schr. Sophia Jameson, (of Rockland,) Jameson, Baracoa 17 ds., with fruit to J. & T. Pearsall & Co.

Schr. Sabao, Lamsen, Barbados 18 ds., with sugar to H. Trowbridge's Sons.

Schr. Gem. Jones, Wilmington, N. C., 6 ds., with naval stores to E. S. Powell.

Schr. Gen. Lyon, Higgins, Virginia.

Schr. J. R. Clark, Fowler, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Annie Lawson, ——, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Island Queen, ——, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. W. H. Webb, Buckingham, Deep River, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Tigress, (of Windsor, N. S.,) Faulkner, Demerara, 17 days, with sugar to J. R. De Wolfe.

Schr. Lahave, (of Lunenburg,) Jones, Sagua, 10 days, with sugar to order.

Schr. Florence Newell, (of Philadelphia,) Fenimore, Tobacco River, Mexico, 22 days, with mdse. to Moller & Theband.

Schr. Abner Taylor, Gulliver, Port Johnson, for Salem.

Schr. Wm. Carroll, Magee, Riker's Island for Baltimore.

Schr. Mary A. Lovell, Beckel, New-London, for Rondout.

Schr. Chas. A. Grainer, Harvey, Providence, for Rondout.

Schr. Evergreen, Bloost, Gloucester.
Schr. Pizarro, Sears, Barnstable.
Schr. Ed. Gardner, Hymmond, Barnstable.
Schr. Lady Ellen, Sneider, New-Haven.
Schr. Galata, Lovell, Providence.
Schr. Copia, West, New-London.
Schr. Fair Wind, Bowman, New-Bedford.
Schr. Pacific, Ward, Madison.
Schr. Alida, Gibet, Pautucket.
Schr. R. S. Crook, White, Bridgeport, for Rondout.
Schr. Yarmouth, Baxter, Barnstable.
Schr. W. H. Bowen, Hill, Providence.
Schr. Dorretta Kahn, Stocking, Middleton.
Schr. Jas. Nelson, Staples, Taunton.
Schr. Rescue, Kelly, Boston, for Philadelphia.
Schr. R. L. Sherman, Finney, Providence.
Schr. Ella H. Barnes, Avery, New-Haven.
Schr. Alice Scranton, Murray, Madison.
Schr. Vermilion, Lockwood, Fall River.
Schr. Fashion, Gavis, Bridgeport.
Schr. Esquemaux, Briggs, Providence.
Schr. Copy, Smith, Port Jefferson.
Schr. R. P. King, Bliven, Providence.
Schr. Idella Small, Robins, Rockland.
Schr. Belapeck, Avery, New-London.
Schr. Onward, Allen, Elizabethport.
Schr. Madison Holmes, Ireland, Virginia.
Schr. Ann Amelia, Hudson, Virginia.
Schr. Jas. Waples, Wright, Virginia.
Schr. Crinoline, Daniels, Virginia.
Schr. Hero, Mathews, Lincolnville, Me.
Schr. Wm. Capes, Baker, Bath.
Schr. Senator, Faulkner, Boston.
Schr. Maria Jane, Brewster, Fall River.
Schr. Belle, Dayton, Westport.
Schr. Sylvester Hall, Colburn, Taunton.
Schr. Sophony, Smith, Brookhaven.
Schr. Louisa Gray, Lovell, New-Bedford.
Schr. W. R. Cann, Pearce, Boston, for Philadelphia.
Schr. Harriet Gardner, Hamilton, Yarmouth.
Schr. Elizabeth, Sears, Yarmouth.
Schr. Gleaner, Homer, Port Jefferson.
Schr. W. L. Peck, Mott, Huntington.
Schr. Thomas Potter, ——, New-Bedford.
Schr. Artist, Forrester, Somerset, for South Amboy.
Schr. Edwin, Tuttle, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Sloop Temperance, Mackey, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Sloop Deep River, Burley, Elizabethport, for Stamford.

Sloop Frances Ann, Hill, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Sloop Henry Ridgely, Smith, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Sloop Thomas Hull, Hull, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Sloop F. Brown, Mills, Providence, for Elizabethport.
Sloop North America, Teneyck, Elizabethport.
Sloop Oregon, Rhodes, Providence, for Elizabethport.

WIND—At sunset, S.

Sailed.

Steamships Australasian, for Liverpool; Manhattan, for Liverpool; Santiago de Cuba, for Greytown; Fairbanks, for Wilmington. Barks Cuba, for Havana; Harry Booth, for Marseilles.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 15—Arr. steamer Nereus, from New-York; bark Catherine, from Singapore; brigs Roseway, from Mayaguez; Mary Charrine, from Remedios; Stromness, from Sagua; Forest State, Matanzas; schrs. George S. Adams, St. Marc; Anglo-American, do.; Moonlight, Cardenas; Right Bower, Galveston; Jona. Jacksonville; steamtug Robert J. Getty, New-York; schr. Wenonah, Cape Haytien. Schr. Samuel Wonson, at Gloucester, reports: On Sunday afternoon, in South Channel, fell in with schr. Concord, of Rockland, from New-York for Rockland, with a cargo of jute, waterlogged, and took off the Captain and two men, who abandoned the vessel. The mate had been knocked overboard and drowned. A part of the crew of the Samuel Wonson were put on board the wreck, and they brought her into Gloucester harbor.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 15—Arr. steamer Vicksburg, New-York; schrs. Wanella, New-York; Rachel Vanaman, New-York; A. E. Willard, Boston.

Sld. steamer Mariposa, for New-York.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 15—Sld. barks Campanero, for New-York; May Queen, for Rio Janeiro; Fille de L'Air, Liverpool; brigs Alice, St. Jago; Lizzie Daniels, Matanzas.

Schr. Kedron is ashore on Sewall's Point, and it is feared she has bilged.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 15—Sld. steamship North Point, for Baltimore.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 15—Arr., steamship Rebecca Clyde, for New-York.

Miscellaneous.

RETURNED.—Bark Maggie Reynolds, of St. John, N. B., Reynolds, hence for Sagua, cleared April 3. April 7, lat. 34 30, lon. 74 30, encountered a terrific gale, in which lost maintopmast and split sails, and was obliged to return for repairs.

Spoken, &c.

C. C. Warren—schr., hence bound S., 10 ds. out, March 28, lat. 22 30, lon. 59 26.

Roseau—bark, from Singapore for Boston, 143 ds. out, lat. 28 N., lon. 63 W.

Foreign Ports.

At Cienfuegos, March 22, barks Henry Flitner and Jennie Ellingwood.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 14.—The steamer Baltimore, Capt. Foeckler, of the Baltimore and Southampton Line, arrived at this port late last evening.

FAIRBANKS
STANDARD SCALES.
FIRST PREMIUM
TWO MEDALS.
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THE ACKNOWLEDGED STANDARD,
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE
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30,000 FRANCS.
HERRING'S PATENT
CHAMPION SAFES.
AWARDED THE PRIZE MEDALS AT
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WORLD'S FAIR......NEW-YORK.
EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE......PARIS.
AND
WINNER OF THE WAGER
OF
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At the recent International Contest in the Paris Exhibition.

The public are invited to call and examine the report of the Jury on the merits of the great contest, and see the official award to the Herring's Patent over all others.

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AMERICAN CONDENSED MILK.
340 per cent. more than
UNITED STATES CONDENSED MILK.
BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK IS AS MUCH MORE VALUABLE THAN other Condensed Milks as UNSKIMMED MILK is more valuable than
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EMPIRE, FLINT AND UNION SAND-PAPER,
No. 306 Pearl-st., between Beekman-st. and Peck-slip, New-York.

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"American popular men's furnishing and hat establishment" now open at VAIL'S old stand, No. 141 Fulton-st.; radical reform; wonderful success. Very best "New-York Mills" Shirts, $2 65; excellent Shirts, $1 75; good Shirts, $1 10; linen collars, $1 a dozen; novelties in scarfs, bows, gloves, &c., 25 PER CENT. LOWER THAN UNDER THE OLD SYSTEM. VAIL'S hats all reduced. No occasion to grumble about "dull times" here. Call and see the reason why.

KALDENBERG & SON,
Manufacturers of Genuine MEERSCHAUM GOODS, offer their NEW and EXTENSIVE stock at REDUCED PRICES. Repairing, boiling, silver mounting, &c. Ambers in the largest variety. No. 6 John-st., up stairs; No. 23 Wall-st., corner of Broad, and No. 717 Broadway. Circulars sent. Post-office Box No. 6,724. Prize awarded at the Paris Exposition, 1867.

PHILIP PHILLIPS & CO.,
NO. 37 UNION-SQUARE, BROADWAY, N. Y.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
SMITH'S UNRIVALED AMERICAN ORGANS.
Also, Manufacturers of SUPERIOR PIANOS and Publishers of SUNDAY-SCHOOL MUSIC.
Organs to rent by the month.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 279, April 15, 1868.
32, 60, 48, 20, 57, 21, 55, 66, 28, 40, 29.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 280, April 15, 1868.
26, 44, 19, 42, 46, 40, 77, 5, 12, 68, 27, 16, 65, 72.
PADUCAH—EXTRA CLASS No. 331, April 15, 1868.
75, 6, 57, 36, 66, 24, 46, 7, 74, 17, 12.
PADUCAH—CLASS No. 332, April 15, 1868.
72, 59, 14, 7, 69, 52, 4, 26, 21, 40, 61, 47, 51, 11.
Prizes cashed in Royal Havana and the above lotteries. Circulars sent free. Information given.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 78 Broadway.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.—Prizes paid in gold, information furnished, highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

A.—CIRCULARS AND INFORMATION furnished in all legalized lotteries. J. CLUTE, Broker, No. 176 Broadway; after May 1, No. 200 Broadway.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

THE STRUGGLE BEFORE US,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

WHO WILL BE PRESIDENT?
SEE THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

THE PRESIDENT'S DEFENCE,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

GOV. SEYMOUR AS A LIAR,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

ADJT.-GEN. THOMAS,
SEE THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

ARKANSAS—ALL HAIL!
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

AUSTRIA IN TRANSITION,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

MR. LYNCH'S GRADUAL RESUMPTION PLAN,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

WORDS WHICH ARE THINGS,
SEE THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

THE WILMOT PROVISO,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

Every Reader of the *Daily Times* should subscribe for the WEEKLY TRIBUNE to File.

THE GLENN-FREAR BRIBERY CASE,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

THE GEORGIA ELECTION—
GEN. MEADE'S ORDER,
SEE THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

CHARLES DICKENS—
HIS LAST READING IN BOSTON,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

NEW PUBLICATIONS—
DE TROBRIAND'S ARMY OF THE POTOMAC—
BOOKS OF THE WEEK,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

CO-OPERATIVE INDUSTRIES IN EUROPE,
SEE THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

GEN. SHERIDAN,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

MOTHER COUNTRY—A POEM,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

Those who have Lands for Sale should Advertise in the WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

LETTER FROM BAYARD TAYLOR—
FOREST CULTURE IN MIDDLE GERMANY,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

SCIENCE—REFINING SUGAR,
RESPIRATION OF ANIMALS,
A NEW SCIENCE, PYROGALLIC ACID,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

SONNET,
SEE THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

Every Person who has a Farm for Sale should Advertise in the WEEKLY TRIBUNE. Its Circulation is Greater than that of any other Newspaper.

TO MY NOSE,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

DOMESTIC NEWS,
FOREIGN NEWS,
GENERAL NEWS,
FOREIGN MISCELLANY,
THE DRAMA, POLITICAL,
LITERARY, RELIGIOUS,
SEE THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

THOSE WANTING TO PURCHASE FARMS SHOULD ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE.

THE FARMERS' CLUB ON
MANAGEMENT OF COWS,
WHAT AILS THE SHEEP?
WHAT A LAND-HUNTER SAW,
CODDLING MOTHS, CHICORY,
THE WHEAT CROP,
SHELTER FOR CATTLE,
KEEPING MILK IN HOT WEATHER,
IMPROVED HAY FORK BY A BOY,
GRUBS IN PLUM TREES, &c., &c.,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

CAUSES AND CONDITIONS OF DISEASE,
SEE THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN MARKETS,
IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE
OF APRIL 15.

DEALERS IN SEEDS AND PLANTS SHOULD ADVERTISE IN THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

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